Second Edition

Newport Daily News.

Second Edition

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 28, 1909.—TEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

OUR WHITE ENAMEL Stock was completed today and a beautiful showing it makes. Bureaus, and Princess Dressers, Chiffoniers and Dressing Tables of purest white, with Dressing Tables and Chairs to match. Bureaus are as low priced as $10.50, with Chiffoniers to match at $7.50, a price story that can't be told you anywhere else, if the goods are right.

ANOTHER LOT OF DOLLAR DINERS.

Scarce articles these days, a solid oak dining chair with finely woven cane seat, brace arms, and spindle back. This lot was unloaded from the cars Friday and already they've begun to go—$1.00, that's all.

A FEW MORE.

Three only of those round top dining tables—solid oak with 6 ft. extension at $7.50. Will you be one of the three?

Speaking of Dining things there was a beautiful Quartered Oak Buffet came in that car last week, with long mirror top, which we've priced at $18.50. Better see it.

A. C. TITUS CO., 225-229 THAMES ST.

Chinese and Japanese Matting.

We depend upon the greatest variety of patterns we are showing, combined with quality and low price, to recure your order.

Chinese Matting	2,000 yards small check patterns good matting for rough use, 15c quality per yard	9c
Chinese Matting	1,500 yards, extra heavy and strong wearing matting for dining room, chamber and hall, neat pattern 25c. quality yard	17c
Chinese Matting	3,000 yds of extra heavy jointless fancy Canton matting; the best quality imported, choice effect, desirable colorings, 45c value.	27c
Japanese Matting	2,500 handsome carpet patterns, green, red and blue, cotton warp, reversible, also plain white or with figure, 35c value, per yd.	22c

JOHN H. KAZANJIAN & CO., Tel. 85. Bellevue Ave. and Bath Road.

We are discharging another cargo of

Lykens Valley Stove,

Lorberry Red Ash Stove,

Lorberry Red Ash Nut.

The very best coals for summer cooking.
No ashes, no dirt and an even heat for baking.
Cheaper this month than next.

NEWPORT COAL COMPANY,

Phone 222. "WEIGHT GUARANTEED." Opp. Postoffice.

DELIBERATE AND BRUTAL MURDER.

Committee with Cold Design, Says Gregg for State.

Hains Witnesses Excluded, Except When on Stand.

FLUSHING, N. Y., April 28.—The opening address of the prosecution in the trial of Captain Peter C. Hains, Jr., charged with the murder of William E. Annis, was made today by George A. Gregg, formerly district at-

[Continued on Seventh Page.]

MARRIED BY THE MAYOR.

Miss Muriel White Becomes Countess Sehrr Thoss in Paris.

PARIS, April 28.—Dressed in a simple gown of blue voile, and wearing a large black hat, Miss Muriel White, daughter of the American ambassador to France, was married in the Mairie of the Eighth arrondissement of Paris today to Count Hermann Sehrr Thoss, an officer of the royal Prussian cuirassiers. The simple civil ceremony was performed in person by Roger Allon, the mayor. Only a few of the members of the families of the bride and groom were present. Countess Sehrr Thoss, the groom's mother, was not present, on account of ill health. Following the ceremony the mayor delivered a brief address, in which he expressed his good wishes for the pair, and referred to the distinguished career of the bride's father and the ties uniting France and the United States.

The wedding presents, which have come from America, Germany, France and Italy, were displayed at the embassy this afternoon.

ESTABLISHED 1862. TELEPHONE 79.

AN EXPRESSION

From some out-of-town buyers, and we do not think it unnecessary to repeat in our ad.

(We enjoyed our rug purchase in your store very much. We feel very free and satisfied to say that a person could hardly make any mistake in his selection, no matter what they purchased be it an Oriental or domestic rug, it will perfectly be justice to welcome in any home where exists desire for the good. Above all the prices are most satisfactory.)

That is the judgment of unbiased rug experts who have large collections in their homes now and whose verdict we cheerfully endorse with our solid guarantee.

THE KAZANJIAN CO. Kazanjian Building.

SIEGE SUSPENDED FOR A FEW HOURS.

Constantinople Rejoicing at Dawn of a New Era.

No Good Words for Abdul Hamid; Fetwa Published.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 28.—The fetwa, or official decision of the Sheik-Ul-Islam, authorizing the deposition of Abdul Hamid, has been made public. It embraces the questions put by parliament to the Sheik-Ul-Islam and his answer thereto. The text follows:

"What becomes of an Imam (the title of the Sultan of Turkey as head of the orthodox faith) who has destroyed certain holy writings; who has seized property in contravention to the sheri laws; who has committed cruelties in ordering the assassination and imprisonment of exiles without any justification under the sheri laws; who has squandered the public money; who, having sworn to govern according to the sheriat, has violated his oath; who, by gifts of money, has provoked internecine bloodshed and Civil war, and who no longer is recognized in the provinces?"

To this the Sheik-Ul-Islam replied: "He must abdicate or be deposed."

Not one of the Constantinople newspapers has a good word for Abdul Hamid, whose life and reign are being held up to universal execration. On the other hand, the accession of Mehemmed V is regarded as the dawn of a new era. In order to enable the public to indulge in rejoicings, a temporary suspension of the state of siege has been ordered until 10 o'clock tonight. The city will be illuminated, but fireworks have been prohibited.

The cabinet has been requested to remain in office some days longer.

A holiday was declared today to celebrate the accession of Mehemmed V. The Bourse, the banks, and all the public offices are closed. Half the people of the city are wearing badges of red and white, the colors of liberty, pinned to their coats with a six-pointed star.

News has been received today from Trebizond, Jerusalem and Smyrna, where the change in the Sultanate was greeted with great rejoicings. Numberless flags were raised and fol e-aho berless flags were raised in each city as a sign of satisfaction. It is anticipated that all the provinces will welcome the change in like manner.

UNBOUNDED ENTHUSIASM.

Mehemmed V's Accession Proclaimed in Tripoli by 101 Guns.

TRIPOLI, Africa, April 28.—The accession to the Turkish throne of Mehemmed V was proclaimed here at noon today by the firing of 101 guns. Unbounded enthusiasm prevails, among both the military and the civilians of all creeds.

STATE DEPARTMENT NOTIFIED.

Turkish Ambassador Gives Formal News of Mehemmed V's Accession.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The Turkish ambassador, Hussin Kiazim Bey, today, formally notified the State Department of the succession to the throne of Mehemmed Reschad Effendi as Sultan of Turkey, under the title of Mehemmed V.

Similar advices came from Ambassador Leishman at Constantinople.

Kiazim Bey, himself a member of the Young Turks party, with every evidence of satisfaction and of delight on his countenance, appeared early at the State Department with the information he had received from the ministry of foreign affairs, which he communicated to Assistant Secretary Huntington Wilson. The ambassador declined to make any comment on the situation as he came from Mr. Wilson's office.

It is presumed that during the day a despatch will be sent to Ambassador Leishman at Constantinople which in effect will contain a formal recognition by the American government of the assumption of office by the new Sultan. Following the receipt of this despatch it is probable that Mr. Leishman will call at the Yildiz Kiosk to pay his respects to the Sultan, and convey the expressions of good will from the President of the United States.

Some concern having been expressed as to the safety of Captain Ledbetter, an American, who is a captain in the Turkish navy, and commander of Abdul Hamid's royal yacht, the State Department telegraphed to the embassy at Constantinople making inquiry on the subject. The reply came that he is safe and well.

General rejoicing prevails at Trebizond, Turkey, at the accession of the new Sultan according to a despatch from American Consul Milo O. Jewett, at that place, who reports the district thereabouts undisturbed. The manner in which the deposition of Abdul and the accession of Mehemmed is received in the provincial districts is, after all, one which concerns the American government, as it is in these sections of the country where the missionary interests are generally. State Department officials reflect the European view on this subject, and share with them, to some extent, the fear that the new administration may have trouble in overcoming local prejudices.

RUSSIA OFFICIALLY INFORMED.

Will Probably Make Early Recognition of New Regime in Turkey.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 28.—An official despatch from Constantinople announcing the deposition of Abdul Hamid II and the accession to the throne of Mehemmed V was received at the Turkish embassy at midnight last night and was at once communicated to Foreign Minister Iswolsky, who in turn forwarded the message to Emperor Nicholas early today. It is expected that Russia's recognition of the new regime in Turkey will be made without delay, although no official steps in this direction have yet been taken. The Turkish embassy has been beflagged since early this morning.

The Turkish embassy denies the report of reactionary disorders at Erzerum. According to its advices, the situation in Asia Minor is improving.

In view of the circumstances at

[Continued on Ninth Page.]

LATEST NAVAL NEWS.

Orders to Officers and Movements of Vessels Reported.

(Special despatch to the News.)

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The following orders to officers were announced by the Navy Department today:

Commander R. F. Lopez, to command the Glacier.

Commander W. S. Hogg, detached from the command of the Glacier and ordered home.

Ensign E. A. Wolleson, ordered to the Tennessee.

Ensign C. W. Mauldin, detached from the West Virginia and ordered to the Vicksburg.

Ensign R. M. Farwell, ordered to the California.

Ensign H. Allen, ordered to the West Virginia.

Ensign C. S. McWhorter, detached from the Pennsylvania and ordered to the Vicksburg.

Ensign F. Russell, detached from the Tennessee and ordered to the Vicksburg.

Ensign J. S. McCain, ordered to the Pennsylvania.

Ensign W. C. I. Stiles, detached from the Charleston and ordered to the Samar.

Ensign J. B. Rhoades, detached from the Wilmington and ordered to the Cleveland.

Ensign G. W. Kenyon, detached from the Cleveland and ordered to the Wilmington.

Midshipman E. W. Todd, detached from the Samar and ordered to the Charleston.

Midshipman F. T. Stevenson, detached from the California and ordered to the Vicksburg.

Paymaster W. V. H. Rose, detached from the naval training station, North Chicago, and ordered to the New Hampshire.

Passed Assistant Paymaster E. S. Stalnaker, detached from the navy yard, New York, and ordered to the Chattanooga.

Passed Assistant Surgeon W. B. Smith, detached from the Helena and ordered to the Denver.

Passed Assistant Surgeon P. T. Dessez, detached from the Denver and ordered to the Helena.

The following movements of naval vessels were reported today to the department:

Arrived—Dixie at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania at San Francisco, Ajax at Norfolk.

Sailed—Marcellus, from Newport News to Guantanamo.

Lord.

AMERICAN SQUADRON AT KOBE.

Will Remain a Week and British Ships to Ancor at Yokohama.

TOKIO, April 28.—The American squadron has arrived at Kobe, where it will remain a week. The British squadron will anchor at Yokohama tomorrow.

WILL OF MRS. NETTIE SPRAGUE.

National and Providence Institutions Among Beneficiaries.

PROVIDENCE, April 28.—The will of Mrs. Nettie T. Sprague, widow of Charles H. Sprague, formerly of Wrentham, Mass., which was probated here today, gives $5,000 to the Home for Aged Men, $5,000 to the National Congregational Home Missionary Society, $2,000 to the Rhode Island Hospital, and $500 to the American Bombat Association.

USE CAMERAS AND DETECTIVES.

Women Patrol Chillicothe Polling Places and Several Arrests Made.

CHILLICOTHE, Ohio, April 28.—Interest in the local option election in progress today is intense. One hundred deputy sheriffs were sworn in to preserve order. Women temperance workers patrol in front of each polling place, and they employed detectives to prevent frauds. Every police officer of the city is in citizen's clothes, and is working for the "wets." Women are patrolling the front and rear doors of all saloons, and are using cameras. Miss Myra Powell was arrested by a city policeman and her camera was taken from her.

Rev. C. E. Eldredge, superintendent of the Cincinnati division of the Anti-Saloon League, was arrested today, charged with working for votes within 100 feet of the polling places. Several other "dry" workers were arrested on the same charge. Mr. Eldredge was released on bond. When J. D. Wilhegott, secretary of the local option committee, called at the jail to see Mr. Eldridge, it is claimed by the "Drys" that Wilhegott was refused admittance, and was assaulted by Chief of Police Pendergast.

Mayor Yaple and the city officials compose the "wet" organization in this city.

REFERRED TO THE JUDICIARY.

Brown Said People Ought to Express Opinion on Income Tax.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—When the discussion of the tariff was resumed in the Senate today Mr. Brown of Nebraska spoke of his resolution poviding for a constitutional amendment authorizing an income tax. He argued that the people of the several states should have the opportunity to vote on the question, in order that the validity of such a law might never be questioned. "We owe this to the people," he said, "because there has long been an earnest and determined demand for an equitable income tax." They had, he declared, accepted the decree of the court, and had become resigned to the fact that such a law was unconstitutional, but he claimed that Congress owed it to them to be given a chance to say whether the Constitution should be made to sanction a system of taxation approved by the majority of American citizens and by the economists of the entire civilized world.

Mr. Brown was interrupted by Mr. Rayner of Maryland, who insisted that Congress already had the power to levy and collect taxes on incomes, and that, even were the amendment to be adopted, it still would be necessary to have an apportionment.

The Nebraska Senator retorted that he was not so beside himself as to believe his resolution would meet the critical judgment of the Senator from Maryland.

Upon Mr. Brown's request, the resolution was referred to the committee on judiciary.

NO AUTOMOBILE OR TAX LEGISLATION.

Both Matters Referred to the Next Assembly.

Minimum Salary Act Passed in Modified Form.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, April 28.—There will be no new tax laws this year, and no amendments to the automobile bill to further ensure safety against scorching machines. The Republicans in conference this afternoon, after a brief discussion of these matters, decided to refer both to a committee of investigation as to needs, which is directed to report at the next session of the legislature. It is openly stated about the State House today that a corruption fund of $2,500 has been raised for the purpose of defeating the usury act, which has arrived in the senate.

The bill regarding the minimum pay of school teachers was again taken up in the senate today and passed in the form of substitute B. They differ somewhat from the original, but the minimum pay is fixed at $400.

In the senate the fight on the school tax was resumed by Senator Hoxie of Charlestown asking that the original bill be taken from the table, which when done, Senator Latham, who fought for substitute A yesterday, offered substitute B, which provides $400 as the minimum pay for school teachers, yet does not make it mandatory on the towns, giving them the option to accept or reject it. Senator Hoxie, who fought for substitute A yesterday, opposed B today, on the ground that it had not been approved by the committee. The bill was referred to the committee on education, and within five minutes the committee returned a recommendation of its passage. It was thereupon passed.

The usury act was received from the house and Senator Bennett of Woonsocket asked for immediate consideration. Senators Scott of Johnston and Hoxie of Charlestown objected. Then there was a discussion as to the operation or rule 40 in this case, whether one member could cause a bill to be referred by objecting to immediate consideration, and whether or not the rule had been repealed. The bill was referred to the committee. It was favorably reported by the committee to the house, and from that committee comes the statement that there is a fund to defeat it.

Senator Bowen of Providence introduced an act authorizing the governor to order the independent military commands to the state range for rifle practice, and providing that when so ordered the men be paid $1.50 a man and 50 cents subsistence. The officers shall receive the same pay as the men. The bill was referred to the committee on militia.

An act to validate the acts of Charles F. Chase was referred to the judiciary committee.

Acts in amendment of chapters 576, 733 and 10 of the court and practice act were referred to the judiciary committee.

An act was passed in relation to the rights of married women, giving them the right to secure support from the property of their husbands if the latter are in jail.

An act in relation to hospital tents was referred to the judiciary committee, as were an act in relation to the International Convention of Peace Delegates and an act in relation to the plumbing law of Providence.

An act appropriating $1,500 for repairs to the court house at Newport and an act in amendment of chapter 28 of the Public Laws were referred to the finance committee.

An act making an appropriation for the Rhode Island Stone Bridge was referred to the committee on finance.

An act in relation to coroners and medical examiners went to the judiciary committee.

The committee on finance reported an act appropriating $5,000 for the camp of the St. Joseph's hospital at Hillsgrove and it was passed.

Also, an act appropriating $1,000 for the purchase of land by the State Board of Charities and Corrections Passed.

An act appropriating $50 for the expenses of the state sealer of weights and measures was passed.

An act in amendment of the law relating to insanity and the indigent insane was amended so that an insane person has the right to be taken before a judge of the district court and the right to the full use of the United States mails. This will discontinue the practice of having persons committed to an insane asylum on the testimony of two doctors.

In the house the three amendments to the constitution, which have been so long in the hands of the committee on special legislation, were passed, and will be submitted to the voters at the state election in November.

An act authorizing the commissioner of banking to take over insolvent banks was passed.

Mr. Davis of Glocester, from the committee on finance, reported a resolution appropriating $1,500 for the suppression of the elm tree beetle and Mr. Spencer of Warwick, from the same committee, reported a resolution appropriating $1,500 for the suppression of the San Jose scale. Both were placed on the calendar.

Mr. Cutler of Providence, from the finance committee, reported an amendment to the automobile law, providing that the state board of public roads shall use any balance from the licensing of automobiles in the construction of roads. Speaker Burchard took the floor and asked for immediate consideration of the amendment, but Mr. Bliss of East Providence objected and the act went to the calendar.

Mr. Ralph of Cranston, from the judiciary committee, reported back an act relative to towns and cities regulating outdoor advertising, the so-called billboard act, and it went to the calendar.

An act regulating insurance companies operating in the state was also reported from the judiciary committee and placed on the calendar.

Mr. Holmes of Providence, from the finance committee, reported an act making an appropriation of $5,000 for

Continued on Fifth Page.

New York Life Insurance Co.

A. B. COMMERFORD.

General Agent.

218 Thames St.

Phone 9929.

FIVE ACRE FARM

On East Main Road,

Ask $4,000.

Dwelling and barns in good condition, fences and walls in repair. Excellent planting land, several young fruit trees.

Owner has gone away to reside and wishes it sold quickly.

Call, write or phone

Wm. E. Brightman,

164 Bellevue Ave.

Phone 5.

FOR SALE.

1 SURREY,

(Rubber Tires,)

1 TOP BUGGY,

(Rubber Tires,)

1 Light Double Harness.

ENQUIRE OF

Edward A. Brown,

Brookfield Farm.

MEANT TO KILL FALLIERES.

Monte Carlo Police Arrest Man Who Declared His Purpose.

MONTE CARLO, April 28.—A man named Verdier, who was arrested here today by the French police, declared that he is an anarchist, and that he had come to Monaco for the purpose of killing President Fallieres of France, who is at present visiting here. A revolver loaded with jacketed bullets was found on Verdier, as well as a letter addressed to the prefect of the Department of Alpes Maritimes, in which the man explained the motive for his contemplated act.

Verdier comes from Haute Garche, and the police believe he is insane.

President Fallieres arrived here yesterday in an automobile from Nice, and he and the members of his party were given a hearty welcome and entertained at luncheon by the Prince of Monaco.

A fine lot of

TURKEYS,
DUCKS,
ISLAND ROASTING and BROILING CHICKEN,
WESTERN SPRING LAMB and MINT,
VEAL and all kinds FRESH VEGETABLES

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MARLBOROUGH MARKET,

H. H. BARKER.

Tel. 77.

George E. Vernon & Co.,

Makers of Fine Furniture,

UPHOLSTERERS

—AND—

DECORATORS.

91 John Street,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Keep in Mind

the fact that a joyous disposition is gained by good living.

Every table supplied with Coggeshall's meat is spread with princely fare.

No town in America has a larger proportion of good cooks than Newport, and most of the good cooks here stand by our meats.

F. B. Coggeshall, 2 Washington Sq.

The BEE HIVE.

A Timely Telling of news concerning handsome Tailored Suits, stylish coats, newest Dress Skirts and fashionable Waists.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS.

The collection of newest models in tailor-made Suits is now at its best. Every costume is an artistic production and prices very reasonable from

$9.75 to $37.50

SPRING COATS.

We have never invited you to inspect a more complete or comprehensive showing of the very latest styles from

$3.95 to $16.50

DRESS SKIRTS, Exclusive Styles.

Style, fit and hang—these are three of the strong features of our dress skirts. The other two features are quality and price—from

$2.75 to $13.50

FASHIONABLE WAISTS.

The waist section is ready for business and a more creditable line of fine waists in all of the most popular styles has never been shown in Newport. Prices

50c to $9.75

WASH SUITS and LINGERIE DRESSES.

We sell twice as many perhaps three times as many Wash and Lingerie Suits as the average Newport store. That's a conservative statement and a fact with a reason behind it. Superior garments at inferior prices is the reason. Mark what we say and let us prove it. We have hundreds of these suits in scores of styles, in a dozen different fabrics at a price from

$2.50 to $27.50

COMMUNION DRESSES.

Just arrived a large and choice variety of Children's White Dresses especially suitable for Communion services.

HESS-LEYS CO.

This Morning's News.

THE NEW SULTAN'S WISH.

To Work With the Assembly for the Country's Welfare.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 27.—Tonight martial law has been relaxed and the entire populace, with wild enthusiasm, is celebrating the crowning triumph of the Young Turks party and the end of the reign of the despot christened by Gladstone "Abdul the Damned." Thousands of buildings are illuminated and the soldiers, in their joy, are firing round after round of salutes, the fusillade rivalling the din of a big battle.

In the general celebration of the new order of things, which came more speedily than any one had expected, Moslem and Christian are fraternizing with the utmost freedom, the universal rejoicing wiping out for the time being all lines of caste, religion or prejudice.

"I am pleased to become the first constitutional sovereign," said the new sultan to representatives of the Assembly. "Doubtless my successor will improve upon me, but you may rely on my doing my best. I, too, have suffered oppression and can therefore enter into the feelings of my fellow sufferers. Let us endeavor to work together for the welfare of the country."

Abdul Hamid stolidly received the notice of the Sheik-ul-Islam that the end of his reign had come.

"It is the will of Allah," was the deposed despot's comment.

The ceremonies connected with the transfer of the power were simple. The newly chosen ruler came from his palace in Galata through streets lined with troops and cheering thousands and took the oath at the war office. He then proceeded to the Parliament and later went to the Top Kapou Palace to kiss the prophet's robe, returning to the Dolmabagtsche Palace, where for so many years he had practically been a prisoner, as the head of the empire.

The question of the new cabinet has not been settled, but it is thought that Ahmed Riza will be Grand Vizier, while some of his associates probably will be Hilmi Pasha, the former premier, as Minister of the Interior, Djavid Bey as Minister of Finance and Rifaat Pasha as Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The Sheik-ul-Islam, supported by all the principal personages of the higher church administrations, issued the fetva, as the decree of deposition is called. It informed Mehemmed Reshad Effendi that he was chosen Sultan by the will of the church, the will of the Parliament, the will of the Army and the will of the people. It admonished him to serve God and to keep the sacred law as communicated by the prophet. This Reshad humbly promised to do.

At a secret sitting of the National Assembly in the morning the decree was read. It declared that Abdul Hamid II must abdicate or be dethroned. The Assembly unhesitatingly shouted "Dethrone him."

A deputation, consisting of two Senators and two Deputies, thereupon visited the palace at Yildiz and communicated to the Sultan the Assembly's resolution. Abdul Hamid replied:

"I expected this; it is fate. My only wish is that the lives of myself and family may be safeguarded and that I may reside at the Palace of Cheraghan, as I wish to die where I was born."

A similar deputation proceeded to the Dolmabagtsche Palace in Galata and informed Mehemmed Reshad Effendi of the nation's wish. The newly proclaimed Sultan replied that he was bowed to the will of the people.

Later the Assembly debated the question of where Abdul Hamid is to live in the future. The suggestion that he be allowed to travel abroad was strongly opposed, on the ground that it might cause complications. It was finally decided that he must remain in Constantinople.

The title of the new Sultan, "Mehmed," is a variation of "Mahomet," it being considered by the Moslems inappropriate for anyone, no matter how high his station or how great his authority, to assume the precise name of the prophet. Mehmed V. is the thirty-fifth sovereign of Turkey in male descent of the house of Osman, the founder of the empire, and the twenty-ninth Sultan since the conquest of Constantinople.

NEW HAVEN ROAD IN DANGER.

Stock Control Might Have Passed into Harriman's Hands.

BOSTON, April 27.—Timothy E. Byrnes, vice president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, at a hearing before the legislative committee on railroads at the state house today declared that the Molen road favors a Massachusetts holding company for the Billard stock in the Boston & Maine, as proposed by Governor Draper in his special message to the legislature.

The gravity with which the situation is regarded was shown several times today by statements made at the state house that, unless the New Haven had stepped into the breach to protect its own interests at the time it bought the Boston & Maine stock now held by Mr. Billard of Meriden, Conn., that stock would by this time have passed into the hands of parties outside of New England, and, in all probability, would not be held by E. H. Harriman. This, it was said, would have placed the New Haven road itself in jeopardy, as it might have been possible to obtain a controlling interest in that company's stock, thus leaving New England at the mercy of a foreign transportation company.

SCOTT HAS STRICT ATTENTION.

Indifferent Whether Senators Retired to Lobbies or Conversed.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—"Mr. President, I do not wish the Senate called to order," said Senator Scott, upon beginning his speech on the tariff today, when Vice President Sherman undertook to maintain quiet in the chamber. "I do not expect this argument to change a vote," added Mr. Scott, "and consequently I am entirely indifferent whether Senators retire to the lobbies or indulge in conversation, because I do not care whether they listen to my remarks or not."

"The chair does care," replied Mr. Sherman.

Mr. Scott's remarks were listened to by many Senators, who gave him strict attention.

Senator Scott, who is one of the oldtime rock ribbed protectionists of the country, declared that he spoke from the standpoint of its effect on the South in general and on West Virginia in particular. He submitted an interesting series of statistics to show the progress made by West Virginia and the South along many lines of industry, and declared his own belief that if it had not been for the benefits of the protective tariff system his state would today be a wilderness, instead of one of the most thriving industrial centres of the country.

Mr. Scott insisted that when Congress is through with the construction of a new tariff law "we will not have nearly so good a bill, in my judgment, as the present Dingley law." He said his section of the country has profited from the tariff in the past, and will profit more in the future.

BILLS IN CONFERENCE.

This is the Stage Where the Important Tricks Are Done.

Past Illegal Legislation—A Useless Court—The National Game—Aldrich and Low Duties.

[Washington Correspondence of the News.]

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Many an important trick has been worked recently when a bill was sent to conference for the adjustment of differences between the Senate and House. The average reader is doubtless puzzled to know how this could be done. Take the tariff bill which is now before the Senate and which has been amended hundreds of times because the members of the finance committee did not think the ways and means committee of the House had fixed certain duties satisfactorily. It is probable that before the measure passes the Senate the western Republicans may succeed in having adopted further amendments desired out in that section which are displeasing to the managers of the bill. Eventually the bill is going into conference. There will be blockings and much delay in all probability. Senators and Representatives will be anxious to have Congress adjourn. The weather will be warm. Then the conferees who have the situation in hand will knock out various amendments that have been fought for hard in both branches, and in the confusion incident to the close of the session the managers will get their work in, and the cussing will be heard next season.

In the years gone by amendments have been slipped into bills while they were in conference. This is not in accordance with the rules and regulations of Congress, but all the same it has been done. The demonetization of silver in 1873 was brought about in this way, as has been charged hundreds of times in the debates in both the Senate and House by the opponents of the single gold standard. Former Senator Stewart of Nevada for years harped upon "the crime of '73," as he was fond of calling it. As Stewart has since gone over to the gold standard plan of finance, the old man has a case of dry grins if one reminds him of how savagely he used to denounce "the crime of '73."

The court of claims which was organized for a purpose, continues to send its findings to Congress apparently to no purpose. The lawmakers practically pay no attention to decisions of this court. Nearly all of the items in the big omnibus claims bill which was held up in the House during the last session by direction of Speaker Cannon and the other Republican members of the rules committee were passed upon by this court. The tribunal was created with the idea that its decisions would be accepted by Congress and money appropriated for the claimants. This is a very expensive court to maintain, considering that its work amounts to so little. It is not the fault of the judges, but of Congress.

Mr. Taft has attended a base ball game. He is the first one of the Presidents who has given his endorsement to the national game by going out to the grounds and encouraging the players. The "fans" were delighted beyond measure that the head of the nation should have put in an appearance. He evidently was induced to see the game by Vice President Sherman, who for many years has been a base ball enthusiast. President Roosevelt attended regularly the football games that were played between the teams of West Point and Annapolis academies, but never base ball games.

Senator Aldrich contends that if the pending tariff bill does not produce enough revenue for the needs of the government Congress will simply have to reduce the appropriations. But his idea is that if the new law is given a fair show it is more than likely that enough money will be forthcoming, especially if there is a revival of business, which he believes most people expect after tariff agitation is over. He is positively opposed to lower duties, because he thinks such duties would pile up a surplus in the treasury that would be worse for the country than a shortage. His opponents do not agree with him on this point. Many who want more revenue will tell you that then the proper improvement of the waterways would be possible and that the present generation would not have to die off before the rivers and harbors benefit commerce.

Senators and Representatives whose terms commenced the fourth of March have been appealed to by thousands of people to send them flower and garden seed. They have not been able to comply unless they managed to beg a limited supply from older members for the reason that the seed for the present year's distribution was allotted to Senators and Representatives whose terms expired March 4. It was practically all sent out before these statesmen retired.

Charles W. Arthur.

BASE BALL.

National League.

At New York—Boston 10, New York 9.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 3, Brooklyn 2.

At St. Louis—Pittsburg 7, St. Louis 5.

American League.

At Boston—New York 4, Boston 3.

At Chicago—Chicago 1, St. Louis 0.

Eastern League.

At Providence—Providence 7, Buffalo 4.

At Newark—Rochester 10, Newark 2.

At Jersey City—Jersey City 4, Montreal 3.

At Baltimore—Baltimore 8, Toronto 2.

New England League.

At Fall River—Fall River 4, Lowell 3.

At Lawrence—Lawrence 5, Worcester 4.

At New Bedford—New Bedford 14, Lynn 5.

At Haverhill—Haverhill 5, Brockton 2.

PROFESSOR PICKERING AND MARS

Professor W. H. Pickering, director of the astronomical observatory of Harvard University, does not incline to the theory that Mars is inhabited, and does not, therefore, take any active interest in plans for signalling to that planet. A few years ago Professor Pickering said that if signals were to be flashed from the earth to Mars it would be necessary to have a mirror that would cost some ten to twelve millions of dollars. This remark, intended, Professor Pickering says, to show the impracticability of the project, seems to have been misunderstood, inasmuch as newspaper editorials from various parts of the country indicate that the impression has gained ground that Professor Pickering was planning inter-planetary signalling.

Crawford Cooking-Ranges

Have More Improvements than all others combined! No other Ranges have these Features:

1. Single Damper (patented), worth the price of the range. One motion controls fire and oven. Saves fuel. Regulates the heat exactly.
2. Cup-Joint Oven Flues. They don't leak heat. They insure better baking.
3. Patented Duck-Ash Grates. They afford a steadier fire—one that will keep over night. They save fuel, time and trouble.
4. Reliable Oven Indicator. Entirely protected from the smoke and steam of the oven.

Made by Walker & Pratt Mfg. Co., 31-35 Union St., Boston

A. C. TITUS CO., NEWPORT AGENTS.

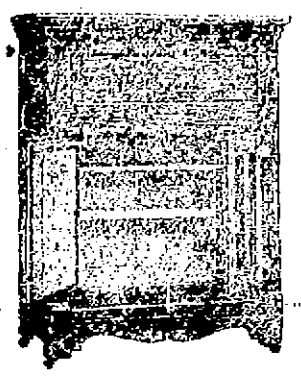
A PROPERLY KEPT LAWN

Looks well, and greatly adds to the appearance of your place. It is an easy matter for you to have a TOWNSEND MATCHLESS LAWN MOWER to work with. A high wheel, ball bearing machine, has five revolving blades, two cutting constantly. Long frame evens the lumps and hollows. Runs light and is easily and accurately adjusted. Keep sharp and it will actually improve with use, and outlast the cheap machine many times.

The TOWNSEND PREMIER is a low wheel ball bearing machine, having four blades with the same accurate adjustment. Made of same material and with the same first-class workmanship, and is second only to the "Matchless." A trifle lower priced.

Lawn Rakes, Rollers, Edging Knives,
Garden Line, Forks, Hoes and Spades,
Pea Brush, Bean Poles and Scrags.

WM. B. SCOTT & CO.,
8-10 BROADWAY.



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ODORLESS COLONIAL REFRIGERATORS.

The most complete line we have ever carried in the twenty-five years we have sold them. Last year we increased our sales nearly twenty per cent. This year we have an improved Refrigerator and shall increase over last year. Have you used one of our

Odorless Colonials?

They are solid oak, nickeled hardware, with patent drip trap, and are the handsomest Refrigerators in this city. They sell themselves.

MARDEN'S, Cor. N. Y. Yacht Club Wharf.

LAWN MOWERS.

Before purchasing a LAWN MOWER see my stock. I carry such well-known makes as "Townsend Essex" ball bearing, "Pennsylvania," Triumph," and if you want a cheap mower use the "National," nothing better made for the money.

Always in stock GARDEN BARROWS, SPADES, GARDEN FORKS, LAWN RAKES, GARDEN RAKES, EDGING KNIVES, PRUNING SHEARS, HEDGE SHEARS, BORDER SHEARS, RUBBER HOSE, TREE PRUNERS, etc.

S. W. COGGESHALL,
201 THAMES STREET.
Successor to ALEX N. BARKER & CO.

NO. 20 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

Yes, that is the number, 20 Bellevue Avenue

FIRST BEACH LAND CO., NEWPORT, R. I.
Edward T. Harrington Co., of Boston,

Have opened a NEWPORT OFFICE at the above address for the convenience of the PEOPLE of NEWPORT AND VICINITY, where PLANS and DESCRIPTIONS of the real estate offered by them may be seen.

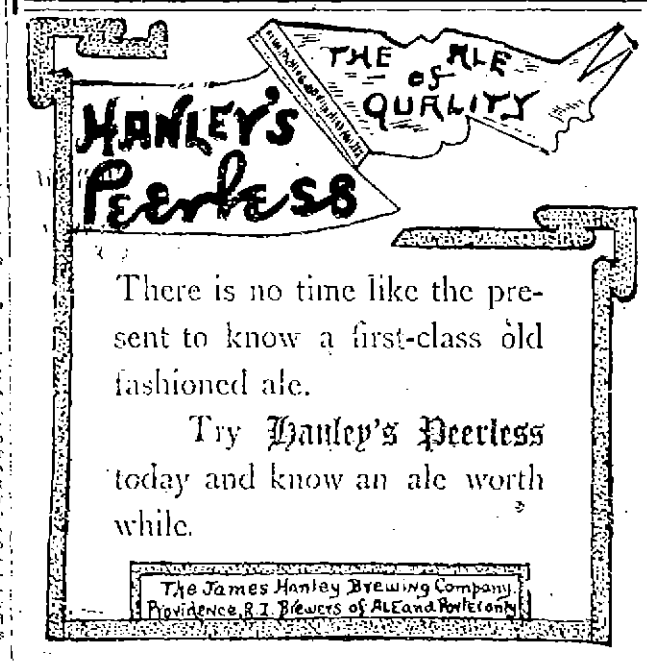
BEAUTIFUL LOTS

Are to be disposed of upon the VERY SMALL PAYMENT of **$25** DOWN and **$5** PER MONTH, WITHOUT INTEREST or TAXES until paid for.

PRICES from **$100 to $575.**

More than $100,000 Worth Already Sold.

Drop in and see their local representative, Mr. Wm. H. Draper.



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UNITED STATES HOTEL
WULF PETERSEN, PROP.
Steam Heat. American Plan.
Special Rates for the Winter.
Comfortable Rooms—With or Without Meals.
266 THAMES STREET.

Cleveland House
27 Clarke Street.
New and Modern in every respect.
For permanent or transient guests.
SPECIAL RATES BY THE WEEK OR MONTH.
Cornelius Moriarty, Prop'r.

WATER.
Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 6 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Bargains for Thrifty Housewives.

To make room for new goods in our "Home Goods" department we are making sweeping reductions. This is a genuine opportunity to save money.

112-PIECE DINNER SET.
Neat pattern, good quality, pure white. 112 pieces $6.00

A BEAUTY.
White and gold Dinner Set, with fine floral border, imported china. 112 pieces $17.25.

WHITE ENAMEL WARE.
Clean and sanitary, fine for camps, boats, etc. Large stock, low prices.

BREAD and CAKE BOXES.
Brown and white enamelled, all sizes.

OIL STOVES.
1, 2 and 3 Burners, 65c, $1.30 $1.95.

TOILET SETS.
8 to 12 pieces, new designs, beautiful patterns, from $2.50

JAP'ESE GRASS SATCHELS
Size No. 1, Regular Price 25c. now 20c.
Size No. 2, Regular Price 40c. now 25c.
Size No. 3, Regular Price $1.00 now 60c.
Size No. 4, Regular Price $1.35 now 75c.

STRAW SHOPPING BAGS.
40c. value, now 25c.

TELESCOPE SATCHELS.
Regular $1.50 value, now 85c.
Regular $1.00 value, now 60c.
Regular 75c. value, now 45c.

KNITTED SHOPPING BAGS.
Were 25c. to 40c., now 10c. ea.

Clothes Wringers, Carpet Sweepers, Carpet Beaters, Mops, Wash Tubs, Pails, Baskets, Bread Mixers, Water Coolers, Brooms, Scrub Brushes, Cash Drawers, Ironing Boards, Nickel Ware, Enamel Ware, Tinware, etc.

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THE GEO. A. WEAVER CO.

The 1909 Ford Touring Car.

Four cylinder, five passenger, 100 inch wheelbase, magneto ignition, a handsome, powerful, speedy, reliable family car, built by Henry Ford who has built more cars than any other manufacturer and has never designed or built a failure. Twenty-five thousand successful cars bearing the Ford imprint are in use today and are just so many testimonials of Ford success. The assurance that goes with an established reputation is your assurance in buying a Ford.

It's the same old $2,000,000.00 company, the financially strongest company in the business, and the same organization that the world has learned to know and trust as builders of automobiles that satisfy and please their owners, so don't hesitate, place your order now, for spring delivery, and remember that if you buy a Ford you can't go wrong.

CONROY GARAGE COMPANY,
ANNANDALE ROAD, NEWPORT, R. I.

PYRO-ETCH BRASS WORK.

This is a new and interesting work for everyone.

Outfits $1.00.

Designed and Undesigned Brass Pyrography Outfits and Goods.
Oil and Water Color Sets and Materials.
Pastels and Wax Crayons.
A fine line of School Supplies.

GEO. H. CHASE,
33 & 35 Broadway. 'Phone 644

Colonial Paint

IS
Pure Linseed Oil and dryer, 39 per cent.
Pure carbonate of lead 38 per cent.
Pure oxide of zinc. 23 per cent

(According to state chemist analysis)
Full measure. Sold by

JOSEPH GRAHAM, 68 & 70 Spring Street
Interior Decorator. Wall Papers.

Middletown Crusher.
Crushed stone screened to size, clean path gravel. Nothing better for cleanliness. Sand and gravel furnished masons. Estimates given for all kinds of McAdam road work.
PECKHAM BROS. CO.
Tel. 1715-4. P.O. Address, Newport, R. I.

Dennis Shannahan,
HAY AND GRAIN
AGENT FOR H. O. HORSE AND DAIRY FEEDS OF ALL KINDS.
Commercial Wharf.

THE TRADES.

A. C. KNOWLES, Jamestown, R. I.
Carpenter and Builder.
Jobbing of all kinds neatly and quickly done.
Alva Painting. Paperhanging and Kalsomining.
We want your work. City or Country.

Chas. M. Hughes,
Carpenter and Builder.
General Jobbing a Specialty.
Residence 7 Francis St. Tel. 1355

Daniel J. Mahoney, Mason Work
I will give you an estimate to take down your old ceilings, replacing them with new ones, or concrete your cellar, repairing your chimneys, tiling bathroom, fireplaces, vestibules, etc. Jobbing of all kinds attended to.
Residence 19 Pond Avenue.

ALEXANDER NICOL,
Carpenter and Builder.
Although I have the contract to build the new Mumford School, I stand ready to figure on your work, and to all my customers who have stood firmly by me. I am at their call with prompt notice for anything they may want done. Telephone 1643.
Residence and Shop 26 Newport Ave.

Lincoln Hamnett Co.,
AGENTS FOR
Welsbach Reflex Lights,
Genuine Welsbach Mantels
At all prices.
Estimates cheerfully given on Plumbing, Heating and Electrical Work.
32 MILL STREET.
Tel. 346.

ALEXANDER BOOTH, BUILDER.
Cement Walks, Plain and Ornamental Tile Setting.
Estimates given on all kinds of stone work.
Residence 543 Spring Street.

BANISH PLUMBING WORRIES.
The next time any part of your plumbing refuses to work, springs a leak or needs repairing or replacing, take the shortest cut to satisfaction and PEACE OF MIND by phoning or consulting
T. B. Connolly,
Contracting Engineer.
Plumbing Heating and Ventilating
A large supply of pipe fitting and valves of every kind always on hand.
339 THAMES STREET,
Perry Mill Building.
Phones—Office 189. Residence 1515.

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Electrical Contractor,
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R. L. OMAN, JR., & CO.,
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All kinds of Mason Work, Brick-Laying, Plastering, etc., at short notice and lowest prices.
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MASON CONTRACTOR.
Mason Work in all its branches. Brick Work, Cement Work, Tiling, Plastering, etc. Tel. 1173.
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ALEX. J. FLUDDER,
MASON WORK
In all its branches.
Draining & Plumbing work a Specialty.
Dealer in first quality Akron Drain and Sewer Pipe
Grease Traps, Chimney Flue Lining
Extra Heavy Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings
Iron Cistern Covers and Frames.
Stable and Yard Traps, etc.
Telephone connection 928 Chapel Place.

Monuments.
J. B. COTTRELL,
Warner St., Oppo. Island Cemetery.

Let us Show you the Merits of
Crawford Boilers.
Steam or Water
CLARK & BRIGGS,
15 Mary Street.
Telephone 1118, 1511.

M. J. MURPHY,
AGENT FOR
Studebaker Bros. Mfg. Co.,
Has on hand a large stock of Farm Wagons and Carts. Also several second hand wagons. Tel. Con.

HENDERSON BEQUEST ACCEPTED

Gibbs Avenue Sewerage Recommendation Defeated.

Repairs for Broadway and Spring Street Pavement at Last Provided For.

The Representative Council held a special meeting Tuesday evening, and tho it was not as largely attended as usual—in fact, there was a wait for a quorum—the Council showed that, either in large or in small numbers, it is a representative body and can be depended upon to do pretty nearly what it thinks is right. Plain ordinary common sense marked its way and when it had finished some things had been done.

The Henderson bequest was accepted and steps taken to provide for trustees to carry it out. The committee on covering the Gibbs Avenue section made a partial report, which was voted down, the Council evidently fearing the bottom figures before entering business. The Board of Aldermen asked for $2,500 additional for repairing the City Hall, and the board felt authorized to do what it already had a right to do, make repairs where repairs are necessary. A step was taken in the matter of charging taxes to estates which is in accord with the efforts to keep up the tax collections. The Council was not averse to remitting taxes but felt that charging to estates does not seem right. The matter of playgrounds for children received one of those jolts which are effective when given in that way. The committee of ten on the methods of doing business was given $100. The long delayed matter of the repairs to the Broadway and Spring Street pavement, which two successive Committees of Twenty-Five had neglected, was treated in a business-like way and was provided for.

When the appointed hour had arrived the prospects of a quorum were small and Chairman Burlingame waited five minutes before he had the roll called. In all 36 names were responded to. For the first time there was no quorum present, and some who had been waiting for that event looked wise, just as though it had not happened to other bodies before. The members continued to drift in and early P. H. Horgan was received with applause; he made the quorum. This was at 8:17, and business at once began, with the reading of the minutes and the advent of the mayor and Board of Aldermen.

W. O. Milne, of the Third ward, was sworn in.

The communication from Mayor Boyle in regard to the Henderson will, with papers relating thereto which explained the matter, was taken up and the mayor's letter read. It explained briefly the matter to be acted upon, and was accompanied by communications from H. J. Wall, president of the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, in regard to the will, with the list of securities in which the funds are invested. A copy of the will accompanied the papers and Mayor Boyle said the tenth clause was the one which interested Newport and this was read. It has already been printed. Chairman Burlingame asked if any one wished to hear the list of securities read, but no one did.

Accompanying the papers was a resolution prepared by the city solicitor, accepting the bequest and agreeing to carry out its provisions as laid down in the will. This resolution was accepted; that is, it was received, in order to come before the Council for action.

Mr. Dyer objected to the passage of the resolution *before discussing it*, as some wished to speak on it.

Mr. Pitman said that, while every one was grateful to Mr. Henderson for its generous bequest, there would not be the same unanimity in regard to the matter of the city's handling the bequest. He offered an amendment which provided for the acceptance of the bequest but not the appointing of the trustees, leaving that matter to the courts and providing that the sinking fund commissioners should hold the funds until the appointment of trustees.

Mr. Vaughan thought the amendment was foreign to the question, and the chair said it was a question if the amendment agreed with the terms of the will.

City Solicitor Levy said that under the will the Home would come anyway. If the city accepts, the City Council, or Representative Council, must appoint or elect trustees; if the city does not accept, the court will appoint trustees. The city must accept the gift as it is made in the will or reject it; it cannot modify the conditions.

After some talk Mr. Murphy moved to lay the amendment on the table and the chair as usual ruled that that meant laying the resolution on the table. He suggested a vote on the amendment, which was taken and the amendment was lost. The resolution as prepared by the city solicitor was then passed and the city had accepted the Henderson bequest under the terms specified in the will.

This matter came up again later, after other business had been transacted, when Dr. Brackett suggested that action should be taken looking to the election of trustees and the chair said it seemed to be in order. Dr. Brackett proposed that the city solicitor draw up an ordinance in regard to the matter. The chair suggested that a committee of the Council be appointed to have the ordinance drawn, making provisions for the handling of the funds, the election of trustees, etc., and Dr. Brackett moved that a committee of five, with the chairman, be appointed to do this work, with the aid of the city solicitor.

Mr. Pitman moved to amend by having this committee present a list of candidates for trustees. This was strenuously objected to by J. B. Sullivan, as being contrary to the spirit of the charter and as creating what would undoubtedly be an undesirable precedent. The amendment was lost, after some more talk, 64 ayes to 22 nays, and then the resolution as amended was adopted.

Mr. Cotton, by unanimous consent, introduced a resolution authorizing the Board of Aldermen to contract with the Newport Hospital for the care of Newport poor sick in accordance with the terms presented to the Committee of Twenty-Five, and the resolution was passed.

A communication was received from the Board of Aldermen, reciting the cost of the repairs to the City Hall. The board had estimated that it could make repairs for $5,000 and the Council appropriated $2,500 to make the repairs as specified by the board. It was claimed that either the full sum should be voted or the board given permission to do as much of the work as can be done for $2,500. It was impossible to do all the work for $2,500. There were two resolutions, one appropriating the additional $2,500, the other directing the board to proceed with the work, doing as much as possible for the $2,500 already appropriated.

Continued on Tenth Page.

STATE'S COAST SURVEYED.

Board of Army Engineers Goes Over Proposed Route of Inland Waterway.

The board of army engineers which was recently designated by the War Department to make a survey for the construction of a continuous inland waterway, as far as possible, along the Atlantic coast from Boston to Norfolk, made an observation trip over the proposed route, in their state today.

The board, which consists of Colonel William M. Black of New York, Lieutenant Colonel Edward Burr of Boston, Lieutenant Colonel James C. Sanford of this city, Major Joseph Kuhn of Norfolk and Captain Lewis H. Rand of Wilmington, Del., met in Providence this morning, and took the train to Wickford, and from Bissel's cove followed the proposed inland waterway along the Rhode Island coast to Watch Hill in automobiles. This proposed course has already been staked out with flags and the trip today is for the purpose of deciding upon the practicability of the route.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The meeting of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, held with the president, Mrs. Eunice Greene, Tuesday afternoon, was well attended. The first numbers on the program were the repeating of a Psalm and the Lord's Prayer in concert and a solo by Mrs. Richard R. Macomber, "Does Jesus care." Mrs. Towle, president of the Union at Togus, Maine, where is one of the national homes of the soldiers, made an address, which although it was about an hour long was too short to tell the interesting story of her labors in the department of prison and almshouse work. She has been in this work eight years since the death of her husband without compensation, and for six years of that time has had services in the jail 51 times each year. Mrs. Towle is also president of the 16 counties in the state. Mrs. Towle's 72 years have not abated her vigor of body or mind. A delightful afternoon was spent in her company. Refreshments were served and a hymn sung in conclusion.

A surprise party was given to Mr. and Mrs. Isaac L. Fish, Jr., Monday evening.

There were seven tables at the whist at Oakland hall. Mrs. Harry Curtis, Mrs. George Brown, Mr. Lewis Tallman and Mr. Alfred Mott took the prizes—a belt, a collar, a book, "The Fighting Chance," and a memorandum book.

The Tuesday Evening Club had a pleasant meeting. A salad supper was served, whist, games, music and dancing being enjoyed.

A number of poultry owners in the north part of the town lost some last week, among them Messrs. C. C. Chase, W. F. Drayton and Andrew Chase. The last named had just bought some valuable fowl, which were taken.

Dogs were among the geese of Mr. Jacob Marx recently, killing one and biting several others. The dog was seen, known and shot at.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Dennis were guests at the Artillery dinner in Newport.

Rev. Caleb H. Hodges, pastor of the Friends Church at Clifton-dale, N. Y., will conduct a series of special religious services in this town, beginning Friday of this week and continuing until May 10. The services will be held at different times, in the morning, afternoon or evening and sometimes all three each day, and variously at the Friends, Methodist Episcopal and Union churches. Next Sunday evening there will be a union meeting of the three churches.

CHINESE WOMEN.

[Chicago News.]

There is a growing desire on the part of the young of both sexes in China to choose their own mates. Fathers and mothers are therefore called upon by the Chinese to uphold the old rules. Children, says the Chinese board of education, should have nothing to do with such matters. However, a very grewsome picture is sketched by a native editor of the miseries that abound in China on account of the way in which marriages are arranged, and it is contended that young people should be allowed to have some choice. The board of education also maintains that the "three obediences" and the "four virtues" must be extolled. The "three obediences" are: The daughter must first obey her parents, then her husband and then her son. The "four virtues" are, chastity, proper language, devotion to household work and proper demeanor. Apparently, if the present trend of things is allowed, these old rules will be ignored. The Chinese assumption that a woman must not be heard of outside the door of her own house is now being criticised by up-to-date Chinese editors.

PERSONALS.

....Mme. Schumann Heink, the singer, has left Hamburg for New York, having cancelled her remaining spring engagements in Germany, France and Belgium on the advice of her physician. The doctor advised rest before the singer begins her autumn engagements in the United States.

....In commemoration of the completion of 25 years of work in bacteriology and pathology performed by the Carnegie Medical Laboratory, Andrew Carnegie has given $75,000, which will be applied to the building of an extension to the laboratory fronting on East Twenty-Sixth street, New York.

....Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, who with her husband is visiting the Hot Springs, Va., and who has been seriously ill with pneumonia is reported convalescent. The fact that Mr. Rockefeller has been indulging in his favorite sport of golfing during the past few days is taken to mean that his wife's condition has passed the alarming stage.

....Miss Mary A. Joy died at Great Works, Maine. Miss Joy, who was born in 1825, the daughter of Ivory and Lucy Joy, was blind from infancy. When she was 2 years old she was stricken with whooping cough, which left her blind, she attended school, and, of her sight, she attended school, and, by listening to the other pupils, obtained her education. Miss Joy could repeat any verse in the Bible. She was very familiar with local history and saved clippings of local happenings from her childhood.

....Instead of remaining in Europe through next winter and traveling up the Nile in the spring to meet the former President, Mrs. Roosevelt will return to this country about November 1 and spend the winter months at the family home at Sagamore Hill. Mrs. Roosevelt, with three of the Roosevelt children, Miss Ethel, Archie and Quentin, will sail for Europe about July 1, and will spend a month with Miss Carow, Mrs. Roosevelt's sister, at her villa near Rome. Thence they will go to France, on a trip planned especially for Miss Ethel's benefit.

In the face of the popular belief that April has been abnormally cold, Forecaster Smith, chief of the Boston Weather Bureau station, dares to come out with the statement that, contrary to public belief, April has been materially warmer than the average.

A Hat For Mid-summer.

Flowers will be more used than ever this year, not only in clusters, but in great masses over the crowns of big mid-summer hats. This wide-brimmed shape of white chip straw is fitted with black satin and the entire crown is covered with bunches of white snowballs and silk poppies in soft rose pink. The little silk mantles, or shoulder wraps, will take the place of the ruches and ruffs worn last year.

COST OF WALL STREET GAME.

Brokerage Business Has Done Its Share in Filling the Roster of American Millionaires.

[Everybody's]

For all of the exchanges in the United States the amount of money tied up in speculation will not average less than $500,000,000. A five per cent interest charge against this amount costs the patrons of the brokers the tidy annual sum of $40,000,000. We have already determined that the annual expense of maintaining the brokerage and commission houses is $70,000,000 for New York City and $100,000,000 for the United States; therefore we find that the banks increase the load which our speculative friends must shoulder to the picturesque total of $140,000,000—and we have not yet paid our brokers a penny of profits.

The total of the profits accruing to the 2,000 or more brokerage and commission houses of the nation must remain a matter of conjecture, but I submit a conservative estimate framed from conclusions which are endorsed by experts who have made a close study of this question.

The brokerage business has done its full share in filling the roster of American millionaires. For every man who has made a fortune by speculation, Bradstreet gives the ratings of 50 men who have handled orders on commission. It is a matter beyond dispute that the business is enormously profitable. The mere fact that a membership on the New York Stock Exchange is worth $80,000 is ample proof of this statement.

In 1905 and 1906, when the speculative boom was at its height, and when it was not uncommon to witness transaction of from 1,000,000 to 1,500,000 shares of stock a day on the New York Exchange, there were a number of large concerns which netted daily profits of from $3,000 to $10,000. Despite the extravagance of A. O. Brown & Company, there were days in which their profits neared the 4,000 mark, and practically all of such profits were made from commission paid by customers.

There are a score of Wall Street houses that make from $150,000 to $300,000 annually in years not marked by lessened speculation due to financial and industrial depression. There are hundreds of other houses that are disappointed with returns which fall below such figures as $125,000, $100,000, and $75,000. It seems reasonable to assume that there are 2,000 speculative firms in the United States with an average net income of $20,000 each. Every consideration tends to prove that this is an ultra-conservative statement, yet it implies that our speculative friends must dig down into their pockets for another $40,000,000 before they can hope to extract dividends from the quotations which are manufactured for them on the various exchanges.

The approximate annual cost of the speculative game to those who patronize brokers and commission men in the United States is thus indicated in this recapitulation:

Operating Expenses of Speculative Firms	$100,000,000
Profits to such Firms from Commissions Paid by Customers	40,000,000
Paid by Customers to Banks on Interest Account	40,000,000
Cost of the Game	$180,000,000

Let there be no misapprehension concerning the nature of that total of $180,000,000. It does not imply that this is the gross amount of loss sustained by those who speculate in Wall Street and elsewhere. It has nothing to do with that. This $180,000,000 is a fairly accurate statement of the size of "the kitty." It is the subsidy contributed by the public for the privilege of gambling in stocks and bonds. It is about the amount all of them would lose if the game were conducted perfectly fairly, and if no professional gamblers were admitted to seats at the table, dealing from cold decks and playing with marked cards.

This minimum of loss presupposes that no such thing as a manipulated market ever exists. It takes no account of all the devious tricks of the game; it ignores the well known fact that hundreds of concerns of pretended respectability actually are bucket shops; it assumes an ideal condition of square speculative gambling which never existed and which never will exist.

If readers wish to know what our speculative friends really lose in a normal year, they will arrive at a not exaggerated estimate by multiplying $180,000,000 by three, and then adding a be... for good measure—but a consideration of the methods by which this result is obtained is not within the scope of this branch of the subject.

The official records of the New York Stock Exchange show that about 136,000,000 shares of stock were traded in last year. These figures are not reliable as forming a basis for an accurate estimate. Many of them are records of matched orders, or "wash sales," as they are called, made for the purpose of bringing about fictitious advances or declines.

On the 198,000,000 shares recorded last year on the New York Stock Exchange, there should have accrued to brokers a commission of 25 cents each—12½ cents for sales and the same amount for purchases—making a commission charge of $49,000,000 for one of New York's five Exchanges. The Consolidated Exchange does an enormous business, and its members receive their toll of millions. Accurate figures are not obtainable from the commodity exchanges, and I have not at hands the reports from the stock exchanges of other cities, but the commissions for the nation constitute an item surely in excess of $140,000,000, and interest charges increase this to $180,000,000 or more.

This marshaling of facts and statement of inevitable deductions must not be construed by the reader as an attack on the legitimate functions of stock and commodity exchanges. It is intended as a partial exposure of evils which have developed to such an extent that they overshadow the useful and honorable utilities of these great and necessary institutions.

The abolition of lotteries, the legal restraints which have been imposed on race-track gambling, the aroused moral sense which has placed a ban on games of chance and which has decreed that those on both sides of the green cloth are lawbreakers—these and other established reforms have tended to divert the passion for gains won by taking risks to the one channel which remains, viz: gambling in the fluctuations of securities.

The New York Stock Exchange was founded for a high and honorable purpose. The same is true of the New York Produce Exchange, the Chicago Board of Trade, and other institutions for co-operative trading and the determination of values in accordance with recognized codes of business and in conformity with the laws of supply and demand. Such exchanges serve admirably the producer and the merchant. They have a valid function to the investor in railroad and corporation securities, and are indispensable in facilitating the massing and distribution of capital required by large commercial enterprises. They have performed a vast and creditable part in the development of the resources of the nation, and the mind cannot grasp the extent of the field of usefulness which lies before them.

Speculation under the advancing of margins has developed into open and undisguised gambling. It has been conducted by gamblers for gamblers. It has nothing to do with the scientific adjustment of values. Instead of aiding the investor, it frequently deceives, defrauds, and robs him. The deplorable thing is that these operations are concealed beneath the cloak of respectability furnished by exchanges founded for an entirely different and a worthy purpose. It is equally lamentable that our statute books contain enactments which have been distorted to validity this vicious outgrowth.

No man of mature judgment will join in a crusade intended to annihilate stock and commodity exchanges, but there is a great and growing national sentiment which demands that a line shall be drawn between investing and gambling. It is a sentiment destined to acquire a resistless momentum and to institute reforms of lasting benefit to the nation.

Nothing is more clearly writ than the edict: "The gambler must go!" He has been driven to his last stand—the respectable shadow of exchanges chartered by law for worthy purposes.

OVERTAXED.

Hundreds of Newport Readers Know What It Means.

The kidneys are overtaxed;
Have too much to do.
They tell about it in many aches and pains—
Backache, sideache, headache,
Early symptoms of kidney ills.

Urinary troubles, diabetes, Bright's disease follow.

A Newport citizen tells here the way to keep the kidneys well.

Mrs. A. P. Freeborn, 15 Caleb Earl Street, Newport, R. I., says: "I was distressed almost constantly by backache and often it seemed as though my back was going to break. I felt tired out. I could hardly get up or down stairs at times on account of the misery in my back. Doan's Kidney Pills procured from Wright & Hay's drug store acted like magic in my case and the use of two boxes did me a wonderful amount of good in every way. The backache was relieved, my kidneys were strengthened and there was a noticeable improvement in my general health. Nothing affords me greater pleasure than to give Doan's Kidney Pills my endorsement."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

COMPLAINT OF THE CONVALESCENT.

[Geraldine Meyrick, in Life.]

When you're sick in bed of something,
And hate the sight of food;
When the tinkle of a teaspoon
Is torture to your mood;
Nurse will come to you at intervals
That haven't any length;
And it's "Eat this all now, quickly,
For you must keep up your strength."

But when you're really better,
And your appetite is fine;
When your chief and only longing
Is substantially to dine,
Nurse will bring you something sloppy,
After ages, ages long;
And it's "Just a little, slowly,
For you know you are not strong."

Oh, it may be she's an angel—
I have thought she was, myself;
But now I am so hungry—
Is there nothing on the shelf?
I want some cheese and crackers,
Or a slice of cold mince pie;
And it's "You may have some jelly,
Lemon jelly, by and by."

FANCIES.

A good backbone is better than a big wishbone.—[Life.

"How Tillie's clothes hang about her! Why, they don't fit her at all."

"But think how much worse she would look if they did!"—[Life.

Hobbs—Oh, well, we all have our faults.

Stokes—Yes; and we prefer to be our own fault finders.—[Philadelphia Record.

Customer—I want Lincoln's Gettysburg address.

New Clerk—There's the directory over in the corner, sir—look it up for yourself.—[Cleveland Leader.

"There is never any discord in your family."

"No," answered Mr. Meekton, "not exactly discord. But there is some mighty 'close harmony.'"—[Washington Star.

"Henry Peck, you're a fool!"

"You didn't seem to think so when I was single!"

"No, you never showed what a big fool you were until you married me!"—[Boston Transcript.

Tommy—Pop, doesn't the Bible say that all flesh is grass?

Tommy's Pop—Yes, my son.

Tommy—Then why don't you shave with a lawn mower instead of a razor?—[Philadelphia Record.

Countryman (to doctor)—Think I hain't well, doctor. The more I eats the less I wants folks.

Doctor (impressively)—Ah, yes, of course. You see everything you eat flies to your stomach.—[Punch.

"A man who is the architect of his own fortune should get a great deal of comfort out of life."

"But he doesn't as a rule," answered Miss Cayenne. "He's too busy building additions."—[Washington Star.

"So you're feeling perfectly well again, and never touched the medicine I gave you, eh? You made a grave mistake, Mrs. Tibbs, a grave mistake."

"How so, doctor?"

"Why, if you'd taken my medicine, you'd have known what cured you, and as it is, you haven't the least idea."—[Life.

Seabury's Shoe Styles for Spring

The Season's newest effects in Black and Tan Oxfords and Suede Ties are here.

Beginning **Monday, May 3,** our Store will be open on **Monday, Wednesday** and **Saturday** evenings.

T. M. Seabury Co.

Even the water used in preparing Olney Goods is filtered, softened and sterilized, thus promoting purity and preserving tenderness.

The label is your guarantee.

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We Make a Specialty of Starch Work.
All our shirts are starched and ironed by hand.
Work called for and delivered to any part of the city.

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—AT—
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Remember this is not the short weight (10 oz.) package of seedless (not seeded) raisins being offered in this market. This store never did take very kindly to short weight and short measure.

We offer a full (16 oz.) pound package

Ensign Brand New Seeded RAISINS, 8c. package.

And guarantee them to be equal to any seeded raisins sold anywhere at any price. It's just a bargain, get some while they last.

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AGENTS AND BOTTLERS,
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A FEW BARGAINS.
ALL NEW ARRIVALS.
Evaporated Apricots, 2 pounds for 25c
Fancy Evaporated Peaches, 3 pounds for 25c
Fancy Prunes, 4 pounds for 25c
Seedless Raisins, 5 cts a package
Sunflower Seed, 3 pounds for 25c
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Gum Camphor,
The lowest price for many years.
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MAPLE SYRUP.

New goods received direct from the Maplewood Sugar and Syrup Co., Morrisville, Vermont.

Try the Soft Grain Maple Sugar for eating with a spoon, cooking or confectionery purposes.

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Only the Best Quality of
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Such as Genuine Lykens Valley, deep red ash, Lorberry red ash, Susquehanna, Wilkesbarre, Lehigh, etc.
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JAMES J. LYNCH & CO.,
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GLUTEN FEED.
MOLASSES FEED.
OIL MEAL
All Great Milk Producers.
H. L. MARSH CO.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS.

Published every afternoon except Sunday.

Office, 207 Thames Street,

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News, $6.00 a year. 12 cents a week.
Journal and Weekly News, $2 a year.

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Publisher's Residence, 18 High St.,	322

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for two dollars a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as new.

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Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week and are allowed fifty-two changes a year. Legal notices, auction sales, amusements, cards, wants and lost and found are not included in space contract.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

Newport Daily News

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 28, 1909.

EXCLUSIVE ASSOCIATED PRESS SERVICE FOR NEWPORT.

TEN PAGES.

THE SEWERAGE PROPOSITION.

The report of the special committee on the sewering of the eastern slope of the Second ward may or may not have proposed the best plan for the work. The presumption is that, if we are to have a pumping system, the plan suggested by the committee was a proper one. In the development and growth of the city the section must some time be made a portion of the sewer system. A large part of the opposition to the proposed plan is that the money asked for the pumping station and main sewer is not the entire cost of the system and large sums must later be spent to build lateral sewers to connect houses now built or to be built with the main sewer. In no plan presented to the Representative Council has any mention of this fact, or of the probable cost of completing the work, been submitted. When the full cost of the system is known the Representative Council will undoubtedly vote the money to complete the system.

CHURCH FEDERATION.

A new era in Christian unity seems to be marked by the convention of Rhode Island churches held in Providence this week. All Christian churches, of every sort of creed, including the Roman Catholic, were invited to participate and something less than a score were represented in the convention. The meetings were held in two widely different church edifices, those of the morning and afternoon in the Mathewson Street Methodist Episcopal, a modern structure with all the accessories of the new church life, and those of the evening in the "Old Round Top," or Beneficent Congregational, a notably quaint, ancient and venerable edifice, yet having an evidently up-to-date church organization. Perhaps the two churches were selected to emphasize the new and old in church life.

In holding this convention Rhode Island shows itself in advance of most of the other states in the Union, yet is not alone. One speaker from another state spoke of a stronger denomination finding a place which a weaker was unable to hold, and putting in a man to work and build it up in order to turn it over to the weaker when the latter was able to go on with it. The speaker said an opposite course would have been "highway robbery," and the convention was heartily in sympathy with that view. This is the spirit which it is hoped to create and foster in Rhode Island, that of one or more larger denominations helping the weaker to do their work, in spite of denominational differences. It is not expected that a complete unity of the different denominations can be effected by this convention, but a long step has been made by the gathering of representatives of so many and so widely varying creeds and dogmas. A closer feeling of fraternity among the churches must have been brought about and there are hopes for even better things in the future.

HEALTH EDUCATION.

The most progressive municipal health departments are engaging in educational work on a considerable scale as a part of their legitimate duties, in the endeavor to prevent disease and protect the people from unsanitary conditions. A notable example of this new departure in health education is furnished by the Chicago board, which by its intelligent work of this sort has within a few years reduced to an astonishing degree the number of deaths in that city from preventable diseases; that is, diseases which are due often, if not always, to unsanitary conditions or to lack of even the most general care of personal health. This board believes that much can be accomplished in its work by educating the people, giving them information regarding the nature of diseases and the best way to protect one's self and one's neighbors from them, the necessary care of patients and many other matters which are important in this connection. The results of its campaign of education show conclusively that its belief is correct and its efforts are wisely directed and beneficently successful.

In this educational work the board uses every legitimate method which commends itself, such as talks at public gatherings, the daily press, trade publications, leaflets, street car advertisements and a variety of ways of disseminating knowledge on the subject of personal and public health. These are not perhaps often used for this purpose but are proper mediums of information between the board and the people and could be employed in part or in whole by the health department of almost any place, large or small. Heretofore most boards of health have been content to do their regular work and have not bothered much, if at all, with educational efforts, and probably in many cases have not regarded such work as a part of their duties. That view is passing and the belief is spreading in health departments of cities that this feature of educational work is one of the most important at their command.

This work is made much easier than might appear possible because of the increasing interest which the people themselves are taking in the matter of private and public health. The effect of the special attention to this matter on the part of medical men and philanthropic societies is manifested in greater attention to the subject by all classes of people. Of course it is difficult to awaken much enthusiasm among those who live under such conditions that sanitation and health protection are almost if not wholly impossible, but even in those quarters something is being accomplished to make the people understand what might be and ought to be and can be done to a limited extent to preserve health and prevent disease. Among those who are promoting efforts to protect the health and to secure conditions which will serve to maintain it much progress has been made in the awakening of a real interest regarding matters of healthfulness and sanitation.

A campaign of education such as is now being made by a number of boards of health is what is needed to further stimulate that interest and encourage the people to take care of themselves and to try to prevent the inception and spread of disease. It calls personal and general attention to the matter in such a manner as to make it practically impossible for the people to forget what they ought to do, and tells them plainly and simply how to do it, and so inspires throughout the community an effort to improve and preserve the public health. It would be well if in every community the health authorities would prosecute some such work as this, which would lead to the education of the people as to the need of greater attention to individual and public health and sanitation and the best methods of conserving that important condition.

THE TERMS OFFERED THE SULTAN.

It is not likely that the late Sultan was able to save seven or eight million dollars a year during the entire period of his reign, and the report that the terms on which the Constitutionalists offered to permit him to remain on the throne included a demand that he turn over $250,000,000 of his private fortune to the empire probably included one or two ciphers which crept into the sum demanded in the course of transmission by telegraph.

The remainder of the alleged demands were reasonable enough, and eminently proper. The demolition of the walls around the Yildiz Kiosk, the removal of the palace guards and the substitution of a body guard of only 165 men, to be relieved daily by details from various regiments, would render it impossible for the Sultan to exercise any physical control over the government, to intimidate the parliament or to support himself in defiance of the reformers.

To execute the Sultan would give a tremendous shock to the Moslem world, even though done by Moslems, and would probably precipitate outbreaks by Turks all over the empire, compared with which the recent horrors or even those of 1894-6 would be trifles. To depose him was far more simple. He ascended the throne through the deposition of his brother, and his brother was advanced to the throne by the deposition of their uncle, Abdul Aziz.

The palace guard ought to be eliminated for a reason similar to that which moved one of his predecessors to massacre the janizaries. These were palace guards, but like the old Pretorian Guard at Rome they became too powerful for the monarch, and he had them slaughtered. Abdul Hamid has maintained a palace guard which was too much for the Constitutionalists. They were compelled to defeat it by arms but they have not massacred it. They cannot, however, afford to allow another one.

It is to be hoped that the income from the Henderson fund will be sufficient to support the institution when established, but it is doubtful. The fund, if conservatively invested, cannot be made to yield more than from $3,500 to $4,000 a year, which is not large when the possibilities of the cost of the Home are considered. Newport already has too many establishments whose slender funds must be helped out every once in a while by rummage and candy sales, for the community to look with favor upon an increase in the number. A judicious combination of like institutions would be a wholesome move.

It is an excellent sign of the times that the judges of the courts are putting heavier penalties, either in fines or imprisonment, on reckless automobile drivers. It has cost many lives and serious injuries to innocent people to bring this about, but the time has come when automobilists must be made to understand that some of them are criminally reckless and must pay a severe penalty.

Richard Croker returns to England after a pleasant sojourn in this country, and announces that nothing in the world can ever tempt him back into the game of politics. He has had his fill, and knows when he has had enough.

The Broadway and Spring Street pavement must be repaired, and the action of the Representative Council in voting an appropriation for the work will be universally commended.

It is hardly favorable weather for May parties and rather chilly for May Queens, but there may be an improvement before Saturday.

The appropriation of $100, asked for by the Committee of Ten for expenses, was almost too much for the Representative Council.

Little Rhody is again safe—she has a militia.

THE MAY MAGAZINES.

The May Century has fiction a plenty—the last chapters of Alice Hegan Rice's novel, "Mr. Opp," and stories in which humor is the dominant note by Mary Heaton Vorse, Adelaine Knapp and W. Albert Hickman—but leading place is given to Thomas Nelson Page's story, "The Old Planters," a tale of a quaint old hostelry in Virginia, and of the quaint old aristocrats who played host, and of the guests who came and went.

A wide range of matters much in the public mind is covered in the number: William M. Ivins, chairman of the New York charter commission, in a paper on "Public Service Commissions," comments on Frederic W. Whitridge's paper on "Public Morality and Street Railways" in the March Century; Christian Brinton gives critical estimate of the two great Spanish painters whose work is being shown in this country, Sorolla and Zuloaga; "The New Basis of Work for the Blind" is discussed by Samuel H. Bishop; Daniel Gregory Mason has recorded a conversation on music with Ossip Gabrilowitsch; and Cardinal Gibbons and Professor Edward Alsworth Ross have much of interest to say on America's increasing divorce rate and its significance. There is a graphic account by Edward Beecher Bronson of "Big Game in East Africa," based on facts and incidents of the writer's experience while a guest of Mr. William Northrup McMillan, the young American who is preparing to entertain ex-President Roosevelt at Juja farm, near Nairobi, the centre of the big game country of British East Africa. Not the least interesting and important article of the number is the narrative of how, in less than six years, 358,000 American farmers have pulled up stakes in "the states" and moved to free homesteads in the Canadian Northwest. That story is told in "The Last Trek to the Last Northwest," by Agnes C. Laut, author of "The Conquest of the Great Northwest," who has traveled through all the territory of which she writes.

The burden of our changing social order falls upon our daughters, claims the Woman's Home Companion for May, and this magazine shows by striking examples and figures how topsy-turvy is our way of training girls. In this same issue is an article by Margaret Sangster, showing that the millionaire mother is by no means as black as she is painted. Mary Heaton Vorse, in her own inimitable style proves that if we are fat it is our own fault. In more serious mood is a trip through the Metropolitan Museum of Art with Sir Caspar Purdon Clarke as guide. This valuable article is illustrated by exquisite reproductions of famous paintings. Other articles of interest are "The Art of Economy," by Mrs. John Van Vorst, and "The Commuters of New York," by Albert Bigelow Paine. "An Imperial Wraith," by Clara Morris, contains charming reminiscences of the Empress Eugenie. "Lucy Green," a friendless 11-year-old girl, tells how she went to Boston penniless, in search of a job, and how she got one.

"Afraid" is a story in Zona Gale's exquisite style; "Hearts and the Highway" has Cyrus Townsend Brady's usual swing and dash, and "The Four Adventuresses" is another story by Hulbert Footner. This issue is distinguished by two features—a poem entitled "The Grandmother," by James Oppenheim, and a full-page drawing by Harrison Fisher, showing Margaret and Gerard, from "The Cloister and the Hearth."

RHINOCEROS A BAD FOE.

[Edgar Beecher Bronson in the Century.]

While easily stalked, the rhinoceros is a dangerous customer, as most men will agree who have hunted him, especially Benjamin Eastwood, chief accountant of the Uganda Railway, who was nearly trampled to death by one with the actual loss of an arm above the elbow. If the rhinocerous gets one's scent, he almost invariably charges, often, probably, from sheer curiosity; but that does not make him any the easier to dispose of.

Moreover, he runs and turns at a speed inconceivable in a beast of his vast bulk. Against his massive, sloping head the heaviest bullet is a mere fleabite, leaving no possibility of a stopping shot except with a hard-nose ball sent fairly into the heart through the chest. An alternative is to stand absolutely motionless, when with his bad eyesight, there is a possibility he may mistake you for a tree, and veer past. Indeed, the best ruse in the crisis of any charge is to stand fast and still; for even the unwounded lion sometimes swerves in his charge and retires before a man who has the nerve to wait his coming.

PLAGUE CURE STIRS EXPERTS.

Some of the most eminent physicians of England, including the doctors of the king, have agreed to make a severe test of what the discoverer, William Doig, claims is a cure for tuberculosis. For 10 years past Mr. Doig has been treating, free of charge, persons suffering from tuberculosis of the joints, and, according to the evidence of various hospital physicians, he has had considerable success. Last year he tried his treatment on a patient suffering from tuberculosis of the lungs under the observation of a well-known London physician. This case has been certified as cured, a fact that had much to do with making the thorough test as planned. It has been decided to take six consumption cases from the London hospitals and allow Mr. Doig to treat them under the closest observation.

The Doig treatment endeavors to draw the disease from the lungs to the surface, it is said. A ray of inflammation is set up from the surface of the skin to the lung by means of chemical heat. The pus travels to the surface through this ray, which is kept open, and the pus is drawn out until the lung is clear.

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

Provisions of the New Bakery Inspection Act.

Centredale Mill Controversy Compromised—A College Bureau of Self-Help.

A bakery inspection act, amended so that the work of inspection shall be carried on as a part of the duties of the office of the state factory inspector, instead of by a special bakery inspector, as provided in the original bill, has been introduced in the senate by Senator W. M. P. Bowen of Providence. To make it possible for the factory inspector's office to care for the extra duties which the act would place upon it, the bill provides that an additional deputy shall be appointed at a salary of $1,500, the amount now paid to each of the other inspectors. An extra appropriation of $300 for expenses for the office is also provided. The bill goes much farther than the bill which was killed some time ago, in that it not only provides for the inspection of all bakeries, confectionery and ice cream manufactories, but also provides for the inspection of any premises upon which bread or other products of flour or meal are prepared for sale as food. As a means of paying the expenses of inspection, the act provides that all wholesalers shall pay a license fee of $10 a year, and all retailers a fee of $3. It is provided that the act shall take effect upon its passage, provided that any existing business affected by its provisions may be carried on without the license mentioned until August 1, 1909, and in case application for the license is made before June 1, 1909 and is not acted upon by such inspector prior to August 1, 1909, such business may be carried on without such license until said application is acted upon.

Bonn & Co., operators of the Greystone mills, near Centredale, who have been in controversy with the federal authorities nearly ever since they started business, about two years ago, over an alleged violation of the alien contract labor laws, have agreed to compromise if promised immunity from further prosecution. They were permitted to bring with them from England a number of expert workmen when they began operations in Rhode Island, but complaints have been made from time to time that they were not properly observing the law against the importation of alien labor. The company, it is understood, now stands willing to pay the government $1,000 each for the four men under the ban provided the prosecution will be dropped. Their proposition has been placed before the government officials.

President Faunce of Brown University has announced that he has appointed a committee from the faculty to aid students in finding employment in the city during their college course. He said it would be called a bureau of self-help, and that it would co-operate with the college Young Men's Christian Association employment bureau in finding positions for students needing them. He further said the committee would need the co-operation of students for whom positions were obtained, that employers in the city would have confidence in the students as workers. He also announced that there would be a change this year in the requirements for Rhodes scholarship examinations. A student who desires to take the examination for admission to Oxford on the scholarship need not be prepared in Greek. Providing, however, that he procures the appointment, he must study Greek and pass an examination in it before taking up his residence at Oxford.

The corner-stone of the John Hay Memorial Library at Brown University will be laid with formal exercises Friday afternoon. The program will open with a university procession, followed by the singing of the hymn, "All people that on earth do dwell." President Faunce will make an address on behalf of the corporation and faculty, Chancellor Arnold B. Chace will follow with a statement from the building committee, Charles E. Hughes, Jr., will speak for the students and William C. Lane, librarian of Harvard University, will represent other universities. After the singing of "Domine Salvam Fac," Harry L. Koopman, librarian of Brown University, will deposit the documents in the corner-stone and Rev. Thomas D. Anderson, D. D., secretary of the corporation, will lay the corner-stone. The exercises will be concluded with the singing of "Alma Mater."

Eugene J. McLaughlin, until about six years ago a well known telegrapher in Providence, died Monday in Las Vegas, New Mexico. As yet the particulars of his death have not been received, but from recent letters to his sister, Miss Mary E. McLaughlin, it is thought it was caused by lung trouble brought on by a heavy cold contracted after a severe attack of the grip. Mr. McLaughlin was on his way from Denver, Col., to southern California when he became ill and stopped at Las Vegas. Mr. McLaughlin was born in Providence about 33 years ago. About six years ago his health began to fail, and on the advice of his physicians he left for the West and settled in Denver, Col., where he had been since. He was sent to San Francisco after the earthquake to straighten out telegraph matters, but returned to Denver, where he remained until his recent departure for California. Miss McLaughlin is the only surviving member of the family.

The election of ex-Lieutenant Governor Frederick H. Jackson to represent the Providence Board of Trade as a delegate to the Lake Mohonk Conference on International Arbitration, May 19-21, and the giving of authority to the chairmen of the new industries, publicity and transportation committees to take such steps as they deem expedient to raise funds for the use of those committees, were two leading items of business at the meeting yesterday of the board's executive council. An invitation from the National Municipal League to the Board of Trade to become a member of the league was referred to the finance committee with power to act. An invitation from the National Irrigation Congress to send a delegate to the meeting in Spokane, Wash., August 9-14, was referred to the president, with power to act.

Station Agent James Donovan at Woonsocket had barely time to make his way out of the Providence & Worcester Railroad station of the New York, New Haven & Hartford road Tuesday afternoon when a fire gutted the inside and basement of the structure. Before he left the building Donovan secured most of the tickets, together with the cash draw. The fire started in some unknown manner. An adjoining brick building was damaged by smoke and water, but the quick work of the firemen prevented the blaze from spreading further.

Rev. John A. Mitchell, pastor of the Berean Baptist Church at Harrisville, has received a unanimous call to become pastor of the Baptist Church in Braintree, Mass. He will probably accept, as the Braintree church is much larger than his present one. Mr. Mitchell has been pastor at Harrisville about two years, and has been an active member of the Burrillville Federation of Churches, being secretary of that body.

Caleb Benjamin Tillinghast, former editorial writer, author and state librarian of Massachusetts since 1883, died Tuesday at the Massachusetts Homeopathic Hospital in Boston. He entered the [illegible] and failed steadily since, although the operation was pronounced a success. Mr. Tillinghast was born in West Greenwich, in this state, April 3, 1843.

DIRECTOR NORTH AND THE CENSUS BUREAU.

In 1903 S. N. D. North was appointed Director of the Census. George B. Cortelyou had been secretary of the newly created Department of Commerce and Labor only a few months, and the census bureau, in which Mr. North had occupied a subordinate place for four years, had been, almost up to that time, an independent bureau, under the supervision of no cabinet officer. Almost immediately friction between the new secretary and the new director developed.

Frank H. Hitchcock, then chief clerk of the department, and now Postmaster General, experienced no little difficulty in obtaining from Mr. North that loyalty and subordination which were contemplated by the organic law of the department. Mr. North, who had been employed as an assistant to Senator Aldrich in the preparation of the Dingley tariff bill, had many friends in Congress, and the friction between himself and Mr. Hitchcock never came to an open rupture.

When Oscar S. Straus became Secretary of Commerce and Labor he sought to exercise over the director of the census that supervision imposed on him by law, but finally abandoned the effort, telling some of his associates that the director was so strongly entrenched with Congress that he deemed it unwise to cause an open rupture; and that he was clearly aware of the fact that his efforts to control the course of the director without such open rupture would be entirely futile.

The first conflict between Secretary Nagel and the director of the census came when the secretary sought to have Congress curtail the power delegated to the director in the pending census bill, and the director, it is alleged, in violation of a definite executive order, appeared before the census committee of the Senate without permission from his superior and offered testimony in contradiction to the representations made at the direction of Secretary Nagel.

Having become convinced that the director was wilfully insubordinate, and that he regarded his influence with Congress as sufficient to relieve him from the necessity of heeding the admonitions of his superiors, Secretary Nagel caused a secret investigation of conditions in the census bureau with the result that he was able to lay before the President an appalling array of charges, which he accompanied by a demand for the resignation of the director, a request to which, it is understood, the President has acceded.

"BLIND READERS" IN POSTOFFICE SERVICE.

That there are some first class "blind readers" in the postal service besides those in the dead letter office, was evidenced recently when a letter mailed at Abbeyville, Ga., and bearing no other address than "Sky of Tufts, U. S. A.," was delivered promptly to the person for whom it was intended. The postmaster at Abbeyville sent the letter through to Tufts College, Medford, Mass. Familiarity with the students had taught the postmaster of the college postoffice there that "Sky" was the nickname of Irving Tolles, a junior at his fraternity house, and he admitted at once that the letter was intended for him.

THE WEATHER.

BOSTON, April 28, 8 A. M.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity—Fair and somewhat colder tonight; Thursday, fair, with slowly rising temperature; light westerly winds; minimum temperature tonight, 30 to 34.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Rain has occurred during the past 24 hours in all districts east of the Mississippi river. In the upper Missouri valley, northern Rocky mountains and on the Northern Pacific coast, with snow at some of the northern points. Today there is considerable cloudiness over the country, but generally without rain. There is a slight disturbance off the southern New England coast, and another over the lower St. Lawrence valley. Over western and Rocky mountains the barometer is low. The temperature continues moderate in all sections. In New England at 8 a. m. it ranged from 32, in northern Maine, to 42, in southern parts. At New York it was 44, Washington 46, New Orleans 72, Chicago 40, Denver 46 and San Francisco 46.

J. W. Smith,
Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

	8 h	12 h	3 h
Temperature	49	52	52
Barometer	29.93	29.95	29.95
Wind	N	N W	N W
Weather	Clear'g	Fair	Fair

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 28.

Sun rises	4 h 47 m
Sun sets	6 h 38 m
Moon sets	2 h 03 m
Length of day	13 h 51 m
Day's increase	4 h 41 m
High water	2 h 29 m; 3 h 14 m

THURSDAY, APRIL 29.

Sun rises	4 h 45 m
Sun sets	6 h 39 m
Moon sets	2 h 33 m
Length of day	13 h 54 m
Day's increase	4 h 44 m
High water	3 h 27 m; 4 h 05 m

FRIDAY, APRIL 30.

Sun rises	4 h 44 m
Sun sets	6 h 40 m
Moon sets	3 h 01 m
Length of day	13 h 56 m
Day's increase	4 h 46 m
High water	4 h 19 m; 4 h 45 m

Moon's Phases.

Full Moon, May 5, 7 h 59 m, A. M.
Last Quarter, May 12, 4 h 46 m, P. M.
New Moon, May 19, 8 h 43 m, A. M.
First Quarter, May 26, 8 h 29 m, P. M.

NEW TODAY.

[Only first insertions listed here.]

	Page
Wanted—Girl	9
Cows at Auction	10
Wanted—Housekeeper	9
Seabury—Shoe Styles	3
Brockton Rubber Heel	7
Marden—Refrigerators	2
Swenson—Motor Cycles	7
Newport Coal Company	1
The Bee Hive—Suits, etc	1
Mrs. T. R. Keating—Card	4
Walsh Bros—Couch Beds	5
Stanhope's Auto-Cab Service	4
Barney—Special Victor Outfit	10
W. A. Maher—Victor Records	5
W. C. Scott—Snow Ball Flour	3
New Perfection Oil Cook Stove	8
Restaurant Fixtures at Auction	10
E. L. Spencer—Cottage for Sale	8
Wanted—Situation by Chauffeur	9
W. B. Scott & Co.—Lawn Mowers	2
C. A. Easterbrooks—Robins' Tails	3
Weenat Shassit Tribe—Adopt. Deg.	10
C. A. Hammett Co—Cottage for Sale	8

TO INSURE INSERTION ON THE DAY DESIRED CHANGES OF ADVERTISEMENTS SHOULD BE SENT IN THE NIGHT BEFORE.

NOTICE.

ANNUAL MEETING of the Corporation, "The Townsend Aid for the [illegible]" to be held at 8 Washington [illegible] April 29, 1909 at 3 o'clock for the election of officers, and [illegible] and any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

HARRIET L. CHANDALL,
Sec. Townsend Aid for the [illegible]

BORN.

CARR—In this city, 27th inst., [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. Charles Carr.

DIED.

GODDARD—In this city, 25th [illegible] William I. Goddard, in his [illegible] year.
Funeral service at his late residence, 4 Ashhurst street, Thursday [illegible] inst., at 3 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited.

LAKE—In this city, 26th, [illegible] Theophilus F. Lake, in his [illegible] year.
Funeral service at the residence of [illegible] niece, Mrs. Annie E. Gladding, [illegible] Spruce street, Thursday, 29th inst., at 1 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited.

O'NEILL—In this city, 28th inst., [at] the residence of his daughter, Mrs. W. C. Paquette, 34 Green street, [illegible] O'Neill, in the 65th year of his age.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

DRURY—In Providence, 27th [illegible] Marie L. Drury.

GREENHALGH—In Providence, [illegible] inst., James Greenhalgh, in his [illegible] year.

WHEELER—In Providence, 27th [illegible] Hannah F., widow of [illegible] Wheeler, in her 78th year.

HIGGINS—In Pawtucket, 27th [illegible] Catherine, widow of James Higgins.

MINKLER—In Riverside, 27th [illegible] Ruth Abby, wife of Robert E. Minkler, in her 60th year.

RUSSELL—In Pawtucket, 27th [illegible] Alice E., wife of Thomas N. [illegible] in her 65th year.

FOR SUMMER SEASON.
FOR RENT.

1. STORES on Bellevue avenue [illegible] to $1,000.
2. FURNISHED COTTAGES, in all parts, $100 to $750 and [illegible] to $5,000.
3. A FARM of over 110 acres of land on Conanicut Island. [illegible]

A. O'D. TAYLOR,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
122 Bellevue Avenue. Telephone [illegible]

JOHN S. LANGLEY, Undertaking,
14 Franklin Street.
FREDK E. LANGLEY, Mgr.
Telephone 679-[illegible]

SAMUEL W. MARSH,
Undertaker and Licensed Embalmer,
101 Thames Street.
Night calls answered from residence, 25 Cranston Ave. Office Tel. 928; Res. [illegible]

FOR RENT. Furnished Cottages.

A large list of houses, fully furnished, with or without stables, all parts of city; also in Middletown and Jamestown. Rents range from $250 up to $8,000.

Several desirable stores on Bellevue avenue for rent for season or year from $200 upwards.

A 7-room cottage, with bath and toilet and gas; very central, near Bellevue avenue, $20 monthly.

Stable, Tew's court, 3 stalls, good carriage room, loft. Price $100 yearly.

C. H. WRIGHTINGTON, 30 Bellevue Ave.

Call DOUBLE ONE SEVEN THREE

Day or night, for immediate First-Class

Auto-Cab Service,

Rates reasonable.

Stanhope's Garage.

FOR SALE.
Building Lots

On the Polo Lot, so called, near Morton Park, on Vaughan avenue and Earl avenue. Lots 40x83 for the bargain price of $335 per lot.

HEBRERT L. DYER,
152 BELLEVUE AVENUE.
Branch Office 64 Broadway.

Heating Apparatus THAT HEATS.

Philip F. Conroy,
181 Thames St. Phone 817.

Flexible Roofing

$3.00 A ROLL.

1 roll covers 100 square feet, just the thing for old or new roofs, that are flat. Can be put on by any one; your leaking roof tight at 4 cents a foot.

SHINGLES, Extra $1.30 per 1,000. Clears $3.15 per 1,000 cash.

FRAMING and finishing lumber, all kinds. Mill work in all its branches.

KINDLING wood, 4 barrels delivered, $1.00.

For the above go to
69 Mill Street

For Sale.
A Corner Property at a Very Attractive Price.

Particulars on Application.
RICHARD C. DERBY,
186 Bellevue Avenue.

JEWELRY.

We carry the smartest and up-to-date line of jewelry in the city. All newest designs, consisting of Watches, Chains, Silver Mesh Bags, Gold Lockets, Charms, Dutch Pins, Belt Buckles, Cuff Links, Scarf Pins, Fobs, etc. Please look at our pretty display this week in the window.

New color in Colorite just received, Burnt Straw.

D. E. SULLIVAN,
Old City Hall Novelty Shop.
Tel. 615.

FIRE INSURANCE.

The Phenix Insurance Co.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Cash Assets - - $9,565,943.22
Surplus, - - - 1,060,463.31

Losses paid to date over eighty six million dollars.

Henry Bull, Jr.,
AGENT,
Gas Building. Newport, R. I.

NOW IS THE TIME

To have your horse clipped.

To give your order for a new wagon if you want one made to order.

Carriages of all kinds for sale or to let.

A number of good second hand carriages for sale.

Call and see our stock.

GEO. P. LAWTON.

Card of Thanks.

Mrs. Timothy R. Keating and family desire to express their sincere and heartfelt thanks to their many friends for the words of sympathy and kindness rendered them during their recent bereavement.

$5,000

Will purchase nine room cottage house, Gardiner street, modern with improvements, good lot.

Henry Bull, Jr.,
Gas Building, 183 Thames St.

NEW DESIGNS IN
Ladies' Gold Brooches,

Signet Rings, Bracelets, Hat Pins, etc.

Ladies' Gold and Gold Filled Waltham Watches.

Compare our prices.

GLAZIER'S, 96 Spring St.

Small Cottage Piano,

Nearly New, Perfectly Reliable—for $175 cash.

ROGERS'S Music Store.

NOTICE.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

Notice to Owners and Keepers of Dogs.

The last day for issuing licenses for dogs, males at One Dollar and Fifteen Cents, and females, at Five Dollars and Fifteen Cents, is

Friday, April 30, 1909.

During the month of May, one dollar additional will be charged and beginning with June 1, 1909, every owner or keeper of a dog without a license will be liable to a fine of ten dollars for every dog not licensed. Office open evenings.

JAMES R. CROWLEY,
Chief of Police.

ANY LADY or gentleman who wishes whitewashing done call Professor Richardson, who blows the horn, rear of 75 Bridge street. Call, or send postal.

THREE CHURCH WEDDINGS.

Miss Burke Marries James Clarke, Miss Honnen Frank Quinn and Miss Riley Charles Demont.

St. Joseph's Church was filled this morning, when the marriage of Miss Bridget Agnes Burke, daughter of Mrs. Michael Burke, to Mr. James Francis Clark took place. The altar was decorated with palms and potted plants and the ceremony was performed by Rev. James Mahon, pastor of the church, who also said the nuptial mass which followed.

The bride wore a pearl grey Empire gown trimmed with Irish point lace, and a taupe hat, and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. She was attended by Miss Agnes Coffey as bride-maid, who wore a light blue crepe de chine gown trimmed with Irish point lace, and a hat to match. The duties of best man were performed by the groom's brother, Dr. Philip E. Clark. The soloists during the mass were Miss Alice M. Donovan and Mr. James M. Collins. The ushers were David A. Burke, John D. Burke, Frank Clark and Stephen J. Clark.

A wedding breakfast was served at the bride's home on Edward street and afterward vocal and instrumental selections were rendered by Mrs. Amato, Mrs. Jeromiah P. Mahoney and Mr. James M. Collins. A large number of handsome wedding gifts were displayed.

Among the guests from outside the city were Mr. and Mrs. James Clark, Jr., Mr. Arthur Clark and Miss M. A. Clark of Providence.

A reception was held until the middle of the afternoon, when Mr. and Mrs. Clark left on their wedding trip, which will include visits to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

St. Mary's Church was the scene this morning of a pretty wedding, when Miss Pauline Honnen, daughter of Sergeant and Mrs. Albert T. Honnen, and Mr. Frank Quinn were united in marriage. The bride, who was attended by her sister, Miss Molly Honnen, wore a travelling suit of old rose with hat to match, and carried a large bouquet of white carnations. The bride-maid's suit was of a stone gray with large mauve hat, and she also carried white carnations. The duties of best man were performed by Mr. Thomas Quinn, brother of the groom.

Immediately after the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's parents on West street to the immediate friends of both families. A reception was then held until noon, when Mr. and Mrs. Quinn left on the 1 o'clock train for Worcester, where they will spend a few days as the guests of Mr. Albert Honnen, Jr., who is at present a student at Holy Cross College in that city. During the reception many handsome gifts were displayed, among them being a chest of silver presented by the employes of the Boston Store. Among the guests present from out of town were Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Riley of Fall River, Mr. Thomas Quinn of Fall River, and the Misses Margaret and Helen Quinn, sisters of the groom.

Tuesday evening St. Mary's rectory was the scene of a pretty wedding, when, in the presence of relatives and friends, Miss Elizabeth M. Riley, daughter of Mrs. Mary Riley, was married to Mr. Charles Demont of Pittsburg. Rev. Father Tierney performing the ceremony. The bride looked pretty in a gown of blue silk, with a large picture hat to match, and carried a large bouquet of Bride roses. The bridesmaid was Miss Mollie F. Martin, who was gowned in pearl gray and a hat to match, and carried a bouquet of white carnations. Mr. Edward Cosgrove performed the duties of best man.

Immediately after the ceremony the couple were driven to the home of the bride on Simmons street, where a wedding supper was served, followed by a reception, when a large number of handsome and useful gifts were shown. During the reception in the parlor, which was decorated for the occasion, vocal and instrumental music, and recitations were rendered by several and there was dancing, Barrett's orchestra furnishing the music.

POLO DATES AND NEW RULES.

H. L. Herbert, chairman of the Polo Association, has sent out a schedule for the two opening tournaments of the season. At the first, to be held at the Country Club of Westchester, May 17-22, the Westchester cups will be played for. There will be two competitions at the tournament of squadron A on the Van Cortlandt Park field, May 24-29.

Special instructions have been issued by the polo committee regarding the duties under the new rules of the referee. When fouls or safeties are seen by the referee he should declare them without waiting for them to be claimed, and report the same to the keeper of the score. The referee is ordered to promptly penalize such violations of the rules as reckless crossing, dangerous swinging of the mallet, zig-zagging in front of a player, crooking a mallet when not on the same side of the player as the ball, pumping at an angle dangerous to a player or his pony, punching with the elbow, hitting intentionally with his mallet the pony he is riding, the cruel use of spurs, putting his mallet over or under or across the forelegs of his adversary's pony.

Members of the Meadowbrook Club team to play in the tournaments at Hurlingham and Ranelagh this summer will sail May 4. Twenty-eight ponies were sent across over a month ago. Those to go will include H. P. Whitney, J. M. Waterbury, Jr., I. Waterbury and Devereaux.

LASSOING A "FLARE BACK."

[Willis L. Moore, chief of United States Weather Bureau, in National Magazine.]

Nearly 200 regular weather bureau stations are maintained in the United states. They are to be found in all parts of the country, although their distribution is largely determined by the importance of the interests to be served; that is, practically every large city has one and they are necessarily more numerous along the seacoast and the Great Lakes than elsewhere.

These stations are fully equipped with meteorological instruments for obtaining continuous weather records. They also act as collectors and distributors of weather data of all kinds, serving local interests and the country at large through the issue of maps, bulletins and other weather reports, and by furnishing weather information to the newspapers. Twice daily they telegraph detailed weather data to the central office at Washington and to other stations, for use in the preparation of the weather maps and bulletins and in forecasting.

In addition to these the central office at Washington receives telegraphic reports morning and evening from stations in Canada and Mexico. Daily cable reports are also received from points in Europe, Asia and elsewhere throughout the northern hemisphere, these, of course, being much fewer in number. During the hurricane season observations are also telegraphed from stations along the South American coast in the West Indies, so that no tropical storm can form in those regions without being detected.

NO AUTOMOBILE OR TAX LEGISLATION.

Continued from First Page.

the State Board of agriculture and it was sent to the calendar.

Mr. Richmond reported from the committee on agriculture an act making the usual appropriations for the agricultural societies of the state. Calendar.

Mr. Langevin of Warwick introduced an act authorizing the town of Warwick to appoint an auditor, which was sent to the judiciary committee.

Mr. Hill of East Greenwich introduced an act making an appropriation of $49 to place a telephone in the Kent county jail. Sent to the finance committee.

Mr. Bliss of Cranston reported from the finance committee, without recommendation, bond issues aggregating $1,050,000. Of these $500,000 is for harbor improvements of Providence, $250,000 for the purchase of Rocky Point by the state, and $250,000 for the use of the Metropolitan Park Commission. The resolutions were placed on the calendar.

Mr. Davis of Glocester from the finance committee, reported a resolution making an appropriation of $5,000 for the Metropolitan Park Commission.

TWO COACHES WILL MAKE TRIP.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt With 104 American Horses in England Will Make Changes in Brighton Run.

Mr. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, this year has taken over to England no less than 104 American horses, representing an average price of $250, and from Monday, May 3, until a date late in the summer not yet definitely determined will every weekday have two coaches making the run between London and Brighton—one out and the other in. Some slight changes have been made from the route followed last season, and both the coaches will meet daily at The Chequers, the old coaching inn at Horley, about half way, so that the incoming and outgoing passengers will be able to exchange notes if they be congenial spirits. Eight changes of horses will be made en route each way, so, including the team, 72 horses will be in requisition daily, and, as extra animals are required at various hills, Mr. Vanderbilt's 104 horses will not be eating their heads off this summer.

All the time between now and the opening of the season will be fully taken up with practice runs, for Mr. Vanderbilt, like all true coaching men, is keen on putting his coaches and horses on the road in such a perfect fashion that the most captious critic can find nothing to take exception to, and many are the snags that await the unwary in the art of road coaching.

Vander Horst Koch is expected from New York next week to drive one of the coaches regularly as his chief aid. Several English whips will be glad to have the opportunity of mounting the box in case the strain of regular driving becomes too great for the Americans.

The advance bookings hold out the prospects of a good season, although it goes without saying that the fares charged cannot re-coup in mere money the man who carries out an enterprise of this kind, on such a scale as Mr. Vanderbilt is doing. There are other rewards.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mrs. G. B. Perry of Boston is here to inspect her cottage near the One Mile Corner.

—Mr. and Mrs. Peter Moir will leave tonight on a visit to New York, Philadelphia and Scranton.

—Miss Gertrude Sullivan has returned from a visit to her sister, Miss Helen Sullivan, at Newark, N. J.

—Henry Miller of Boston, R. Zirkman of Philadelphia and W. H. Ackley of Philadelphia are at the United States Hotel.

—Captain Hanson's water boat Mary Hanson has been overhauled at Williams & Manchester's and is ready for the season.

—Mrs. William Leys entertained the members of the Ladies' Aid Society of the First Presbyterian Church at her home on Malbone road Tuesday afternoon.

—A. O'D. Taylor has rented for the Sharples estate the small unfurnished cottage at 39 South Baptist street to James H. Taylor, gardener of "Clover Patch."

—Anna F. Hunter has sold to William J. Carr a lot bounded west, 50 feet, on Third street; north, 100 feet, on land of Henry Barker, and east and south on other land of the grantor.

—Tug Colonel John F. Gaynor was in port this morning, with the largest mud scow ever in the harbor. She is bound from New York for Boston, where the scow will be employed on a big job.

—Torpedo boat McKee came off the railway this noon. It was hoped to haul out the Chickasaw this afternoon, but there was a general tie-up of transportation facilities at the Station and the Chickasaw was pressed into service as a ferry boat.

—There seems to be nothing in the fishing line today. It is too rough outside, and the boats which went out returned without fish. The Block Island boat brought 79 barrels of cod and pollock from the Island this noon and was two hours late in arriving.

—Today City Clerk Fullerton mailed to the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company an official notice of the action of the Representative Council in accepting the Henderson bequest, together with the approval of Mayor Boyle, which is also necessary under the will.

—The route of the practice march of the naval brigade Thursday will be about the same as that of last week, though up to this afternoon the exact streets had not been decided upon. The boys will leave the Station at the usual time, 1:20 o'clock, and pass through streets in the main parts of the city.

—Mr. and Mrs. Earl P. Mason having returned from their wedding trip, Mr. Mason's houseboat Aveling has been put in commission and with all flags flying was towed to her moorings in the harbor. She was the last craft to show the colors in the harbor last fall, and is the first to show them this spring.

—Mr. C. Leroy Grinnell, formerly organist at the First Presbyterian and Trinity churches, and now playing at the Church of the Messiah in Providence, has been engaged by the committee as organist and choirmaster of St. George's Church in this city, and will begin his new duties the first of May.

—Tug Robert Palmer was in Tuesday from Bristol, where she towed Commodore Vanderbilt's Aurora for certain alterations, which are to be made to her as well as the other boats of that class, to make them rate a little higher. Some lead is to be added and the sail area increased, and good racing is looked for in that class this season.

GRAND COMMANDERY ELECTS.

United Order of Golden Cross of Rhode Island Holds Annual Session in Providence.

At the twenty-first annual session of the Grand Commandery of Rhode Island, United Order of the Golden Cross, in Providence Tuesday, the report of the Grand Commander, William J. Payne, included the following recommendations: A reduction of the mileage to three cents, a special committee for an annual field day, the installation of all commanding officers in Providence and vicinity on the same evening, and the supplying of all commanderies showing a net gain of 10 per cent in membership December 31, 1908, with Golden Cross Journals free of charge for one year.

The report of the Grand Keeper of Records, William H. Day, showed the financial condition of the organization to be flourishing, with a membership of 724 in the state. Memorials upon the death of 20 members during the past year and seven members of the Grand Commandery, were reported. The committee upon revision of the constitution and by-laws also reported.

Twelve commanderies were represented, Newport, Wakefield and Hunnock not being represented.

The election of the Grand Officers resulted in the following choice:

Grand Commander—William J. Payne.

VicecGrand Commander—Mrs. Julia A. Burlingame.

Grand Prelate—Mrs. Margaret E. Riley.

Grand Keeper of Records—William H. Day.

Grand Treasurer—George A. Hale.

Grand Herald—George W. Norman.

Grand Warder of the Inner Gate—Miss Ella Alger.

Grand Warder of the Outer Gate—Clorton S. Cook.

Grand Trustees—First, W. Sherman Eaton; second, Sherman B. Moulton; third, Duncan MacPherson.

A PERRY HOUSE ANNEX.

Proposition for a Fourth Story on the New Walter Sherman Building, for That Purpose.

There was a conference this morning in the Perry House, between the proprietors of that house, Mr. Walter Sherman and the contractors for the latter's new building. The Perry House people made a proposition that Mr. Sherman construct a fourth story on his building, to be used as an annex to the hotel. The matter has been taken under advisement, but is said to have been favorably received by Mr. Sherman.

The annex, it is understood, would contain modern hotel suites and their height assures fine prospects if built. It would provide the hotel with much needed equipment, and while separate from the hotel proper would be readily accessible by the construction of a covered bridge, which inside would have all the appearance of a long corridor.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cole of New York were on the island today.

Mr. Ralph Barker, Jr., of Newport, whose automobile has been in storage here for the winter, was in town today to get the machine to put it in commission for the summer.

Barge Addie, which discharged a cargo of coal here last week, left yesterday in tow for New York.

Mrs. C. F. R. Ogilby of New York was on the island yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Ogilby, who have occupied the Braman cottage on Clinton avenue for several seasons, will not be here this summer.

C. E. Weeden has rented for W. P. Champlin his furnished cottage on Connanicus avenue to Robert K. MacKillop of Pawtucket for the season of 1909. This will be Mr. MacKillop's first summer on the island.

RAIN AND MORE LIKE SPRING.

It rained this morning. Some may not have heard it, but the early birds, those who were up between 5 and 6 o'clock, heard and saw, and some felt it, for it came down fast while it fell and the ground was soon afloat. It rained hard between 5 and 6, during which time .5 of an inch of water fell. Then the fall became light and ceased altogether soon after 7, and the sun came out bright.

So did the flowers and the buds of the trees and other growing things, which had been taking a rest, waiting for signs of spring. The rain was warm and cheering and while the wind is still from the north there does not seem to be any chill in it and nature seems to be rejoicing, as shown in the blooming flowers and the opening of the tree buds.

NEW COGGESHALL AVENUE WATER MAIN.

The Water Works is putting a new 12-inch iron pipe in that part of Coggeshall avenue south from Ruggles avenue to Bellevue avenue, in anticipation of the city's beginning the improvement of that roadway. Before the other section of Coggeshall avenue was improved a larger main was laid in that part, and this will complete the main to the connection with lower Bellevue and Ocean avenues. Connecting mains will be laid in Wheatland and Bancroft avenues to the Bellevue Avenue main, so that the new one will be a feeder for the Bellevue Avenue main in case of emergency. This is being laid in accordance with the plans of the Water Works Company to strengthen its service by running auxiliary mains to act as feeders to those already in and furnish a greatly increased supply of water to points at a distance from the station which heretofore have depended on one line of pipe.

SEASONABLE MILLINERY.

A Superb Showing.

An unequalled collection of handsome modish hats in the very latest shapes, smartly trimmed with fruit and velvet ribbon, others with choice flowers foliage and silk ribbon.

We are daily adding to this collection. You'll find a host of the newest ideas in both large and small hats, appropriate styles for both dress and street wear.

Excellent values in TRIMMED HATS marked for this week

$5, $6, $8 and $10.

B. F. DOWNING, 3d, - - 191 Thames Street.

FUNERAL OF PATRICK COLLIER.

Nearly 2,000 People Attend Services Which Were Held in St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York.

After impressive services in St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York, Tuesday, the body of Peter Fenton Collier, huntsman and publisher, was taken to Wickatunk, between Matawan and Freehold, N. J., and was buried in the centre of a 40 foot plot on the highest point of the Collier farm of 100 acres. On the brow of the hill while the interment was made was gathered the dead huntsman's pack of hounds, his hunter, Dunsaddle, which he rode only last Friday, and three whips in costume. The animals seemed to understand what was happening, for they looked on gravely.

Dunsaddle was shipped from New York to Eatontown Saturday, the day Mr. Collier died, and was taken to Wickatunk with the hounds. They held the most conspicuous place of all in the assemblage, which numbered more than 1,000 persons, chiefly farmers, who had known Mr. Collier. Fifteen priests assisted in the services at the grave, including Monsignors Fox and Lavelle, and Bishop Burns pronounced the absolution.

In the cathedral fully 2,000 persons attended the services, of whom 500 were employes of the Collier establishments. These acted as a guard of honor as the coffin was carried into the church, and among others present were many of the poor from the east side who had known Mr. Collier's benefactions for years.

Bishop Thomas S. Byrne, of Nashville, Tenn., who was a fellow student of Mr. Collier in St. Mary's Seminary, in Cincinnati, celebrated pontifical mass, assisted by Rev. Joseph Dougherty, S. J., of Woodstock, Md. Archbishop Farley was on the bishop's throne during the ceremony, and Bishop McFaul and Mgr. Fox, of Trenton, were in the sanctuary.

The honorary pallbearers were Judge Morgan J. O'Brien, W. J. Moore, W. A. Hazard, H. L. Herbert, J. E. Cowdin and Norman Hapgood. The immediate relatives present were Robert J. Collier, a son of Mr. Collier, and Robert and Abram Collier, brothers. Others present were George J. Gould, Clarence H. Mackay, Joseph J. O'Donohue, Robert J. Hoguet, Thomas Barrett, Edward H. Duffy, Jacob H. Schiff, John D. Crimmins, Finley P. Dunne, Richard Harding Davis, Frank Murray, Thomas Kelly, Charles P. Buchanan, Thomas Barber, J. F. Shanley, Thomas F. Ryan, Harry Payne Whitney, Payne Whitney, Countess Anne Leary, Frank Gaynor, Charles E. Miner, Conde Nast, William Travers Jerome, and delegations from the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Board of Trade, the Catholic and the republican clubs, the Meadowbrook Hunt Club, the Ohio Society and other organizations.

The Bishop of Carlow, Ireland, where Mr. Collier was born, sent a telegram of condolence to the widow, and a similar message was received from the town officers of that place, where Mr. Collier spent his last Christmas holiday and distributed bounty to more than 1,500 of the poor.

FUNERAL OF WILLIAM BINNEY.

Many Citizens Attend Services at First Congregational Church in Providence.

With simple services the funeral of William Binney was held at the First Congregational Church, Providence, Tuesday. Rev. Augustus M. Lord, the pastor, officiated, and there was a large gathering, including many prominent in business in the city, and President Herbert J. Wells and a delegation of officers and directors of the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, of which Mr. Binney was one of the founders. Beneath the pulpit and surrounding the casket were a large number of floral pieces.

Preceding the service the organist of the church played Gounod's "De Profundis" and when the body was borne down the aisle, the church quartet sang the Twenty-third Psalm.

Dr. Lord offered prayer and read a service of scriptural and poetical selections, incorporating the poem, "The Warrior," therein, and the church choir sang "Integer Vitæ" and "Still, Still with Thee." At the close of the service Chopin's "Funeral March" was played by the organist.

The body was taken to Swan Point for burial.

SPRING DELICACIES FOR 1909.

Lamb, Duckling, Broilers, Chickens, Peas, Asparagus, Green Peppers, Tomatoes, Summer Squash.

All the above goods are new and fresh.

A Coupon given with every cash purchase—when they amount to 25 dollars, your choice of 1 dollar's worth of goods out of the store. Delivered to your house free of charge.

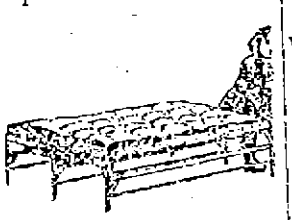
Henry F. Rooney, 251 Thames St.

The Englander Couch Bed

A new idea in couch construction.

It is planned to take up but little space.

It is extremely simple, but inexpensive and practical.



We are agents for The Climax Couch Bed.

WALSH BROS., 220-222 Thames Street.

LIVERY STABLES.

COOKE'S LIVERY & SALE STABLE.

CARRIAGES FOR WEDDINGS A Specialty. HORSES CLIPPED.

15 Marlborough St. Tel. 1013

Tailor - Made WAISTS.

We have another lot of our Tailored Linene Waists now in stock, in all sizes.

These waists are made in two styles, and for material, workmanship and fit cannot be equalled for the price.

One style is made with straight pleats and tucks in front; the other style with fancy cross buttoning effect.

Both styles are particularly attractive and stylish. While they last,

98c. each

DUTCH WAISTS.

We are showing a nice assortment of Waists in lingerie style with Dutch collars (both attached and detachable) and long and short sleeves. These are the waists that have the call, and we are showing some very attractive styles at

98c each

Fancy Lingerie WAISTS.

In this department we are showing the largest and most complete line of popular-priced waists in Newport. Many of the beautiful styles shown are copied from high-priced waists, and all the styles are controlled by us alone. It is impossible to give any detailed description of the dozens of styles shown, but a glance at the line will prove the truth of our claims. We make a special feature of waists at

98c. each

WM. B. SHERMAN, JR.

145 Thames Street.

Telephone 935.

The Newport Journal AND WEEKLY NEWS. Is especially adapted to mailing.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

NEWPORT OPERA HOUSE SAHN & CROSSCO., Mgrs.

Tuesday, April 27.

Matinee at 2:15. Evening Shows at 7 and 8:30.

HARRY BROWN & CO.

In the Comedy Sketch, "The Village Doctor."

FRANCIS WOOD

Balancing Act.

NEW SONGS. NEW PICTURES.

In order to accommodate the hundreds turned away Monday night, unable to gain admission, the

Father Matthew T. A. Society

Will repeat its successful

Minstrel Show and Dance

THURSDAY EVENING, Apr. 29, '09

Minstrel Bits to 10. Dancing 10 to 1.

Tickets 50c.

The cleverest amateur production ever given in this city.

THE BIJOU.

Moving Pictures, Illustr'ed Songs and Vaudeville.

FOR MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY.

The Highland Laddie

Robert Munroe in Harry Lauders Songs

Miss MacCormack

A new singer at the house will sing Larry O'Toole and Coming Through the Rye.

Performances Afternoons at 2:30, 6:10. Performances Evenings 7, 8, 9 o'clock.

Admission 10c. Children in afternoon 5c.

STAR THEATRE

EXCLUSIVE PROGRAM OF MOVING PICTURES AND ILLUSTRATED SONGS

Admission 10 All Seats 5c.

PIERCE CYCLES WITH CUSHION FRAMES

A bicycle rightly made, is a joy forever to its possessor.

A Pierce bicycle lasts ten or fifteen years, the average bicycle two or three.

Pierce bicycles have been on the market for twenty years, Pierce name has become known all over the world.

Ask to see the Pierce at

GRIFFITH'S,

155 Thames Street.

Opp. Boston Store.

Handy Shur-On Eye-glasses

We carry everything optical including the best eyeglass—The SHUR-ON

L. N. VAUGHAN,

Manufacturing Optician, 104 BROADWAY.

HEARING APPLIANCES. FINE PRESCRIPTION WORK.

SPRATT'S DOG BISCUIT,

Spratt's Puppy Biscuit,
Old Grist Mill Dog Biscuit,
Old Grist Mill Puppy Biscuit,
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DOG MUZZLES, DOG COLLARS, DOG CHAINS.

GRATRIX,

96 Broadway.

Carriers of the Daily News are forbidden to roll or twist papers and throw them upon premises; are not allowed to have other boys with them without permission and have no papers to sell.

MOTH-PROOF BAGS.

For preserving wearing apparel, furs, rugs, etc.

Absolutely Moth Proof.

BAGS 24x48 inches, with one hook inside for hanging garments, 60c

BAGS 30x50, with two hooks inside for hanging garments, 75c

A. C. LANDERS & SON,

167 THAMES STREET.

NOTICE!

During the construction of Our New Store we will do business at

144 Thames St.

One door south of our old stand.

Landers & Peckham,

142 Thames Street.

Tel. 914.

Select a plain heavy pattern like Gorham's

OLD FRENCH

For your silver tableware. We can sell you the 73 most necessary pieces for $150. You may buy as many as your means will allow and then have the pleasure of adding to your set from time to time.

BLAINE,

246 Thames Street.

VICTOR RECORDS FOR MAY.

Special Records by UNITED STATES MARINE BAND, ARTHUR PRYOR'S BAND, HARRY LAUDER, WILL OAKLAND and many others. 11 single and 9 double records.

Come in and hear them.

W. A. MAHER,

13 Farewell St.

TEL. 971.

OPEN EVENINGS.

Independent Ice and Cold Storage Co.,

Newport, R. I.

Office - - Sherman's Wharf.

Rates for Ice on and after April 21, 1909 until further notice.

25 lbs. to 100 lbs. one delivery, 60 cent per cwt.

100 lbs. to 200 lbs., one delivery, 50 cents per cwt.

200 lbs. to 1,000 lbs., one delivery, 40 cents per cwt.

1,000 lbs. to 2,000 lbs., one delivery, 35 cents per cwt.

$7.00 per ton.

No verbal agreement made by drivers that differs from the above rates will be recognized.

Tel. 1050.

Oscar Schultz, FLORIST.

18 BROADWAY. TEL. 1115.

JUST ARRIVED FROM EUROPE,

Large shipment of Choice Boxwood and Evergreens of all kinds.

At Greenhouses and Nurseries, Houston Ave. Tel. 910.

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL AND WEEKLY NEWS.

TESTATORS UNDER GOULD WILL.

Brown and Wesleyan Receive $3,000, East Greenwich Academy $1,000.

NEWTON, Mass., April 28.—Brown University and Wesleyan University will receive $3,000 each by the will of John M. Gould, just filed at the probate court. Other public institutions to benefit by the will are East Greenwich Academy, $1,000; Westborough Insane Hospital, $1,000; Westborough Public Library, $500; Methodist Episcopal Church, Newton, $500, while the testator's daughter, Mrs. Caroline J. G. Betts, of New York, and other living relatives receive nominal bequests of $5. Mr. Gould was a graduate of Brown, while his father studied at the East Greenwich Academy and Wesleyan.

CHURCH FOR DEAF MUTES.

Regular Pastor in Boston to Preach Sermons in Sign Language.

BOSTON, April 28.—Through the efforts of the Evangelical Alliance of Greater Boston, the 1,050 deaf mutes of Boston and vicinity will be enabled to attend religious services conducted especially for them, and have sermons preached to them in the sign language. Rev. E. Clayton Wyand, a graduate of the Gallaudet National College for the Deaf in Washington, has been secured by the alliance, at the request of the Boston Deaf Mute Society, as the regular pastor of the new church.

Services and Sunday School will be held every Sunday at the First United Presbyterian Church. The work will shortly be extended to Providence, Worcester, Salem and other cities.

PEABODY HAS $125,000 FIRE.

Manufacturing and Tenement Districts Seriously Threatened.

PEABODY, Mass., April 28.—The manufacturing and tenement district of this town was seriously threatened by a fire early today, which completely burned one of the large buildings connected with the leather manufacturing plant of the A. B. Clark Company, partially destroying another, and rendered much damage to surrounding property, entailing an estimated total loss of $125,000. But for the rain, which fell in torrents during the morning, and the concerted work of the fire departments of the National Calfskin Company, located across the street, and those of Peabody, Salem and Beverly, the whole district in the vicinity of Union street, where the Clark plant is located, would have been devastated.

The fire was discovered in the morocco factory of the Clark plant by Watchman James Tivnan of the National Calfskin Company shortly after 2 o'clock. The flames by this time were bursting through many parts of the building, which was an old frame structure, eight stories high and about 300 feet long, and when the local apparatus arrived the fire had spread to several of the 20 buildings which comprise the Clark plant and to the factories of the National Calfskin Company. A general alarm was immediately sounded, and help was summoned from Salem, and Beverly aided by the private apparatus of the National company, which did effective work with six powerful streams, the firemen devoting their efforts to subduing the incipient fires which started among the surrounding factories and tenement houses.

Notwithstanding their efforts, however, the glove factory of the Clark property, situated across the street, was badly burned, about half the building being destroyed. The structure was also of wood, seven stories high and about 250 feet long. The National Calfskin Company's buildings were considerably damaged, as well as several other buildings of the Clark plant and a few tenement houses. Both the burned buildings were equipped with automatic sprinklers and fire alarms, but neither appeared to work.

About 100 persons were employed at the morocco shop, and 75 at the glove factory.

THE TROLLEY EXPRESS.

Service Between Newport and Fall River to Await Decision Regarding Location of Terminal.

While it was the original intention of the Old Colony Street Railway Company to inaugurate its trolley express service between this city and Fall River May 1, it has been decided to hold the matter, pending the decision of the Board of Aldermen on the petition which will be presented by the company at the next meeting, asking for track location across Thames street to enable it to reach Commercial wharf, where it is desired to establish the express terminal.

The company previous to its removal to the new car barn on Vernon avenue, some two years ago, had tracks across this street and upon the wharf, but they were taken up at that time. The desire to establish the terminal on Commercial wharf is the outcome of a general wish among the merchants and shippers of Newport, who believe that this location would be much more central and afford them much better facilities than any other which might be secured. Plans were made and land staked out to locate the terminal near the new car barn, but at the solicitation of the merchants this plan has not been changed to the one having in mind the use of Commercial wharf.

The company believes that the general feeling is favorable to the granting of the petition for track location which will be asked for, but it does not wish to start its service until the best and most complete facilities are provided for, which will be seen after the granting of the petition.

AN EMPEROR'S VALET.

[Marquise de Fontenoy.]

No mention appears in the pages of the Almanach de Gotha of M. Krotoff. Yet he is one of the most influential personages of the Russian court and government, not by reason of rank, but because of his possession of the ear of his sovereign. He is the confidential valet and body servant of the emperor, who has employed him as such for years, and who accords him the utmost confidence. Living at a distance from the capital, either at Tsarskoe-Selo or Peterhof, and rarely visiting St. Petersburg, the Czar makes abundant use of the telephone in communicating with his ministers, the generals and the principal dignitaries of the government, while they report to him in the same way.

The telephone is in the czar's own workroom, and his aids-de-camp and chamberlains are in the ante-chambers, out of earshot, while the only person with him in his study when he is working there is Krotoff. It is Krotoff who answers the calls on the telephone, and it is he, too, who calls up the dignitaries with whom the Emperor wishes to communicate. In nine cases out of 10 it is Krotoff who speaks over the telephone in the name of the czar, and it was through him that Iswolsky received the very curt message of imperial disapproval which led him to tender his resignation of the office of Minister of Foreign Affairs, Krotoff, after conferring with the monarch, intimating to him that the czar would let him know when he was ready to dispense with his services.

While, of course, ministers, statesmen and generals are inclined to resent receiving orders through a valet, and being only able to reach their sovereign through him, it is a natural consequence of the absence of the emperor from his capital and of the free use of his telephone. Nor can the czar, who has found since his accession to the throne, so many cases of treachery and of selfish intrigue in his entourage, be blamed for making use in confidential matters of a tried and faithful servant who has been in attendance on him for years, both by day and night, and whom he knows to be blindly and absolutely devoted to him. Thus far however Nicholas has given no evidence of any intention to follow the example of his ancestor, Emperor Paul, who, finding his barber more amusing and interesting than his ministers or courtiers, raised him to the rank of privy councilor, of count, and even of prince.

TYPHOID CONQUERED.

[Technical World Magazine.]

From this time on it is merely a question whether one wishes to be proof against attack by typhoid fever or not. Certainly there can be no reason for contracting the malady unless one chooses.

People nowadays do not "catch" smallpox if they have been properly vaccinated. In case they neglect that customary precaution, it is considered that they have deliberately exposed themselves to the risk of contagion. The same proposition will in future apply to typhoid, inasmuch as means have been found whereby, through inoculation with a suitable "vaccine," anybody may be rendered permanently immune—that is to say, incapable of acquiring the disease.

The principle of vaccination for smallpox is that of utilizing the germ of a nearly-related disease of the cow, much milder in character, to produce immunity against the more serious malady. This idea nowadays is beginning to be applied with much success to other maladies, notably rabies—by Pasteur's discovery—and cholera and bubonic plague, the two latter at the instance of Haffkine, an Englishman. Vaccination for typhoid—first worked out by Sir A. E. Wright of London—is based upon the same theory.

For some time past our own War Department has been busily engaged with the problem of typhoid vaccination, and at the Army Medical Museum, in Washington, large quantities of the immunizing fluid have been manufactured and put up in sealed glass tubes, ready for use—each tube containing a few drops requisite for a dose. For military purposes, it is of utmost importance to find a means whereby the "putrid fever," which has always been the most deadly enemy of troops—commonly killing more men than were slain by the enemy—shall be robbed of its power to destroy.

TWELVE ARTICLES THAT PAY MOST DUTY.

Three fourths of the tariff duties collected by the United States government annually are paid by 12 articles or classes of articles. These are sugar, which in 1907 paid $60,000,000 duty; cotton manufactures, which paid $19,000,000; leaf tobacco, $22,000,000; manufactures of fibres, $22,000,000; manufactures of silk, $20,000,000; manufactures of wool, $20,000,000; raw wool, $16,500,000; spirits, wines and malt liquors, $10,000,000; manufactures of iron and steel, $12,000,000; earthen and china ware, $8,000,000, chemicals, drugs and dyes, $7,500,000, and fruits and nuts, $7,000,000. The total amount paid by these 12 classes of articles in 1907 was $250,000,000.

Further figures prepared by the bureau of statistics show that the share which customs duties have borne in producing the revenues of the country has changed with varying conditions, principally depending on the changes from time to time in internal revenue laws.

"It must not be supposed, however," says the report, "that because a dozen articles or groups of articles pay three fourths of the tariff duties collected the making of a tariff and the determination of rates of duty and the amount of revenue likely to result therefrom are by any means a simple matter. The rates of duties levied are not applied merely to groups of articles as a whole, but apply at different rates and in different terms to various grades and qualities of articles forming each group, and in many cases to the various grades of a material bearing a single name."

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. William S. Bailey is in New York.

—Ex-Congressman Melville Bull is able to drive out.

—Mrs. M. L. Young sailed today on the Adriatic for France and England.

—Mr. Samuel R. Honey is at the Hotel Savoy Engandine, Switzerland.

—Mr. A. H. Olmsted has arrived to arrange for the opening of his cottage.

—Mr. E. H. Toomey has returned to New York, after a short visit to his parents.

—Mrs. Seamens of New York is here to arrange for the opening of "Marietta Villa."

—Mr. Hamilton Fish Webster and Mr. William Goddard have returned from New York.

—Miss Sadie P. Healey of Providence is visiting Mrs. John O'Conor on Bay View avenue.

—Schooner Lillie O. Wells is in, discharging a cargo of coal for the heirs of George Bowen.

—Mrs. Frederick J. Cotton and daughter of Boston are guests of Captain J. P. Cotton on Park street.

—Mrs. A. Estes of New York is here to spend an indefinite period with Mrs. Ida Jackson on School street.

—Mrs. Alice M. Swallow, sister of Captain W. C. Metcalf, has returned from abroad and will remain in Newport for the season.

—Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt is expected to arrive here today from New York to inspect her villa, "The Breakers," at Ochre Point.

—The marriage of Miss Betty Marquand, daughter of Mr. Frederick Marquand and granddaughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Marquand, to Lieutenant J. Seymour Mellor of the British army, took place today in St. Peter's Church, Upper Redding, England.

—Mr. H. L. Marsh has returned from a trip to California and other places.

—At the weekly meeting of the Graded Union for Sunday School Teachers the devotional exercises will be conducted by Mrs. Joseph Cooper, a paper will be read by Mr. W. H. Chapin of the Young Men's Christian Association, and the lesson will be taught by Mr. Charles M. Cole.

PLOT IN STEAMBOAT MOVE.

Block Islanders in Favor of Retention of the New Shoreham Make Vigorous Fight to Prove Its Value.

The movement to abolish the Block Island steamboat commissioners was declared to be a political move, designed to "get the town of New Shoreham into a financial hole," so that the blame can be thrown upon the commissioners, at the hearing held by the senate judiciary committee Tuesday. Senator J. Eugene Littlefield and his friends were denounced for trying to secure the passage of an act abolishing the commission. Those who do not wish the commission abolished were heard. Two hearings had already been given, but in each the anti-steamboat people alone had been heard.

Not the least interesting feature of the occasion was the appearance of "Tim" Dodge. Mr. Dodge came to say that he thought the steamboat was a glorious institution. He startled the senators when he asserted that he was mighty glad he was no longer a member of the General Assembly, because he "didn't want to be in any such crowd."

Those who spoke devoted their attention to an explanation of the benefits which the island derives from the ownership of its steamboat, and also of a statement of the terms of a contract recently made with the Long Island railroad for the use of the steamboat. Incidentally the speakers declared that the statements made by the other side to the effect that the steamboat had run the town deep into debt were "all bosh," and they presented a certified statement of the boat's expenses to prove that the steamboat was only about $10,000 behind. They added that there would have been a balance in the treasury if the boat had not had hard luck, and if the opposition forces had not done everything possible to prevent the steamer being a success.

Speaking of the town meeting, which had voted to abolish the commissioners, the speakers declared that none of those who wanted to keep the steamboat had attended the meeting, as they knew it had been called illegally. Just to prove, however, that the voters of the town were not unanimously in favor of selling the steamboat, a remonstrance against the act was presented, which contained 230 signatures. It was stated that this petition represented over a quarter of a million dollars worth of property, and the solemn assurance was offered, that every living man who had represented the town in the General Assembly for the last quarter-century, with the exception of Senator Littlefield, had signed the remonstrance. Twenty hotels were declared to be in favor of keeping the steamboat.

Among those who spoke against the act doing away with the steamboat commissioners were Walter H. Barney, Dr. John C. Champlin, ex-Senator Christopher E. Champlin, A. H. Mott, Tax Collector Silas W. Mott, Giles P. Dunn, Jr., of the Spring House, Winfield S. Dodge, ex-Representative William T. Dodge and James E. Payne.

Nathaniel W. Smith opposed the act in behalf of the New England Navigation Company, on the ground that the company had a lease on the steamboat, which was to run for some time, and it did not think the legislature should abrogate the lease.

Walter H. Barney, the first speaker, asserted that the boat was necessary to the island for a number of reasons. Among the most important he placed the certainty of having communication between the island and the mainland and the value to the hotels, fishermen and property owners of such transportation.

He said that the passage of the act was not desired by the representative people of Block Island. To prove this he presented a remonstrance against the bill which he said was signed by three-fourths of the taxpayers of the island.

He declared that the trouble began years ago when the new harbor was proposed, and met with opposition of the men who wanted the old harbor to remain the chief port of the island. He said that the opponents of that movement had opposed the steamboat in the same way. He read the names of 20 hotels whose owners, he said, were opposed to the passage of the act.

He said that the fish and lobster catch each season was valued at about $250,000, and that the possibility of shipping the catch to New York via the short Montauk route would greatly increase the fishermen's receipts.

He said that for the past three years the boat had paid its expenses under the contract and that the guarantee of $3,000, new contract with the Long Island Railroad, together with the receipts from carying the mails and the probable receipts of freight, would make the future of the boat a success.

"Even if it should cost the town money to run the boat, the town would have indirect return from the boat, which would pay it many times over," he held.

Joshua Truman Dodge, one of the steamboat commissioners, said he had no financial interest which would be greatly injured by the sale of the steamboat. He said, however, that the island's interests in the hotels were such that the boat should be retained.

Mr. Dodge became reminiscent while on his feet and told of his legislative experience. "I'm through with the legislature, and I'm glad of it," he announced, "for I don't want to be in any such crowd as that."

When asked if he attended the town meeting which voted in favor of selling the boat he said he did. "I didn't stay long, though," he added, "I was afraid of getting shot."

Dr. John C. Champlin, another of the commissioners, explained in a little fuller detail the contract which has been made with the Long Island Railroad. The object was to have business between New York and Block Island via the Long Island Railway and thence to Block Island by the steamboat New Shoreham. A tariff for passengers and freight had been arranged with the railroad company so that the steamboat was to get about one-third of the full rate paid from New York to Block Island.

He said that the railroad guaranteed $30 a day to the boat if the receipts should not amount to that much. The receipts, he averred, would undoubtedly exceed the guarantee.

THE POWER OF STEAM.

Many May See But It Takes Genius to Realize.

When James Watt saw the steam causing the kettle lid to jump up and down he said "There must be power in that steam that it can lift such a weight."

There was.

Millions prior to him had seen the same phenomenon and regarded it as an unexplained mystery.

Recent scientific research has put its finger on the "cause" of Dandruff, Falling Hair, and consequent Baldness, and has unearthed a tiny germ which eats the life from the roots of human hair.

Newbro's Herpicide destroys this germ and consequently restores the hair to its natural state.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

TWO SIZES-50c. AND $1.00

JOHN M. CALLAHAN, Special Agent.

Yes, Mama's Bread is Great

Baked in our new

Glenwood

"Makes Cooking Easy"

Walsh Bros., Newport.

INSTRUCTION.

Newport Shorthand School,
105 Church Street.

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THE NEWPORT JOURNAL AND WEEKLY NEWS.

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Leave Jamestown.		Leave Newport.	
6:00 a. m.		6:30 a. m.	
7:00		7:30	
8:15		8:45	U. S. Mail
9:15	U. S. Mail	10:30	
11:00		11:30	
12:00		12:30	
1:00		1:30	
2:00		2:30	
3:00		3:30	
4:00		4:30	U. S. Mail
5:00	U. S. Mail,	5:30	
6:00		6:30	
7:00		7:30	
Sundays.			
8:00 a. m.		8:30 a. m.	
9:30		10:00	
11:00		11:30	
1:00		1:30	
4:00		4:30	

Saturday night leave Jamestown 8 P. M. return leave Newport 11 P. M. unless otherwise advertised.

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Leave Newport at 8:30 A. M. week days.

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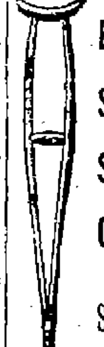

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Cape Cod's to be the vogue this summer. You really ought to know about it.

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OLD COLONY ST. RAILWAY CO.

Newport & Fall River Time Table.

Leave City Hall, Newport, for Fall River via Middletown, Portsmouth and Tiverton, 6:10 A. M., then ten and fifty minutes past the even hour and half past the odd hour, until 10:10 P. M., then 11:15 P. M.

Sundays, 6:50 A. M. Then same as week days.

Return, Leave City Hall, Fall River, for Newport via Tiverton, Portsmouth and Middletown, 6:10 A. M., then ten and fifty minutes past the odd hour and half past the even hour until 10:10 P. M., then 11:15 P. M.

Sundays, 6:50 A. M. Then same as week days.

Leave City Hall, Fall River, (for Stone Bridge only) 4:50 P. M. and 6:11 P. M.

Return, Leave Stone Bridge for Fall River 5:25 P. M., and 6:45 P. M. Do not run Sundays.

NEWPORT CITY CARS.

Leave One Mile Corner for Morton Park, 6:00 A. M., and every fifteen minutes until and including 11:00 P. M. Sundays 6:30 A. M., then same as week days.

Return, Leave Morton Park 6:21 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:23 P. M. Sundays, 6:52 A. M., then same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street for Beach 6:45 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 6:00 P. M. Sundays, 7:30 A. M. then same as week days.

Return, Leave Beach 7:00 A. M. then every fifteen minutes until 11:00 P. M. Sundays, 7:45 A. M., then same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street Waiting Room for Beach 5:15 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 10:45 P. M. Sundays, same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street for Mile Corner 6:30 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:20 P. M. Sundays, 1:0 A. M., then same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street for Morton Park 6:15 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:15 P. M. Sundays, 6:4 A. M., then same as week days.

GEO. F. SEIBEL, Gen. Supt.
C. L. BISBEE, Div. Supt.

SHORT LINE —TO— PROVIDENCE VIA. Newport & Providence Railway.

Cars leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence—7:00 A. M., to Bristol Ferry only—7:50, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 A. M., 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, 6:35 P. M. 7:30 P. M. to Union street. 9:00 P. M. to Bristol Ferry, 10:30, 11:15 to Union street.

Cars leave Union Station, Providence, for Newport via Bristol Branch, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 A. M. 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15.

9:45 from Bristol Ferry to Newport.

SUNDAY TIME TABLE.

Leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 A. M.; 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, 6:50, 7:50, P. M. 9:00 P. M. to Bristol Ferry; 10:30, 11:15 to Union street.

Leave Union Station, Providence, for Newport—9:15, 10:15, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15 P. M. 9:45 from Bristol Ferry to Newport.

Training Station cars leave Washington Square—7:00 A. M., then half hourly until 10:30 P. M.

G. M. TOWLE, Supt.

Newport & Wickford
Railroad and Steamboat Co.,
"WICKFORD ROUTE."
In Effect Nov. 1, 1908.
Subject to change without notice.

LEAVE	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Newport	*9:50	*1:05	*4:00	*[illegible]
Prov. arr.	11:50	2:53	5:53	[illegible]
Boston, arr.	1:20	4:00	7:00	11:[illegible]
New York	4:00	7:00	11:00	
Arrive	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
LEAVE	Night	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
New York	†12:00	*10:00	*4:51	*1:[illegible]
Boston,		1:03	10:03	3:[illegible]
Prov.		2:10	11:10	4:10
Newport, arr.	6:50	4:00	1:00	6:[illegible]
	A M	P M	P M	P M

* Daily except Sundays.

† Following this train is the through Federal Express (via Harlem river) leaving Washington at 5:35 P. M., Baltimore 8:35 P. M.; Philadelphia 8:55 P. M. Due at Wickford Junction 5:15 A. M. Newport 6:50 A. M.

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THE NEWPORT JOURNAL AND WEEKLY NEWS.

THE MAN OF MYSTERY.

Abdul Hamid, Sultan of Ottoman Empire, Regarded as the Sick Man of Europe.

[New York Tribune.]

Abdul Hamid II, thirty-fourth Sultan of the Ottoman Empire, regarded for a generation as "The Sick Man of Europe," ever at the point of political death, nevertheless for 33 years has played the powers against each other with consummate skill, and has kept most of his tottering empire intact. He is a man of many contradictions and little understood. One of the most bitterly hated men in all Europe, among the common people of Turkey he is popular. His name has long been a synonym for bloodshed and unspeakable cruelty. He has been held directly responsible for some of the most appalling massacres in history. Yet in his private life he is often considerate toward his associates and gentle in his manner, almost to the point of effeminacy. Traditionally believed to be an indolent, whimsical voluptuary, he is in reality almost ascetic in his tastes and mode of life, and has worked unceasingly 18 hours a day for what he believed was the good of his people. He ascended the throne at a time when the constitutional spirit was rife; he became a reactionary of the reactionaries, a despot of the most absolute type. He was a representative of the conservative Mahometan party and revived the pretence to the headship of Islam. All in all, according to the traditions of his race, he has ruled well. At least all critics agree on one thing—there was in all Europe no more able than and energetic ruler than Abdul Hamid II.

The Sultan is one of those rare men who manages large affairs successfully, without counsel. He has no real confidants. He dares not have. The arch-intriguer among a nation of intriguers, there are few whom he can trust. Thus the vast details of his realm passed through his hands and kept him chained unceasingly to a task which those who know him believe was ever an irksome duty. He has been enabled to play this difficult part by an unconquerable will and remarkable self-control. It is said he never allows himself to become excited, and has never been known to raise his voice, even in times of greatest stress.

No Sultan probably has ever ruled Turkey through a period of greater misfortune, and with less ability Abdul Hamid would doubtless have seen his empire fall to pieces.

On his accession to the throne, in 1876, the war with Russia was impending. Defeat was inevitable. There was a growing insurrection in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Servia had already declared war, and Russia was fomenting rebellion in other tributary states. The party of Young Turkey, under Midhat Pacha, had obtained a constitution and was attempting to establish a parliamentary government and throw off European control just at a time when the aid of the powers was most needed. The promises of reform failed and the revolt in Bulgaria was crushed with the utmost savagery. As a result, the powers were alienated and for the time gave Russia free hand.

In April, 1877, the czar declared war, and his armies nearly reached Constantinople before he was checked by the jealousies of the other powers. The Sultan made surprisingly good terms of peace, however, by the Treaty of San Stefano, which were modified still more in his favor by the Congress of Berlin two years later. Nevertheless, Turkey lost her last vestige of authority over Montenegro, Servia and Rumania, gave up all real sovereignty in Bulgaria, Bosnia and Herzegovina and lost some territory in Asia Minor. The Sultan was bound by the treaty to introduce certain reforms in the Christian provinces.

Peace once assured from without, however, Abdul Hamid adopted his policy of reaction. He abolished the constitution, built up a system of spies and established a loyal bodyguard. The promised reforms were not made. Surrounded by dissensions, political and religious, he devoted his power to retaining his throne and keeping the empire together. He has succeeded in presenting a strong front to his neighbors and maintaining peace during the most of his reign. He has played races and sects against one another within his borders as he has juggled nations without. And so he has fought the old established organism of corruption within and the eager nations without, waiting to despoil the possessions of the sick man.

The Armenian massacres of 1895 and 1896 were laid at the door of the Sultan. Whether he directly fostered them is not known. At any rate, the signatory powers of the Treaty of Berlin were aroused to action, but international relations were so complicated at that time that the Sultan was able to evade all demands for redress or reforms.

In 1897 Greece interfered in behalf of Crete in her revolt against Turkish misrule. So vigorously did the Sultan prosecute the war that followed that Greece was defeated in a few months and forced to consent to a ratification of the Thessalonian border in favor of Turkey and pay an indemnity.

In 1906 the reviving power of the Young Turks began to be felt. The demand for a constitution grew louder and louder. At length, in July of 1908, the Sultan yielded, and restored the constitution he had granted in December of 1876 and then abrogated. This constitution provided for the indivisibility of the empire, the supremacy of the sultan, individual liberty, the freedom of all creeds, of the press and education, equal legal taxation, a senate and two chambers, a general election by ballot every fourth year, and irremovable judges.

In 1908 for a time war was threatened between Turkey and Austria-Hungary over the annexation by the latter power of Bosnia and Herzegovina, former dependencies of Turkey. Again the Sultan's diplomacy triumphed, and Austria-Hungary paid an indemnity of $10,800,000.

Many stories are told of Abdul Hamid's diplomatic methods. He exercises a most ingenious vigilance in keeping watch on every movement which concerns his interests. In the winter of 1892-'93 the United States had a claim against Turkey for the burning of a building belonging to Americans, where the fire was set by order of a Turkish official. Turkey disclaimed any responsibility. One day the State Department at Washington telegraphed to the American minister at Constantinople, "How many ships will be sent." The message, as usual, went first to the sultan for inspection. It was translated to him, "How many ships shall be sent?"

Early next morning one of the sultan's staff appeared at the American legation with His Majesty's compliments and assured the minister that there was no need of sending ships to enforce so small a demand. If the American minister would call at the Sublime Porte during the day he would find everything satisfactory. When he saw the telegram, however, he felt obliged to explain that the message did not relate to sending ships to Turkey, but was a query as to how many vessels Turkey would send to the international naval parade. Thereupon the staff officer hastened back to his master in great glee. When the minister called at the palace he found every one amazed that Turkey should be expected to pay a bill already so plainly rejected. No ships, no settlement.

In November, 1895, when massacres were occurring in various parts of Turkey, Great Britain had nearly decided to send a fleet to coerce the Sultan. Then the wily Turk allowed the report to go forth that Constantinople was seething with anti-Christian feeling and that the appearance of a British fleet would be a signal for a general massacre. The report was without foundation, but it made England hesitate a little. During that hesitation President Cleveland diverted attention by his famous Venezuelan message. Again the sultan was saved.

His method of dealing with internal troubles is illustrated by the tale of one young Turk of prominent family, who preached reform with such recklessness that it came to the sultan's ear. He sent for the young man and received him with marked favor, according to the story. The Sultan assured him of his secret sympathy with reform, and sent him away with a valuable gift. Two nights later the young man was assassinated by unknown persons in an out of the way part of the city.

When Abdul Hamid came to the throne he destroyed the power of the grand vizier, who had ruled and dethroned his predecessors. Thereafter no one man was intrusted with the comprehensive scheme of any of his master's policies. Household servants, dervishes and adventurers were allowed to perform the duties of statesmen, each carrying out blindly one detail of the plan known only to the master mind. And he kept them ever divided among themselves. As long as they fought among themselves they could not plot against him. So well known was the Sultan's preference for quarreling retainers, that two friends have been known to obtain advancement by getting up a sham dispute which reached the imperial ear.

Yet Abdul Hamid has performed some valuable services to his country. He took the Turkish army, disorganized and useless, and made of it a strong fighting force. He organized an educational system. Under his patronage Constantinople came to have a daily press. He has given magnificently to Mussulman charities.

Abdul Hamid was born in 1842, and came to the throne at the age of 33, succeeding his brother, Amurath V., who was deposed. He is second son of the Sultan Abdul Medjid, and nephew of the Sultan Abdul Aziz. He is the father of 14 children.

TO RIDE OVER GRANT'S ROUTE.

Officers of the War College, Washington Barracks, will go to Virginia next week on a practice ride. The officers, the instructors, the members of the General Staff and the students are all included in the orders issued by General Witherspoon, the assistant chief of staff, who is expected to personally head the cavalcade. The line of ride will be that taken by General U. S. Grant in 1864, from Washington to Fredericksburg, through the Wilderness, the Seven Pines, to Richmond, to Petersburg. It is believed that there will be 100 or more in the party. The ride will occupy about a week, and it is possible that it may be timed so that the officers will be in Petersburg the same day President Taft reaches there.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular Correspondence of the News.]

Miss Sarah D. Chase is making a two weeks' visit among relatives in Providence.

The young people of Holy Cross parish have in preparation a play, entitled "The Gentle Jury," which is to be given at an early date at the guild house for the benefit of the Middletown Free Library.

The continued wet weather has caused some of the earlier planted potatoes to show signs of decay. The young cabbage plants have been touched by the repeated frosts and some of them have assumed a bluish cast.

The members of the town council have recently taken an automobile trip over the roads of the town, to investigate their condition. They were guests of Councilman William R. Hunter Monday.

A CONCRETE BLOCK BUNGALOW.

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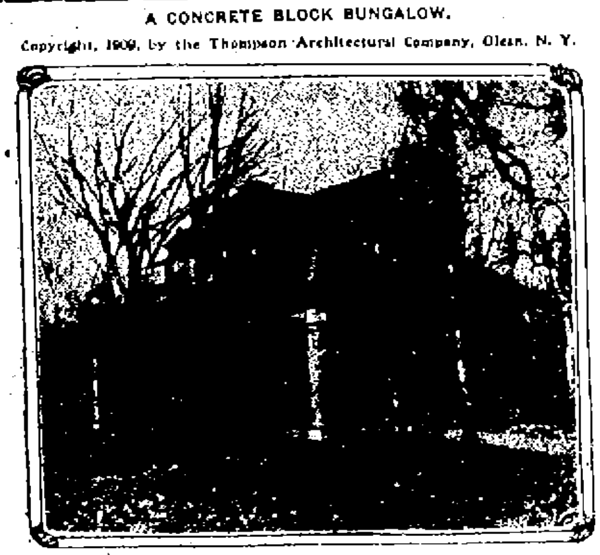
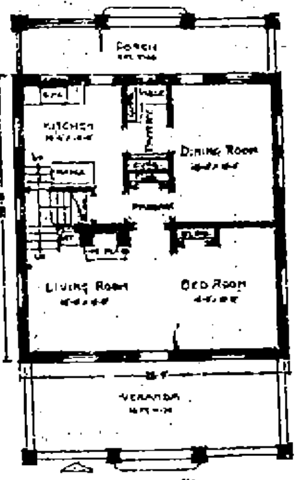
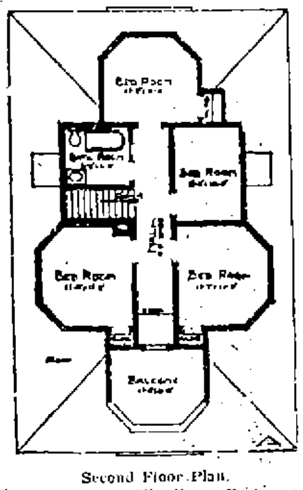


PERSPECTIVE VIEW—FROM A PHOTOGRAPH.



First Floor Plan.



Second Floor Plan.

This concrete block bungalow, originally built at Woodlawn Park, on the shore of Chautauqua lake, New York, has been admired by all who have seen it. The broad veranda, with cement floor, and the open balcony above, command a magnificent view for miles up and down and across the lake, and, sitting as it does among beautiful overhanging shade trees, it is an ideal spot to spend one's summer vacation. Though built mainly for summer use, it is fully plastered and finished throughout as any town house would be and can be used the year round with comfort, the concrete blocks keeping out the cold lake winds, and the large open fireplace of cement brick makes all comfortable within. The color of the block is brown sandstone, and the roof shingles are stained red, a combination giving considerable life to the structure. Size, 28 by 44 feet, including veranda.

The Thompson Architectural Company.

DELIBERATE AND BRUTAL MURDER.

[Continued from First Page.]

torney of Queen's county. Mr. Gregg is now associate counsel with District Attorney Dewitt.

Before Mr. Gregg began his presentation of the state's case Justice Garretson ruled that witnesses of state and defense should be excluded from the court room, except when testifying. District Attorney Dewitt requested that General Hains, father of the accused, be also excluded, but the defense objected, and the court permitted the general to remain. General Hains greeted his son with affection this morning, but the captain made no response.

Mr. Gregg began his opening address to the jury by referring to the shooting of Annis as a deliberate and brutal murder in the first degree, committed with cold design.

Dr. Leopold Schmuck, house physician at the Flushing Hospital, described the wounds in Annis's body and his death. The doctor said there were seven wounds, and that each bullet went through the body. Five bullets entered the chest and abdomen and two splintered the right knee-cap.

Charles H. Birchfield, who was near by when the shooting occurred, said that he turned in time to see Annis fall from his boat into the water. He saw Captain Hains after the shooting standing quietly on the float beside his brother.

On cross-examination the witness said he did not notice the defendant's appearance closely after the shooting but he, the witness, had shouted: "For God's sake! He is crazy."

Herbert Funke, who knew Annis well, testified that he saw Captain Hains standing on the float with his arms folded, and when Annis's boat came up the captain exclaimed: "Annis, Annis!" drew a revolver and shot Annis as he was stepping round the mast to the float. Funke was in his boat alongside the float, he said, and when he attempted to step ashore a revolver was pointed at him.

"Wait a minute!" said Mr. McIntyre. "The witness cannot state anything about a revolver being pointed at him unless it was in the hands of Captain Hains."

"That is correct," Justice Garretsen ruled.

After Annis was taken out of the water and lain on the float, mortally wounded, Funke testified, he heard Annis say: "Oh, Captain, you have made an awful mistake!" and Captain Hains replied: "Maybe I have, but I don't think so."

Charles H. Roberts of Flushing, a member of the Bayside Yacht Club, testified for the state following the recess. The witness was on the float at the time Annis was shot, and helped lift him out of the water. He said he heard the defendant say he was "Captain Hains of the United States Army, coast artillery."

After the shooting Captain Hains had turned to his brother Thornton, the witness declared, and said, "Keep still; this is my business."

HONORS FOR MAJOR L'ENFANT.

Body Lies in State in Capitol, and Is Then Taken to Arlington.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Unusual honors were today paid to the memory of Major Pierre Charles l'Enfant, the famous French engineer who, under the authority of George Washington, laid out the city of Washington. His body, which was disinterred from its resting place on Digges farm, in Maryland, where he was buried in 1825, was taken to the Capitol under military escort, and in the rotunda, where it lay in state, ceremonies were held, at which Vice President Sherman and Ambassador Jusserand of France paid tribute to the noted Frenchman.

The body was taken this afternoon to the Arlington National Cemetery under a military and civic escort, and religious services were held there, Rev. William Trussell, rector of St. Patrick's Church of this city, which Major l'Enfant attended, officiating.

Long before the hour set for the beginning of the ceremony at the Capitol a notable assemblage had gathered in the great rotunda, where the distinguished engineer's body occupied a catafalque, President Taft, Vice President Sherman and numerous Senators and Representatives were among the early arrivals. The President was there as a spectator, but Mr. Sherman was one of the orators of the day.

Vice President Sherman praised the deeds of Major l'Enfant, who, he said, served America with distinguished bravery in arms, and with rare ability and masterful genius in civil life. The Vice President asserted that there was no reason to doubt that Major l'Enfant's mind evolved the general plan of the present city of Washington, and he spoke of his genius as exceptional.

Mrs. Taft, Mme. Jusserand and representatives of the Society of the Cincinnati, Sons of the American Revolution, Daughters of the American Revolution and other patriotic and civic organizations were present at the ceremonies in the rotunda.

OLIVE LOGAN DEAD.

American Author-Actress Ends Her Days in English Asylum.

LONDON, April 28.—Olive Logan, an American author-actress and lecturer, died in an asylum at Banstead yesterday, of heart disease. Mrs. Logan had been an inmate of the institution since January, when she was placed there by the Poor law guardians of Kensington. Mrs. Logan was born in Elmira, N. Y., April 22, 1839.

FROM NEARLY EVERY STATE.

Governor Draper Welcomes Cotton Men to Massachusetts.

BOSTON, April 28.—More than $350,000,000 in textile interests was represented today, when the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers opened its annual convention in Mechanics' building, in this city. The meeting was a notable assemblage of textile manufacturers, present from nearly every state in the Union. This body is one of the strongest of its character in the world, and includes in its membership men affiliated with most of the leading textile manufacturing industries of the United States.

The association is more than national in its scope, having over 1,000 members distributed through all the cotton manufacturing districts of the United States, and many in foreign countries. About half its membership consists of persons primarily engaged in the financial side of cotton manufacturing, and the remainder are identified with the technical end of the business. The mills represented by its members operate 20,000,000 spindles, 1,500 sets of wool and worsted cards, 5,000 knitting machines and 35 printing machines.

The convention was called to order late in the forenoon, and the transaction of business immediately began. The reports of the officers were submitted and the association medal was awarded. Governor Eben S. Draper made an address, welcoming the delegates to the state, and Franklin W. Hobbs spoke in response.

This year, for the first time, an exhibition of cotton machinery, mill supplies and general textile products is held as a supplementary feature of the convention.

The association has been invited to send delegates to the Master Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers' Associations, which will be held in Milan, Italy May 17 and 19.

The hall was well filled when Secretary C. J. Woodbury opened the proceedings by submitting his report.

The association's medal for the most useful contribution to the welfare of cotton manufacturing during the past year was awarded to James R. MacCall of Providence, treasurer of the Lorraine Manufacturing Company, for his services in establishing closer relations with foreign manufacturers.

The visit of Governor Draper, who fulfilled a similar mission last year, proved an interesting incident.

President Charles R. Plunkett of Adams reviewed briefly the business of the industry during the year, during which, he said, there has been a returning tide of immigration, a great cotton crop and a growth in the industry, both in this country and abroad. President Plunkett dwelt with some emphasis on the necessity of the preservation of the water power on the Atlantic watershed, and stated that the board of government of the association has passed a resolution urging extensive improvements in transportation, and expressing the hope that legislative bodies should refrain from interfering with the development of such improvements.

Two interesting addresses, one by Colonel Albert Clarke, secretary of the Home Market Club, on the "Importance of Outside Conditions," and the other by Professor George F. Swain of Boston, on "Conservation," closed the morning session.

ALL CAMPED ON PEASE RANCH.

Members of Roosevelt Party Getting Ready for First Lion Hunt.

NAIROBI, British East Africa, April 28.—The members of the Roosevelt party will start tomorrow from the ranch of Sir Alfred Pease on their first hunting expedition after lions.

The remainder of the Roosevelt camp was moved this morning from Kapiti Plains to the Pease ranch.

POLICE FORCE INCREASED.

Warren Preparing for Crowd When Fall River Saloons Close.

WARREN, April 28.—Anticipating a large crowd of visitors at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon, when the saloons in Fall River will close and the no-license law go into effect, Chief of Police Charles W. Saunders today increased the police force of this town.

The Syrup of Purity and Wholesomeness

Karo

The most delicious for griddle cakes of all makes—or any use where syrup takes.
A pure, wholesome food.

In 10c, 25c, and 50c air-tight tins.

A book of cooking and candy-making recipes sent free on request.

CORN PRODUCTS REFINING COMPANY
New York

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Beginning April 26,
WE WILL OFFER FOR SALE
FOR CASH,
To Close Out Our Entire Stock
—OF—
Chamber and Dining-Room Furniture,
Including Brass and Iron Beds, Cots and Spring Beds,
At Prices Absolutely Below Cost.

J. W. HORTON & CO.,
42 Church Street.

W. F. SPINGLER,
Bellevue Avenue.

Furniture Covered
Mattresses Made Over.
Furniture Covering.

MILLINERY.

SCHREIER'S,
143 Thames St.
CHOICE
MILLINERY

THE LEADING HOUSE
PHONE 1133.

CLOTHING.

SUITS TO SUIT, from $18 to $50
Custom made and the best that can be made.
W. S. LANGLEY,
Bachelor Apartments, Mary Street.

OTTO
Makes
Men's
Clothes.
244 Thames
Street.

OTTO COKE.

During the mild weather of spring, when it is cool enough to need just a little fire, Otto Coke is an ideal fuel. It is very easily kindled and gives a good, steady heat.

You can order from your grocer Otto Coke put up in clean strong paper bags which is a very convenient way to buy a small amount of fuel.

Telephone, or leave your orders for Otto Coke at the office.

THE BIJOU,
39 THAMES STREET.
Phone 1163.

TRIMMED and UNTRIMMED HATS.

Our unsurpassed and most attractive display includes all the most favored Parisian models as well as hundreds of our own extremely smart styles.

The large variety affords our customer the satisfying selection of a smart trimmed or untrimmed hat that cannot be duplicated lower than our popular prices.

Bon Ton Millinery,
223 THAMES STREET.
Phone 427.
Store closes Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 6 o'clock.

Neil McLennan,
TAILOR.

I wish to announce that my SPRING LINE of woolens is now complete. The assortment includes the VERY NEWEST fabrics for both ladies' and gentlemen's wear. Your inspection is invited.

209 THAMES STREET.

BREAD NOTICE.

I will not reduce the weight, or increase the price of my bread.

Yours Respectfully,

W. T. LIBBY,
9 BROADWAY.

Spring Millinery!
Accepted New York Models.

M. E. TOBIN,
45 & 48 WASHINGTON SQUARE.
Phone 1122.

EXCELSIOR MOTOR CYCLES.

VACUUM CLEANER CO.
The Dustless method of Housecleaning.

MACHINE here now. Telephone or send orders and we will call and give estimates of cost.

SWENSON'S BICYCLE SHOP,
Tel. 821. 14 Bellevue Ave.

Carter Lead.
"The Lead with the Spread."
It costs a little more per pound than the other pure lead, but is very much better.
We use nothing else. Can you afford to do otherwise?
Hayman & Nason,
Painters & Decorators.
15-19 FRANKLIN STREET.
Telephone.

M. A. McCORMICK,
General Contractor and Builder.
Stucco and Concrete Construction,
Concrete Building Blocks,
Boards for Jig Saw Work.
MILL WORK
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Plans and estimates furnished.
Office and Mill, - 4 Sherman St.

Newport Transfer Express Co.
Baggage and Freight.
Main Office - 272 Thames St.
(Fall River Line Ticket Office.)
The only Express Company checking baggage from residences to destination.
Consignments of freight solicited.
Information in regard to baggage or freight cheerfully given.
Tel. 371. Call Us Up.
Tel. 1051. FRANK J. HUGHES, General Manager.
Branch offices: Stable Marsh Street
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Chocolate and Ice Cream
BILLIKEN and POSSUM
—AT—
S. KOSCHNY'S,
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONER.
232 Thames St. Branch 16 Broadway.

BROCKTON RUBBER HEEL

A blessing to those who are obliged to stand continually.

The greatest combination of comfort and durability. They cost no more.

Two colors—Black and Russet.

Made in Brockton by Brockton men.

BROCKTON RUBBER HEEL COMPANY,
Brockton, Mass.

Price of Coke.

Prepared, delivered,

36 bushels	-	$4.50
18 bushels	-	2.25

Common, delivered,

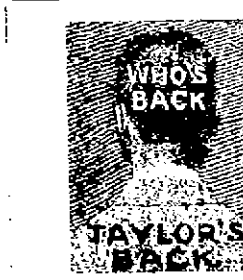
35 bushels	-	$3.50
18 bushels	-	1.75

Price at Works,
Prepared, 11c. a bushel
Common, 9c. a bushel

If anyone away from Newport desires to keep thoroughly posted in all the news of his home town both great and small let him subscribe to

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL
—AND—
WEEKLY NEWS.

The paper contains each week several pages of HOME NEWS that no one at all interested in Newport affairs can afford not to know. Subscriptions at $2 may begin at any time.



Panama and Straw Hats Cleaned, bleached, blocked and [illegible]. Stiff and Soft Hats [illegible] blocked [illegible].
Ladies' Panama Hats a Specialty.
135 Thames Street. [illegible]

Hudson River Blue Crushed Stone
For paths and driveways.
J. K. SULLIVAN,

TAFT'S PREDICTION.

Thinks the Solid South Will be Shattered Soon.

PHILADELPHIA, April 27.—President Taft predicted in a public speech here tonight that the solid South will be broken within a decade or two and that the change in the political views of the people of that section will be "such as to fit them for independent action." The chief executive said what he is looking forward to is a division in the parties of that section, "so that there shall be a tolerance of political opinion there." The President declared that he was not speaking as a Republican partisan, but from patriotic desire.

Mr. Taft was the principal speaker at the Grant birthday dinner of the Union League in this city, and paid a striking tribute to the soldier President. The President was sharply criticized a year ago because of certain of his references to General Grant, and took advantage of tonight's opportunity to express anew his admiration for General Grant as a man, as a soldier and as chief executive of the United States.

SUBMARINE BLOWN UP.

American Gunboat Scorpion, Near Italian Vessel, Escapes Injury.

NAPLES, April 27.—Eleven men were killed and 11 others injured as a result of the explosion here yesterday on board Italian submarine Foca.

American gunboat Scorpion, although only 50 feet distant from the Foca, suffered no damage. Launches from the gunboat helped in the work of re-floating the Foca. Lieutenant Commander George W. Logan, captain of the Scorpion, has expressed the condolence of the American navy to the Italian department of marine.

NEW TRIAL MOTION OVERRULED.

Appeal in Cooper Murder Case Taken to State Supreme Court.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 27.—Judge Hart today overruled the motion for a new trial in the Cooper murder case, and an appeal was taken to the Tennessee supreme court.

The court's opinion was that there was no ground for setting aside the verdict of the trial jury. The bond remains the same, and the same bondsmen qualified. The defense demanded 30 days in which to file a bill of exceptions. Decision on this point was deferred until Saturday.

WITHHOLDS REWARD.

Boas Says His Kidnapped Daughter Came Back Herself.

NEW YORK, April 27.—None of the several claimants of the $5,000 reward offered by Arthur Boas for information as to the whereabouts of his runaway daughter, Adele, will receive the money, for, according to William R. Rose, legal representative of the family, the young woman found herself, and she is therefore the only person entitled to the money. As she announced that she had come home in order to save her father the expense of paying the reward, it seems probable that the money will remain in the family. It is not unlikely that some of the claimants will sue for the reward.

Meantime the parents and the young woman are confined to their home in an exhausted condition. The nervous strain has told on Mr. and Mrs. Boas, and it will doubtless be several days before they will be able to get about. In response to inquiry at the Boas home, it was said that the girl would need a long rest, as her health had been affected by her trying experience as a waitress in a Boston restaurant.

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATED.

Dr. Holmes's One Hundredth Birthday Observed in Cambridge.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 27.—The small auditorium of Sanders Theatre was crowded to overflowing tonight by friends and admirers of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, whose one hundredth anniversary was celebrated. Addresses in eulogy, reminiscences in praise and papers in demonstration of Dr. Holmes's qualities as poet, physician and citizen made up a program interspersed with music.

Following familiar introductions by President Charles W. Eliot of Harvard University, himself an intimate friend of the honored poet, other friends of Dr. Holmes addressed the gathering. Among these were Dr. David Williams Cheever of Boston, who was associated with Dr. Holmes in the laboratory; Edward Waldo Emerson of Concord, son of the poet Emerson and a pupil of Dr. Holmes; Rev. Samuel McC. Crothers of Cambridge, Colonel Thomas Wentworth Higginson of Cambridge, the noted author, and Professor Charles T. Copeland of Harvard.

SLOOPS TO BE REMODELLED.

Racing Craft Belonging to New York Yacht Club Members to be Improved Upon.

The racing sloops Aurora, Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt; Istalena, Mr. George M. Pynchon, and Winsome, Mr. Henry F. Lippitt, all of the New York Yacht Club, are to be remodelled to an extent and given new and extra sail by their builders, the Herreshoffs of Bristol.

The Istalena, is the first of the sloops to have her lead keel remodelled. She was hauled into the boat shop at Herreshoffs the middle of last week and the lead keel removed, after which the craft was set afloat again until such time as the new keel is ready, when she will be lowered upon the lead and the latter bolted on. A greater draught by a few inches is to be the principal change. New suits of sailors are being made for all three of the sloops and when the changes are completed, which will be in the later part of May, they will be given builders' trials once more.

The owners believe that with these alterations the boats will have more speed than they have before shown. These boats were built in 1907. The three sloops which comprise the total in the K class are to carry larger sail spreads than designed originally for them and this means greater sail-carrying power, which can be brought about through the remodeling of the keels in each boat and giving them a ton of extra lead. The boats can stand the extra amount of lead, as was proven two years ago in conclusive fashion in trial spins in Narragansett Bay.

In three or four weeks the Istalena, Winsome and Aurora will be given new trial trips to get lines on their speed and power before the yachting season begins. The upper portions of the hulls of these racers will be changed somewhat because the design makes the class a distinctive one and anything changed above the lead keel in the matter of lines would of course be a feature of disrupting such class. New waterline lengths, however, are looked for.

NEW YORK LETTER.

Millionaires Rather Stay In Jail Than Pay Alimony.

Strange Steamboat for the Hudson—Sum Desired for Housecleaning—Price for an Idea.

[Correspondence to the News.]

NEW YORK, April 27.—This city now has a millionaire's jail. What is probably the most curious institution of its kind in the country is the Ludlow street jail, known more generally as Alimony Inn, where the wealthy members of the anti-alimony club who use it as their headquarters enjoy themselves in luxury, at the expense of the city in preference to paying alimony to their divorced wives. At present this club numbers 17 members, the length of whose visits will vary from one to six months. To look after their wants the city employs a staff of 24 persons, a much larger proportion than is to be found in any hotel however exclusive. The Ludlow street jail is maintained only for persons who offend the civil, not the criminal laws. If the wealthy man who is much better acquainted with the divorce lawyer than the stork fails to pay the alimony imposed on him by the judge, he can either migrate to New Jersey—at a cost of three cents if he goes by ferry—or for five cents if he goes by tunnel, or he can enjoy six months in the Ludlow street jail free of cost and in the company of his kind.

From 10 o'clock in the morning until 4 o'clock in the afternoon visitors are received. In the evening card parties, playing either bridge or poker are the custom, and at all times any desired luxury is available. In the yard at the rear of the building, outdoor exercise may be taken. To afford this entertainment, which is furnished free of charge to the prisoners, the city is expending at present $123 a month for each member of the wealthy and exclusive colony which enjoys its hospitality. The latest member to join this club did so rather than pay $125 a month alimony. Like the others, when he is released, his obligation will be discharged. Altogether this curious institution furnishes a cheap and easy way of evading the financial obligations imposed by the divorce courts and many wealthy men are glad to resort to it since it involves practically no interruption in their ordinary mode of life. Of course it is expensive for the city, but nobody appears to bother about that.

Work has just been begun here on the strangest ship built in this country in nearly a century. The vessel in question is a replica in every possible detail of Robert Fulton's steamboat, the Clermont, the first of its kind in the world. It was just 100 years ago that the first steam vessel traveled from New York to Albany, and the copy of the original which is now being made will pursue as nearly as possible the same course next fall at the Hudson-Fulton celebration. The dimensions of the reproduction of the old boat, following exactly those of the original, are 150 feet in length and 17 feet in breadth, with a draught of only two feet. As in the first steamboat to navigate the Hudson river, the reproduction will have two cabins, one forward, and one aft. The steering apparatus, as in the original, to the discomfiture of the pilot, will be in the stern instead of the bow, and the engine which will drive the curious 15-foot broad paddle wheels will be uncovered just as was the case a century ago.

The only changes from the original model will be the addition of a safety valve to the engine and the carrying of life preservers as now required by law, both of which were unknown in the days of the first steamboat. The Hudson-Fulton celebration in which the re-constructed Clermont will be a feature is to be on a large scale. More than $1,000,000, it is stated, will be spent in commemorating this anniversary, of which the city has given $250,000. One of the chief features will be the unveiling of a towering statue to Henry Hudson, which will overlook the river at Spuyten Duyvil near the northern extremity of Manhattan. This lofty memorial which will tower 300 feet above sea level is in charge of a committee of prominent residents along the river, including such well-known men as George W. Perkins, W. C. Muschenheim and Cleveland H. Dodge, and its cost will be met by private subscriptions.

The expenditure of a mere trifle of $175,000,050 for the benefit of his numerous and expensive family may soon be undertaken by Father Knickerbocker since that eager spender has discovered that that debt limit of the city has not been reached and that he can still borrow $150,000,000 or so. The greater part of this expenditure for municipal house-keeping expenses, so to speak, will be for new transportation lines, since those already under consideration will cost at least $100,000,000 to build. Chief among these, as so far planned, is another great subway in Manhattan, which would cost at least $60,000,000, while other similar lines in Brooklyn and lower New York would add another $10,000,000 to the total. For ferry service and other river transportation facilities some $12,500,000 is needed, while for additional parks in various parts of the city $10,000,000 may be alloted. Under miscellaneous expenditures to be undertaken come such items as $5,000,000 for a new fire alarm system, $20,000,000 for a new sewer system, $12,500,000 for new school buildings, $2,600,000 for the saving of Central Park, and numerous other smaller amounts to meet various needs. Altogether it looks as if Father Knickerbocker's housekeeping bill for the next 12 months would exceed anything of the sort in the past.

This city is soon to acquire the most remarkable clock in the world, and this in spite of the famous time-pieces in European cathedrals which perform in all sorts of ways in addition to giving the time of day. It would take a theatrical troupe, however, to go through all the features which will be combined in Father Knickerbocker's new and unique time-piece shortly to be installed. The feature of recording the hours will be a mere incidental to its other activities, which would make a good-sized circus side show. One of the most remarkable features of the clock is that by the use of a barometer, a hydrometer, a thermometer and a compass it will give hourly automatic weather predictions a day in advance, a feature calculated to appeal particularly to baseball enthusiasts. Moving pictures will be displayed behind its dial illustrating historical incidents and showing the faces of all the Presidents. Another part will show a reproduction of Niagara Falls with real water, the color of which will be changed by means of electric lights. The most remarkable thing about this clock is its small size. Standing in its case it is only 12 feet high, four feet wide and 20 inches deep, that is only a little larger than the old-fashioned grandfather's clock. The mechanism and case will contain in addition to a piece of wood from every state in the Union, 540 feet of electrical wiring and 412 electrical connections. Altogether it will display more lines of activity than any other clock in the world.

The modest commission of one-tenth of one per cent, amounting to $184,000, is the demand contained in a bill just received by Comptroller Metz from a man who claims that he originated the idea of lengthening Manhattan Island by filling in the waterway between the Battery and Governor's Island. The value of the real estate which would thus be added to that which now exists, would, according to the man with the idea, amount to $184,000,000. Hence, as he explains, his bill to the city. While the idea in question may appear to be visionary there is evidence to the contrary. When first presented to previous mayors by its originator, it was merely laughed at by them, but the introduction at Albany of a bill providing for a commission to investigate the proposition has now brought it into the field of possibilities. In view of this senatorial activity the man who first evolved the project is anxious to realize on its value, and accordingly has billed the city for the $184,000 in question.

Longacre.

SPLENDID GIFT TO NATION.

Imperial Commissioner Topakyan Presents Magnificent Persian Rug to the Country.

[Commercial and Financial World.]

One of the most interesting news items from Washington in some considerable time past is to the effect that the Hon. H. H. Topakyan, imperial commissioner to the United States, and a wealthy and distinguished Armenian resident of New York, presented to ex-President Roosevelt, as a gift to the nation, a magnificent Persian rug, inlaid with precious stones and framed in mahogany. The value of this superb work of art is not less than $50,000.

Commissioner Topakyan needs no introduction to the readers of this paper or to the country at large. He is the largest importer of costly rugs in the world, and his splendid establishment is one of the institutions of New York. There is nothing to equal it in London, Paris, Berlin or Vienna, and a visit to it is an event in the experience of connoisseurs in fine fabrics.

Mr. Topakyan is a man who is very well known among the leading people of this country, including our most distinguished members of the government, Senators, judges, lawyers, divines, capitalists and others. By special invitation of Mr. J. P. Morgan he was present at the funeral of the late Bishop Potter of New York, and by the invitation of Mrs. Cleveland, who is a personal friend of his, he was present at the funeral of ex-President Cleveland. Mr. Topakyan is also a welcome guest in the homes of many of our wealthiest and most refined private families, and altogether, is a man of great prominence in both business, artistic and social life.

He has recently removed from his old place on Fifth avenue to very much larger and more convenient premises at Broadway and Nineteenth street, where he has four times as much room as heretofore and, of course, is carrying so much the larger stock. He has recently held, during several days, the most successful rug sale ever held in any part of the world, in the course of which remarkable prices were realized on many of the offerings. The leading people of the entire country were large in evidence at this sale.

The rug given to the nation has a remarkable silk-like effect. In its centre and around its borders are pearls, turquoises and Oriental stones of great value. It is probably the most perfect specimen of the art of rug making ever brought to the United States. It is to hang on the wall of one of the rooms of the White House and will serve to preserve the name of its distinguished donor in the memories of the American people for hundreds of years to come.

SUCCESS IN REVISION OF CHAUFFEURS.

[Life.]

Efforts to revise the tariff downward and the chauffeur upward go hand in hand. How the tariff will come out nobody ventures at this writing to predict, but there is a lot of public interest in the job, and that is encouraging. The consumer at times sets up a noise that can almost be described as a clamor, and it seems to get some hearing even in all the din of shrieks and frenzied appeals from the protected interests. There is a good, stout wrangle over lumber; the free-coal suggestion will not be defeated without a show-down; Littauer and Johnstown are having more trouble than usual over their philanthropic glove schedules; a great many women have been roused to enquire in whose interest and at whose pleasure they wear stockings. These are all encouraging symptoms, and behind them all is President Taft, whom everybody credits with a sincere purpose to get as good a bill as Congress can possibly pass. He and all Republicans who share his views have a strong argument in being able to point out the peril to their party of neglecting to do their duty while they have the chance. If there is not a decent approach to real revision, nobody can be sure that an effectual David will not come out of the Democratic camp and send his pebbles singing about the ears of High-Protection Goliath.

The revision of the chauffeurs active especially in the city of New York, is going on with more certainty of success. To elevate them from the condition of homicidal irresponsibility, to which they have grown used, is no small undertaking, but the need to make them fit to co-exist with the rest of society is so imperative that there cannot be doubt of the final issue. One hundred and ten persons have been killed by automobiles in the city of New York in the last 15 months, and the estimate is that at least five times as many have been seriously hurt, but no one has been punished to amount to anything. It is obviously necessary that the inexpediency of running folks down should be brought home with increased emphasis both to drivers and owners of automobiles. The motor cars have come to stay, and are immensely useful, as well as dangerous, machines. The interest of every decent man who makes, owns or drives them is on the side of the enactment and enforcement of whatever laws are necessary to make motoring safe.

Experience Proves.

Time tells which is best and most reliable. For 70 years Perry Davis' Painkiller has been driving away pain and bringing health—as a remedy for sprains, burns, bruises, rheumatism, neuralgia. It cures colds, cramps, bowel complaint. But be sure to take this unequalled remedy promptly. Large bottles 35 cents or larger 50 cents.

The Newport Journal AND WEEKLY NEWS. Is especially adapted to mailing.

IN JUSTICE TO THE COOK

Don't ask impossibilities.
Give the cook
every opportunity
to make good bread.
GOLD MEDAL FLOUR is
the best opportunity.
Give her—

WASHBURN-CROSBY'S
GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

VERDICT FOR FULL AMOUNT.

Decision for Fall River Mills in Claflin Company Cotton Case.

FALL RIVER, April 27.—The jury in the case of the Arkwright Mills vs. the R. B. Claflin Company of New York brought in a verdict in the superior court today for the plaintiff in $2,994.56, the full amount of the claim with interest. The point at issue in the case was whether cloth woven from "Blue Bender" cotton, grown in the bends of the Mississippi valley, was first quality cloth, provided the fabric showed a bluish tinge which could not be bleached pure white. The mill claimed that the cloth was of perfect texture, and therefore sued for its value, which the Claflin company had withheld because of the color of the fabric. The case has been followed with interest by cotton manufacturers, because it involves a point of law never before tested in the courts.

KNOW THY FATE.

A MAN OF STRANGE POWER.

Victor A. Warren,

Famous Everywhere as the Most Remarkable

Psychic-Palmist,

SCIENTIFIC

PHRENOLOGIST

—AND—

ASTROLOGER.

A man of international repute, acknowledged leader of Palmists and Phrenologists, and recognized authority on Personal magnetism, Mental Telepathy and the finer forces of nature.

Years of study, travels in far eastern lands and endless research, coupled with rare spiritual and psychical gifts, have crowned him the greatest living exponent of this weird and mysterious profession.

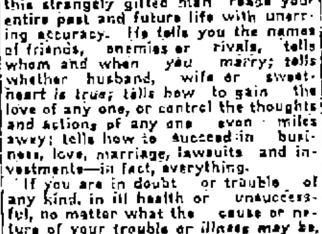
Without knowing who, or what you are, without asking you any questions, this strangely gifted man reads your entire past and future life with unerring accuracy. He tells you the names of friends, enemies or rivals, tells whom and when you marry; tells whether husband, wife or sweetheart is true; tells how to gain the love of any one, or control the thoughts and actions of any one even miles away; tells how to succeed in business, love, marriage, lawsuits and investments—in fact, everything.

If you are in doubt or trouble of any kind, in ill health or unsuccessful, no matter what the cause or nature of your trouble or illness may be, this strangely gifted man can help you.

All his work is sacredly confidential. He positively accepts no money unless he gives entire satisfaction. This week at the reduced price of $1.00. Hours for consultation, 10 a. m. to 8 p. m., Sunday 1 to 5 p. m., at his private reception parlors

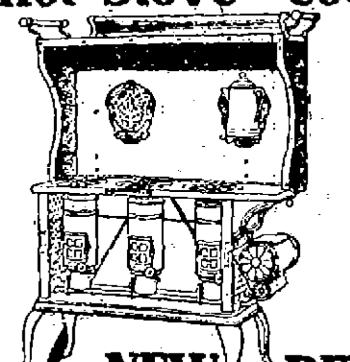
178 SPRING STREET.

(Between Mill and Pelham Streets.)



5 of the people have their fence dipped in paint. What's the matter with the other? Cost 5c to 7c per ft. life of fence doubled. F. W. BAILEY, Metallic Station, Newport, R. I.

Hot Stove—Cool Kitchen



How do you expect to endure the broiling days of summer if you prepare all the food over a glowing coal fire?

You need a "New Perfection" Oil Stove that will do the cooking without cooking the cook. It concentrates plenty of heat under the pot and diffuses little or none through the room.

NEW PERFECTION
Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove

besides being the perfect stove for summer use is just as efficient for year 'round use. Does anything any other stove will do. It is built just like the modern steel coal range, with a CABINET TOP that makes it possible to keep food warm after it is cooked. Made in three sizes. Sold either with or without Cabinet Top. If not at your dealer's write our nearest agency.

The Rayo Lamp a substantial, strongly made and handsome lamp. Burns for hours with a strong, mellow light. Just what you need for evening reading or to light the dining-room. If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

What Better Wedding Gift Than a Year's Telephone Service?

Many new homes will soon be established. They should all have telephones.

Enter an order ahead and avoid delay; also procure a listing in the Summer Directory which closes June 1, 1909.

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CONTRACT DEPT., 142 SPRING STREET.

BRISTOL HOTELS.

Hotel Belvedere,
BRISTOL, R. I.
A. W. HATHAWAY, Mgr.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN.
Tastefully furnished.
PRIVATE DINING ROOMS.
Planked Steak, Planked Chicken, and Broiled Live Lobsters Specialties.
Sunday and Holiday Table d'Hote, 1 to 3, $1.00.
LADIES' ORCHESTRA.
ROOF GARDEN.
Special attention to automobile and yachting parties.
Charming town; delightful trip from Newport.

Henry Biesel & Son,
SADDLE,
HARNESS
—AND—
TRUNK
MAKERS.
Horse & Stable Supplies
Leather Goods.
Travelers' Supplies.
DOG COLLARS.
REPAIRING.
255-259 THAMES STREET.
TELEPHONE 383.

The Newport Journal AND WEEKLY NEWS. Is especially adapted to mailing.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

OUR SPRING STYLES
IN SHOES AND OXFORDS.
Russia Calf, Ox Blood, Gun Metal, Vici and Patent Leathers, surpass anything yet showing.
Prices $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00.
—AT—
RAMLOSE'S, 43 Thames St

THE BIJOU, 39 Thames St
EDUCATOR SHOES FOR BOYS.
Stand the racket, and will outwear two pairs of so-called cheap shoes.
Educators for Infants
in black lace for fat ankles are made of soft leather that yields readily to every movement of the tender feet.
We also have
Educator Rubbers
To fit them. We have an excellent school shoe for girls in button or lace for $1.50.

Ice Cream and Ices,
Fresh-Made Candies, Chocolates and Bon Bons.
Cakes Plain and Fancy.
For Customers Where Quality Counts.
H. D. FRASCH,
170 THAMES STREET.
Telephone 927.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

$4,40
Buys a seven-room cottage and lot containing about 4,000 sq. ft. located on Gibbs Avenue.
Full Particulars on application.

CLARENCE A. HAMMETT CO,
323 Thames St. Newport, R. I.

VAN ZANDT AVENUE,
Cottage six rooms, toilet, concrete cellar, gas, good lot.
$2,250.
Edward L. Spencer,
REALTY BUILDING.

FOR RENT
LARGE GARAGE,
Rear Audrain Building, Bellevue Ave,
DeBLOIS & ELDRIDGE,
152 Bellevue Ave., Newport, R. I.
5 East 33d St., New York, N. Y.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,
$1,000
Will buy 5,800 feet of land on Middleton Ave,
The Ladd Property for sale or to let, on Bath road.
WM. S. COOPER,
62 Mill Street.

FOR SALE,
On Extension street, a two-tenement house in good condition. Well rented. Price only $2,000.
When you want fire insurance remember that we represent only the best companies and companies that pay their losses promptly.
J. B. Parsonage & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.
10 Franklin Street, Opp. Postoffice. Newport, R. I.

For $1,700,
A COTTAGE
Of 5 rooms. Improvements.
$1,000 can remain on mortgage.
PARTICULARS FROM
E. S. MARSH,
6 Colonial St. Realty Bldg.
Phone 479.

VILLAS and COTTAGES
For the Season of 1909.
Some good opportunities for purchase and for lease, unfurnished.
Frederick H. Paine,
Real Estate and Insurance.

LILY POND ICE HOUSES FOR RENT.
PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned, at the Aquidneck National Bank, Newport, R. I., to be subject to the action of the Real Estate Committee, for the leasing of the
LILY POND ICE HOUSES
with the privilege of cutting ice from the pond.
Bidders will state the term of years upon which they wish the lease to run.
Further information may be obtained of the Treasurer or any of the Trustees.
By order of the Board of Trustees of the Newport Hospital.
THOS. B. CONGDON, Treasurer.
Newport, R. I., December 10, 1908

C. E. WEEDEN,
JAMESTOWN, R. I.
UNFURNISHED COTTAGE FOR RENT
Small Cottage for sale at low Figure.
Furnished Boarding House for sale

FOR SALE.
On Mann avenue, a fine property to be sold at a reasonable price.
A two-tenement house in the Fifth Ward, for $2,300; as good as new. Bargain for somebody.
A nearly new cottage on Friendship street, with all the latest improvements.
Inquire of
WM. LOFTUS,
284 SPRING STREET.

F. Wellington Putman,
OPTOMETRIST,
—AND—
MANUFACTURING OPTICIAN.
118 SPRING STREET.
The only exclusive optometrist in the city. Everything pertaining to spectacles and eyeglasses can be found here. Repair jobs turned out quickly [illegible] any other place. All work guaranteed.
Phone 155. Hours 9 A. M.—5 P. M.

Branch Offices

OF THE

Daily News.

For the convenience of the public classified advertisements may be left at any of the following places. The list of such advertisements includes Situations or Help Wanted, Lost or Found, Rooms to Let or Rooms Wanted, and For Sale. The advertisements if not of more than 25 words will be received at the same price as at the main office, and will be inserted once for 25 cents, three times for 45 cents, or 6 times for 75 cents. Cash must be paid for all business left at Branch offices.

M. T. LEARY'S NEWSTAND, 153 BROADWAY.

KALKMAN'S PHARMACY, 475 THAMES STREET.

JAMES JESTINGS'S GROCERY, 27 SECOND STREET

SITUATION Wanted by experienced chauffeur; wishes position in or near Newport, with Newport and New York references. Well acquainted with streets and roads. Address Box 31, Daily News Office.

Daily News "want ads" are read by families because they are published in a family newspaper.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

GOOD LAUNDRESS desires work to take home. Address 23 Elm street.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A girl for housework. Apply evenings, at 27 Rhode Island avenue.

WANTED—A housekeeper to take charge and to do general housekeeping with two in the family. Apply to John T. Carr, Mitchels Lane Middletown, R. I., or telephone between the hours of 6 and 7 P. M. No. 1823-3.

WANTED—A middle-aged woman for general housework. Must go home at night. No laundry work. Address Box 47, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A trained maid for waiting and second work. Must have references. Box 49, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A good laundress for Monday of each week. Address Box G, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Girl to keep books at auction sales. Must be good plain writer and quick at figures. Apply at Auction Rom, 52 Mill street

WANTED—Girl to assist in general housework. Address Box 56, Daily News Office.

GENERAL WANTS.

WANTED—Two-tenement investment properties and cottages, $3,000 to $7,000, for clients. Address, only with particulars, Stinson Hazard, 87 Rhode Island avenue.

WANTED—We buy household furniture of all kinds. Notify us at once if you anticipate selling, we pay the highest cash price. No quantity too large, none too small. I. X. L. Company, Buckley's Block, 126 Broadway, Newport, R. I. Tel. 1606.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Black pocketbook, between F. P. Garrettson's store and Farewell street or Washington square. Contained envelope with owners name and sum of money. Reward if returned to F. P. Garrettson's store.

FOR RENT, ROOMS AND BOARD

WANTED—Three or four furnished rooms, or small furnished cottage in central location, at once, for the season. Address Box 55, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Pleasant furnished apartment for light housekeeping; modern improvements, with piazza; also, two large pleasant unfurnished connecting rooms, with bay window. Address Box 35, Daily News Office.

FOR RENT—North half of house, 14 Clarke street; $15.00 per month. Inquire on premises.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let, hill district; central; private family; refined home, every convenience; terms moderate. Address Box 50; Daily News Office.

First-class furnished rooms, with all modern improvements, for gentlemen only. PROSPECT HOUSE, 22 Prospect Hill Street. WILLIAM HANSEN.

Any one wishing a quiet homelike place would do well to apply at the MUMFORD COTTAGE. All home cooking. 41 School street. Tel. 1702.

TO LET.

A COTTAGE,

Pleasantly located on Fort Hill Farm, near the easterly end of Vernon avenue and fronting on the Boulevard. City water and hot water heat.

THE BARKER BUILDING AND REALTY CO. 105 Broadway.

TO RENT.

Two Cottages, "Rhuddlands" on-the-Cliff.

Formerly the Sea View Cottages. Renovated and altered for housekeeping. $155 and $450 for the season. Apply to all agents.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICES.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,

MRS. M. A. ROSS,

Successor to the late Mrs. Knaless, 641 Spring Street, Cor. Narragansett Avenue.

The business will be continued in the future on the same approved system and extensive scale as in the past.

First-class help can be found at this office.

Telephone 108.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU. MRS. N. McMAHON, 10 John Street, near Spring. First-class help supplied at short notice. Tel. 946.

MRS. HODGSON. INTELLIGENCE OFFICE. 16 Broadway. Opposite City Hall. ENGAGEMENTS WANTED. Tel. 788.

LAWN MOWERS.

Lawn Mower,	$2.40 each.
Lawn Mower,	$3.25 each.
High-wheel, ball bearing,	$6.00 each

Lawn trimmers (a handy tool that saves labor), Edging Knives, Spades, Forks, Hose, etc, Rubber Hose from 10 to 15c foot to 15c. for the Chicago Exhibit, the best made.

SEEDS.

All kind of Flower and Vegetable seeds from J. M. Thorburn & Co., the most reliable seed house in the business. Sweet Peas—try my own mixture, including all the latest varieties. Gladiolus, Tuberoses, Begonias, Dahlias, Geraniums, Daises and all kinds of plants.

Cabbage, Lettuce, Parsley and all kinds of vegetable plants.

WM. L. DEBLOIS, 50 Broadway. Telephone 955.

SEIGE SUSPENDED FOR A FEW HOURS.

Continued from First Page.

Constantinople the retirement of M. Zinovieff, Russian ambassador, has been deferred.

Securities of all classes made a strong rise on the Bourse today, on account of the developments at Constantinople.

MAY BE TRIED AT SALONIKI.

Halid Bey Thinks Abdul Hamid's Sentence Will Be Imprisonment.

LONDON, April 28.—Halid Bey, the local representative of the Young Turks, declared today that when Abdul Hamid reached Saloniki he would probably have to stand trial on the charges set forth in the fetwa deposing him. "A sentence of execution is not probable," continued Halid Bey, "but he will probably be imprisoned. Abdul Hamid has, however, been voluntarily practically a prisoner for years, so this will be no great punishment. His property acquired illegally will be confiscated by the state.

"I do not anticipate serious trouble in the provinces, except, possibly, in northern Albania, where Abdul Hamid recruited his personal body guard."

ABDUL LEAVES FOR SALONIKI.

Deposed Sultan Taken from Palace Under Cover of Darkness.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 28.—Abdul Hamid, the deposed Sultan of Turkey, left the capital last night for Saloniki, accompanied by 11 women of his harem. He was conveyed quietly, under cover of darkness, from the imperial palace at Yildiz to the railroad station in Stamboul. Shortly after he was installed on board the train pulled out for the west, leaving at 3 o'clock this morning. It is due at Saloniki tomorrow, as the run takes 24 hours. It is reported that two of Abdul Hamid's sons, in addition to the members of his harem and a large retinue of servants, are with their father on the train.

Enver Bey, a leader of the Young Turks, said today that the deposed Sultan will be tried at Saloniki, probably for instigating mutiny and murder among the troops.

HADJIN WITHOUT FOOD.

American Woman Missionary Tells of Situation and Dangers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 28.—following telegram was received here today from Miss Rose Lambert, one of the beleaged American women missionaries at Hadjin. It sets forth the dangers surrounding Miss Lambert and her companions, who are quite alone. The messenger who first started with the message to the telegraph office was shot on the way. The communication is dated Hadjin, April 26, and says:

"The rising against the Christians of Hadjin began nine days ago. The government sent troops to suppress the fighting between Mohammedans and Christians, but the men were not strong enough numerically to restore order. Many are dead and wounded on both sides. Desperadoes occupied the Armenian cloister five days ago, and have been firing on the people without interruption since. The Armenian churches are now showing white flags, indicating that there will be no further resistance, yet the shooting and the plundering continue. Many shops have been robbed, and others undoubtedly will be. The Armenian settlements and villages in the province have been burned, and many persons killed.

"Hadjin is almost entirely without food, and animals in the city are dying of starvation. The provincial authorities have been appealed to, both orally and in writing, to send more troops to Hadjin, but thus far without result.

"The messenger who first started with this despatch to the local telegraph office was killed on his way."

STEAMERS REPORTED.

SIASCONSET, Mass., April 28.—Steamer Europa, Genoa and Naples for New York, was 193 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 a. m.; will dock tonight or 8 a. m. Thursday.

SIASCONSET, Mass., April 28.—Steamer Majestic, Southampton for New York was 331 miles east of Sandy Hook at 10:20 a. m.; will dock about 8 a. m. Thursday.

TO STOP MAKING MEN DRUNK.

[New York Tribune.]

Attention was recently called in these columns to the novel suggestion in New Jersey of "boards of protectors" for the prevention of drunkenness. The plan has now been made law, and appears from the wording of the act to be mandatory. In every municipality of the state, therefore, the governing body will appoint a board of three citizens, which shall have power and, indeed, bear the duty of notifying to all liquor dealers in the municipality the names of persons who are or seem likely to become habitual drunkards, and warning them not to sell or give intoxicating liquors to such persons. For the first violation of a warning there will be a penalty of $50, for the second of $100, and for the third the penalty may be perpetual revocation of license. The intent of the law is simply to compel liquor sellers to stop making men drunk.

That object is laudable, and ought to command the approval and co-operation of liquor dealers themselves. For, as a matter of principle, those who most strongly disapprove of prohibition and disbelieve in total abstinence are surely not willing to go on record as advocates of habitual or even occasional drunkenness. As a matter of practical business policy, moreover, it is not profitable for liquor sellers to ply men with drink to the point of intoxication or to cater to habitual drunkards, since by so doing they incur the risk of disorder and police intervention at their establishments and the practical certainty of the ill will of their neighbors and an increasing public sentiment against the licensing of their business. As for those liquor sellers who knowingly and deliberately persist in making men drunk and providing habitual drunkards with liquor, it will be for the good of the trade in general, as well as for the public benefit, to have their places closed.

The utility of the law will, of course, depend upon its intelligent and unfearing administration, which may not always be assured. In large cities it is doubtful if a board of three men will be competent to apply the law to nearly all desirable cases, at any rate unless it has the very active co-operation of the public. On the other hand, in a small community, where all the residents are neighbors and acquaintances, if not friends, it will often require more moral courage than many men possess to brand one neighbor as a drunkard to whom it is unlawful to sell drink and to threaten another neighbor with prosecution if he does not discontinue selling to one of his regular patrons. Still, there are men with sufficient courage to do it, and there are many liquor dealers who will fear to incur the penalty, and thus will voluntarily and without waiting for a warning comply with the spirit of the law; so that, in spite of some imperfections, we shall expect to see temperance promoted.

PROPOSAL TO KIDNAP WILLIE.

Two Boston Men Arrested in New Whitla Extortion Case.

BOSTON, April 28.—Charged with attempting to extort $10,000 from James Whitla of Sharon, Pa., under the threat that they would again kidnap his son, Willie Whitla, two men were brought to police headquarters today for an examination. The men, who were arrested yesterday at the South End postoffice, gave their names as John W. Wright and Ernest H. Martin. Wright said he lived at an Eliot street lodging house, while Martin said his home was at Templeton place, Dorchester.

The police claim that on April 21 Wright and Martin wrote a letter to Mr. Whitla, demanding that he send them $10,000, or else they would kidnap his little son Willie. The letter stated that the writers were four in number, and that they had no regard for the life of the child, that he would only be a means to accomplish their end of obtaining from Mr. Whitla the sum named.

From the general tone of the letter, the police believed that a close watch at the South End postoffice might be profitable. Yesterday afternoon two officers, who were waiting developments there, saw Wright and Martin enter. Wright went to the delivery window and asked for mail, while Martin waited near the door. As the men started to leave the postoffice they were arrested as suspicious characters, and taken to the East Dedham street police station, where they spent the night. They were brought to headquarters this morning. The police said today that a search of Martins pockets resulted in finding a red ink pad, similar to the ink used in the letter to Mr. Whitla.

Wright is 39 years of age, and Martin 36.

The letter to Mr. Whitla was printed in red ink, apparently with rubber type, on white paper, and was mailed from the Dorchester central postoffice. It was as follows, short of its misspelling of nearly every word:

"Dear Sir: Our society, not having received the money for return of boy, voted to send the four men that had charge of all arrangements of getting boy, and take him again in the night. This may mean death to the boy, so it was voted to give you a chance to pay money. The Black Hand, on receiving same, will not trouble you. Not interested in the Boyles; just tools for our men. Send $1,000 in $50 bills and $9,000 in $1,000 bills. Send it in three lots. Have it here Monday morning. No trickery, or it will go hard with the boy when taken. Will send man of steel for letters.

"Send Arthur Howard Brown, Post Station A, Boston, Mass."

After the arrest of the two men, Martin told the police that he had met a man who told him he would give him fifty cents if he would call at the South End postoffice (Station A) and ask for a letter for Arthur Howard Brown.

WHITLA CONFIRMS STORY.

Does Not Know Whether It Means Extortion or Abduction Again.

SHARON, Pa., April 28.—James P. Whitla and the local police force confirm the story from Boston as to the receipt of a letter by Mr. Whitla April 23, demanding $10,000 and containing the threat that if it was not paid "Billy" Whitla would be kidnapped again. Mr. Whitla declined to state the contents of the letter, beyond admitting this. He said he showed the letter to the Sharon police immediately after its receipt, and then sent it to the Boston police with the request that they watch the postoffice general delivery. Mr. Whitla said today he had no idea whether it was an attempt of amateurs to extort money from him or whether there was another plot back of it to abduct the boy again.

JAMES BOYLE'S DEFENSE.

Took Boy to Accommodate Friends and Knew Nothing of Ransom.

MERCER, Pa., April 28.—James H. Boyle, awaiting trial on the charge of kidnapping Willie Whitla from Sharon March 18, has outlined his defense. He expects to prove that he was in Youngstown, Ohio, on the evening before the abduction, and that he left Youngstown the morning of the abduction, going by rail to Warren, Ohio. He will try to show that at Warren he accidentally met a couple of his friends who had the Whitla boy. He says he was informed by them that small pox had broken out at Sharon, and that they were taking the boy away from the disease. To accommodate them, he says, he agreed to take Willie Whitla to his apartments in Cleveland, but he insists he knew nothing of any correspondence regarding the ransom. He calls attention to the fact that Mrs. Boyle had the money when they were arrested.

Mrs. Boyle has prepared no defense. She merely defies the state to prove anything against her.

THE THREE-YEAR AGREEMENT.

Renewal of Strike Commission Award Provided for for New Period.

SCRANTON, Pa., April 28.—The committee of seven today presented the three-year agreement which is expected to be signed tomorrow at the opening session of the United Mine Workers. It provides for a renewal of the strike commission award for another period of three years. The agreement further says:

"First—The rates which shall be paid under the strike commission's award for old work of a similar kind or character.

"Second—The arrangement and decisions of the conciliation board permitting the collection of dues on the company property and the posting of notices thereon shall continue during the life of this agreement.

"Third—An employe discharged for being a member of a union shall have a right to appeal his case to the conciliation board for final adjustment.

"Fourth—Any dispute arising at a colliery under the terms of this agreement must first be taken up with the mine foreman and superintendent by the employes, or committee of employes, directly interested before it can be taken up with the conciliation board for final adjustment.

"Fifth—Employers shall issue pay statements designating the name of the company, the name of the employe, the colliery where employed, the amount of wages and the class of work performed."

It is expected the agreement will be signed as it was three years ago, by the committee of operators "on behalf of the anthracite operators," and by the committee of seven of the miners "on behalf of the representatives of the anthracite mine workers."

GUILTY OF HORSE THIEVING.

Albert Fuller, Tried in Kingston, Desired in Eight States.

KINGSTON, April 28.—It took a jury 20 minutes today to find Albert Fuller, alias William Albert Keyser, guilty of horse thieving. The Fuller trial was held in the superior court here, and has attracted considerable attention, owing to the fact that the defendant is said to be desired in eight different states, for the total theft of some 73 horses.

You never can know the convenience of a Checking-Account until you have tried one.

Whenever you feel disposed to test the matter we shall be glad to supply you with the necessary books, blanks and information.

NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK.

38 Washington Square.

SAVINGS BANK OF NEWPORT.

INCORPORATED A.D. 1819.

Deposits April 17, 1909, **$7,794,506.19**

Deposits April 17, 1908, **$7,466,560.35**

TELEPHONE 1095.

Hornblower & Weeks,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

33 Bellevue Avenue.

Investment Securities.

George F. Cozzens Manager. **Wires to All Principal Cities.**

MORGAN'S GARAGE,

PHONE 629. OLD BEACH ROAD.

Having a number of Automobiles of various sizes, is now making Special Rates for various Trips:—

	Per Person.	No less rate than
Ocean Drive and Ochre Point	$1.00	$2.00
St. George's School to or from any Depot or Dock	.75	1.00
Any Depot or Dock to Bailey's Beach	.25	1.00
Stone Bridge House and return	2.00	5.00
Ocean Drive, Beaches, Indian Avenue, Vanderbilt Estates, returning on Broadway	2.00	3.00
By the Hour, speed about 14 miles per hour	1.00	3.00
Shopping per Hour or Part	1.00	
Visiting per Hour or Part	$1.00	
Waiting per Hour or Part	1.00 minimum 25c.	

Special rates Narragansett Pier, Fall River, Seaconnet, Fairhaven, Providence, Mansfield and Boston on application.

Garage, Repair Shop, Vulcanizing, Auto genous Welding, Electric Charging, etc.

CHURCH TOO CONSERVATIVE.

Prestige Suffers Because of Over-Timidity in Social Progress.

BOSTON, April 28.—Regret that the Episcopal church has not taken a more conspicuous part in the restriction of the liquor traffic was expressed by the committee on social progress and the state of the church in its report submitted to the one hundred and twenty-fourth annual convention of the diocese of Massachusetts, held in the parish house of Trinity Church today. The committee expressed the opinion that there is no need for difference, however much Christian men may differ as to the proper measures for reform. It is regretted that in the great wave of successful antagonism to the saloon which has swept over America churchmen (Episcopalians) have not taken a more conspicuous part, and that the church's prestige has suffered in consequence of an over-timid conservatism.

The committee also considered infant mortality in textile cities, this subject having been brought to its attention as a result of a high death rate among infants in Fall River. This report had been prepared for the committee by Professor C. E. A. Winslow. One of Professor Winslow's conclusions is that, so far as Fall River is concerned, its high rate of infant mortality might be lessened by a better milk supply, and he recommended the introduction of well-managed milk stations. For the state at large he recommended day nurseries, women visitors equipped with a general knowledge of the hygiene of infancy, and a good milk station.

The convention was called to order by Bishop William Lawrence at 9 o'clock, followed by a celebration of the Holy Communion in the church. The sermon was by Rev. William Harmon Van Alen, rector of the Church of the Advent, Boston, and president of the Massachusetts Church Union (Episcopal). Following the church service, the convention re-assembled and balloted for members of the cathedral chapter and diocesan officer.

MASSAGE AND CHIROPODIST.

DR. J. MOON, CHIROPODIST and MASSAGE,

Corns, Bunions and Ingrowing Nails Treated without pain.

Newton Bldg. Room 5 Cor. Pelham & Thames St. **25c.88.** Office Hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Engagements by appointments

DR. E. C. HOLLOWAY. Foot Specialist and Electrolysian. Ingrowing Nails, Warts removed. Massage. Tel. 341. Hair Moles and Treatment painless. Open evenings. Office 79 Spring St.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At a bargain. Pope Waverly electric runabout, perfect condition, or will exchange for horse and runabout. Box 22, Daily News Office.

PEERLESS CARS FOR SALE. 1908 Peerless "30" Touring Car, overhauled and repainted; has appearance of never having been used; full equipment, Jones speedometer, spare seats in tonneau, gas headlights, top, envelope, etc. Price $3,000. 1908 Peerless "30" New York Show Car, with touring and exhibition limousine body; has electric enunciator, Jones combination speedometer and clock. Full lamp and top equipment. Price $3,750. 1906 Peerless "30," recently repainted and overhauled, complete with speedometer and general equipment. Flint Motor Car Co., PACKARD Dealers, Washington & Aborn Sts. Providence, R. I.

RUSTIC SCRAGS. 8 to 12 feet long, very fine, to close out at $1.25 each. Newport Coal Company.

FOR SALE—21-ft. Knockabout "Jacow." Inquire of Williams and Manchester, Ship Yard.

FOR SALE. Peckham homestead, Almy court.

W. G. Peckham, 1809 Hudson Terminal N. Y.

The Newport Journal

AND WEEKLY NEWS. Is especially adapted to mailing.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before May 15th

In our Participation Account draws interest from May 1st.

UNDER THE SAME LAWS.

The Investments of Savings Banks and Trust Companies are now under the same laws and restrictions.

With a Capital and Surplus of over $6,000,000 We solicit your business.

INDUSTRIAL TRUST COMPANY,

NEWPORT BRANCH,

Office with

Newport Trust Company.

OUR STEEL-LINED SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS

Are Absolutely Fire Proof.

A box of sufficient size to hold a large number of papers and documents may be rented in our steel-lined vaults at the moderate rate of $5 per year.

AQUIDNECK NATIONAL BANK,

286 Thames Street.

FINANCIAL

NEW YORK, April 28. Wall Street—The stock market opened strong, with Amalgamated Copper at 75⅞, American Smelting 89, American Locomotive 55¾, Atchison 109, Baltimore & Ohio 114, Brooklyn Transit 77⅝, Canadian Pacific 176, Chesapeake & Ohio 75⅞, Erie 30½, Great Northern preferred 145¾, Kansas City preferred 75¾, Missouri, Kansas & Texas 43⅝, National Lead 88⅝, New York Central 129¾, Pennsylvania 135⅝, Reading 144½, Rock Island 29½, St. Paul 149⅝, Sugar 132½, Southern Pacific 119¾, Southern Railway 25¾, Union Pacific 187⅞ and 187⅝, United States Steel 51 to 51⅝, United States Steel preferred 115¾ and Wabash preferred 48⅞.

10—Opening prices of stocks showed good gains, the advances over last night ranging from a large fraction to a point in the principal trading stocks. Seven thousand shares of United States Steel sold at 51 and 51⅝, compared with 50⅞ last night. American Locomotive rose 1⅞. Union Pacific, Reading, Baltimore & Ohio, Rock Island preferred and Great Northern preferred 1, and Southern Pacific, Canadian Pacific, Brooklyn Transit and American Smelting large fractions.

11—After an interval of quiet, in which prices were maintained, the market became active, and nearly all stocks sold higher. The demand was mostly for the railroad list and a sprinkling of the metal stocks. Wisconsin Central was lifted 3 points. Lackawanna, an exception, opened 18 points lower, at 662, and Hocking Coal yielded 2½.

Noon—Money on call, steady, at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½ to 4 per cent. A lively demonstration in the Gould stocks held prices against realizing sales which opposed the advance above previous high levels in the general list. St. Louis Southwestern preferred was lifted 2¾, Wabash preferred 1¾, Western Union 2, and other members of the group a point or more. When the Goulds came to a pause prices fell back a fraction, and the trading became very quiet. Bonds were firm.

[Furnished by Hornblower & Weeks, —23 Bellevue Ave.]

April 28, 1909.

	Closing.
Allis-Chalmers	15⅜
Amalgamated Cop.	76⅞
Am Car & Foundry	50½
Am Can Pfd.	79¼
Am Cotton Oil	58
Am Locomotive	55⅜
Am Smelt & Ref.	85½
Am Woolen	33⅜
Am Sugar	132¾
Am H & L Pfd.	40¼
Am Ice	29⅜
Anaconda Min'g	45⅞
Atch Top & San Fe	109⅜
Atlantic Coast Line	127
Baltimore & Ohio	114⅞
B'kln Rap Trans	77¼
Canadian Pacific Ry	176½
Chesapeake & Ohio	76¼
Chic Great Western	1⅝
Chic Gt West pfd	5⅜
Chic Mil & St Paul	150¼
Chic & North western	180
Col Fuel & Iron	79
Consolidated Gas	137⅝
Corn Products	22¼
Denver & Rio Grande	52
Distillers Securities	38⅜
Erie	30⅞
Erie 1st pfd	46⅞
Erie 2d pfd	38⅝
General Electric	156
Great Northern pref	144⅜
Gt Northern Ore	69½
Interbor Met	15⅜
do pref	45
Mexican Central	23⅞
Mo Kan & Tex	43⅜
Missouri Pacific	71
National Lead	88⅜
N Y Cent & Hudson	130¼
N Y Ontario & West	49½
Norfolk & Western	91⅞
Northern Pacific Ry	144⅜
Pennsylvania R R	135⅞
Pressed Steel Car	37⅜
Kansas City	45⅜
Reading	146⅞
Republic Iron & Stl	21⅞
Rock Island	29½
Southern Pacific	120⅞
So Ry	29
Texas & Pacific	31
Union Pacific	188⅜
Utah Copper	47⅜
U S Rubber	33
U S Steel	51⅞
U S Steel pref	115⅜
Va-Carolina Chem	48½
Wabash	18⅝
Wis. Central	53½

BOSTON MARKET

Atlantic	10⅜
Boston Con	12⅞
Copper Range	77
Cal & Hecla	605
Greene Copper	10⅜
E. Butte	15⅜
Miami	11⅞
Mohawk	60
North Butte	61
Mass Gas	61
Osceola	130
Parrot	13
Isle Royale	26
Shoe Mach.	54½
Trinity	13⅜
U S Fruit	131½
Utah Cons	39⅞
Shannon	15⅞
1st National	5⅜
Swift	103⅞
Franklin	15½
Am Tel & Tel	141
Old Dominion	60½
N Y N H & H	170½
B & M	146⅞
U S Sm Ming	44⅜

FINANCIAL.

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Beats them all for cooking, for abundance of hot water and economy of fuel.

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They never depreciate in value but enhance from year to year. Some people think they CAN'T AFFORD to buy a diamond. The truth is they can't afford not to buy one if they wish to have something they can always realize on.

We have the largest selection of mounted and unmounted diamonds in the city. They are all reasonably priced, and many of them great bargains.

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6-10 inch Single Records,
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SOCIETY NOTICES.

Advertisements under this head are inserted for one cent a word cash with the order. Notices should reach the office before noon.

WEENAT SHASSIT TRIBE, No 6. The Adoption Degree will be worked Wednesday evening, April 28. Frank D. Scott.

WITH AQUIDNECK GRANGE.

Members of Newport County Pomona, Patrons of Husbandry, Guests in Middletown.

The regular meeting of Newport County, Pomona Grange, No. 4, Patrons of Husbandry, which was postponed from last week on account of the heavy rain took place Tuesday, at the Middletown town hall, where the members were entertained by Aquidneck Grange.

The morning session, which terminated at 12:30, was devoted to business, Worthy Master Joseph A. Peckham of Middletown presiding. Reports from the five granges of the country showed them to be all in flourishing condition and holding regular meetings. Of these, Nonquit Grange, Tiverton, was represented by its master, Mrs. Helen A. Wilcox; Portsmouth Grange by a member of its executive committee, Mr. I. Lincoln Sherman; Aquidneck Grange, Middletown, by its master Mr. N. Horace Peckham, and Conanicut Grange, Jamestown, by its overseer, Mr. George Howland. While Little Compton Grange was not represented by delegates a good report was heard.

Of the Granges mentioned Aquidneck shows a membership of 180 and Nonquit 140.

Mr. Thomas Carr, of Jamestown, who was not present at the annual installation of officers in February, was installed as gate keeper by District Deputy George Howland of Jamestown. One new member was also received, after which a recess was declared and dinner was served.

The afternoon session was largely spent in a reading and discussion of the constitution and by-laws, which had recently been revised by a committee consisting of William S. Slocum of Newport and William Potter of Tiverton. The Newport County Pomona Grange received its charter in January, 1895, and nothing had been done to change the laws since, many of whose articles had become obscure. The committee was unusually efficient and in changing and adding to the articles examined with great care the laws governing the state and national Grange. The principal change made was to alter the time of meeting and to begin the meetings in January instead of February, and from then on to hold them on alternate months.

The lecturer's hour, which was an open meeting permitted the attendance of a number of visitors. The program opened with the "Warbler's Serenade" on a large Victor machine, loaned by the worthy master. It was operated by his wife, Mrs. Ella R. F. Peckham. The roll-call which followed was "Signs of Spring" and included short items of interest on this subject. During and following the readings, the musical selections, "The Teddy Bear's Picnic" and "The Clock Store," were given. The overseer, Mrs. Charles Potter, gave an entertaining account of a Massachusetts County Grange which she had visited, Old Colony Pomona of Westport, Mass., which was held with Oak Hill Grange, Attleboro.

A debate, "What constitutes happiness," was opened by the two leaders, Mr. Charles H. Ward of Middletown and Mrs. Ermina A. Farnum of Jamestown. The subject was sub-divided as follows: "Is happiness the result of what the world can give or is it the fruit of the spirit?" The discussion was entered into by nearly all present and it was decided that no real and lasting happiness can be secured without keeping the conscience clear. It was also resolved that people often are happy and do not realize the fact owing to continual reaching out for something more. The program was concluded with the solo, "The Clang of the Forge."

During the departure of the guests, and also while dinner was in progress, many varied selections were given on the Victor. The town hall was decorated with flowering plants and ferns, and spring flowers. Among the out-of-town visitors were Mrs. Humphrey of East Providence, a member of the State Grange; Mrs. William Milne of Newport and Mrs. William Hughes of Portsmouth, also a number from Middletown.

The Newport County Grange will meet with Little Compton Grange in June.

CHANGE OF TRAINING STATION PAYMASTERS.

Passed Assistant Paymaster E. H. Cope, U. S. N., who has been at the Training Station since September 25, 1907, left last night for the Asiatic station, having been ordered to duty with the third squadron of the Pacific fleet, at Manila. He will be succeeded as commissary at the Station and in charge of the commissary school by Passed Assistant Paymaster Franklin P. Williams who has been commissary officer on board the West Virginia. Paymaster Cope will sail from San Francisco May 15 on the Buffalo for Manila.

BOOM IRISH HOME-GOING.

"Ireland for the Irish, 1910—meet me at Kilkenny." With this as their slogan, the friends of the proposed "Irish home-going" of the sons and daughters of Erin to make the pilgrimage to Ireland than for an industrial revival of that country. Among those who are aiding the movement is Richard Croker.

The principal motive underlying the proposed pilgrimage is the development of the natural resources of Ireland and the upbuilding of its industries. It is said that Irishmen, who have made successes in the United States, can carry back to Ireland ideas relative to government, manufacture, commerce and capital, which may be employed there to the advantage of Ireland.

Frank J. Kilkenny inaugurated the movement. Fifteen years ago Kilkenny landed in the United States and is now confidential clerk to the comptroller of the currency. Within a short time he hopes to establish national headquarters, with branches of the Irish home-going movement in the principal cities of the country.

COLONEL FRANK P. KING.

Member of Artillery Company for Many Years Now in Command.

Promotions Made at One Hundred and Sixty-Eighth Annual Election of Officers.

The one hundred and sixty-eighth annual election of officers of the Newport Artillery Tuesday evening resulted as follows:

Colonel—Frank P. King.
Lieutenant Colonel—Arthur A. Sherman.
Major—Robert C. Ebbs.
Captain—William Knowe.
Adjutant—William E. Braley.
Quartermaster—James W. Thompson.
Surgeon—Christopher F. Barker, M. D.
Paymaster—Henry H. Hayden.
Assistant Surgeon—Henry H. Luther.
Commissary—Silas H. Hazard.
Chaplain—Rev. Emery H. Porter, D. D.
Inspector of Rifle Practice—Robert Patterson, Jr.
Assistant Paymaster—Clarence A. Peabody.
First Sergeant—William J. Dawley.
Second Sergeant—Louis F. Snell.
Third Sergeant—Arthur Power.
Fourth Sergeant—Marshall C. Rogers.
Fifth Sergeant—Ernest Darling.

This list of officers is a material change from that of the last year, only six of the staff and one of the non-

COLONEL FRANK P. KING.

commissioned officers remaining in the positions they have occupied. Those who retain their former positions are Surgeon Barker, Assistant Surgeon Luther, Commissary Hazard, Chaplain Porter, Assistant Paymaster Peabody and First Sergeant Dawley. Fourth Sergeant Snell and Fifth Sergeant Power are advanced to second and third sergeant respectively.

The other changes are due to the retirement of officers of long standing. Colonel Robinson retires after five years' service as commanding officer of the company and Lieutenant Colonel King is advanced to the head of the organization. Major Frank S. Patterson retires after a long and active membership in various official positions, and Captain Sherman is advanced two ranks by the promotion of Lieutenant Colonel King and the retirement of Major Patterson. Quartermaster Ebbs and Sergeant Major Knowe, after many years of service in the company, are advanced to the line. Captain and Adjutant Chester L. Wyman, after a short term retires and his place is taken by Sergeant Braley. Sergeant Thompson is advanced to the important office of quartermaster, in place of Lieutenant Ebbs, promoted. Lieutenant J. J. Peckham retires from the duties of inspector of rifle practice after several years of excellent service and Musician Robert Patterson, Jr., was elected, on nomination of Lieutenant Peckham.

Of the new officers, Colonel King has been a member of the company 16 years, Lieutenant Colonel Sherman enlisted May 6, 1902, Major Ebbs has a service dating since May 1, 1892, Adjutant Braley has been a member since March 26, 1905. Quartermaster Thompson since February 8, 1905 and Inspector of Rifle Practice Patterson is serving a second enlistment, dated February 26, 1907, although having had a previous service of several years in the company.

Colonel Frank P. King was elected a member of the Newport Artillery June 15, 1887 and served five years on the active roll. He was transferred to the fine roll in 1892 and re-enlisted May 18, 1898, at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war. At the next annual meeting he was elected inspector of rifle practice with rank of lieutenant, and April 24, 1899 was chosen quartermaster. April 29, 1902, he was elected adjutant with the rank of first lieutenant, and two years later adjutant with the rank of captain. October 29, 1907, on the retirement of Lieutenant Colonel Cooper, he was elected lieutenant colonel.

As adjutant and lieutenant colonel under Colonel Robinson, who was frequently absent from the city, much of the work in developing the organization has fallen upon him and has been performed in a satisfactory manner; so satisfactory, in fact, that there was not a single objection to his advancement to the full command of the company. Colonel King during his active service with the company has been prominent in the rifle teams, serving as captain of the undefeated team of 1896-7 and as a member of others which have won distinction for the organization. He has also been prominent in pistol shooting, making a record of 45 out of a possible 50 in the match with the members of the Providence Rifle Club.

Colonel King has been a deputy sheriff and keeper of the Newport County jail for several years. He is prominent in fraternal and social organizations in the city, being marshal of St. John's Lodge No. 1, A. F. and A. M.; lieutenant commander of Newport Tent, Knights of the Maccabees; keeper of records of Miantonomi Commandery, United Order of the Golden Cross, and a member of Newport Camp, Modern Woodmen of America, Weenat Shassit Tribe of Red Men, the Miantonomi Club, the Orpheus Male Singing Society, the Young Men's Republican Club of Newport, the Young Men's Republican Club of Rhode Island and the Providence Rifle Club. He is the thirty-sixth commanding officer of the Newport Artillery Company, his predecessors, with the dates of their service, being as follows:

Captains—Jahleel Brenton 1741 to 1747; William Mumford, to 1752; Daniel Ayrault, Jr., to 1770; Nathaniel Mumford, to 1775; John Malbone, to August 1, 1792; Francis Malbone, to June 4, 1800; Benjamin Fry, to April 27, 1813.

Colonels—Benjamin Fry, to 1815; Christopher G. Champlin, to 1818; Richard K. Randolph, to 1824; John B. Lyon, to 1825; Henry Y. Cranston, to 1828; James Hoon, Jr., to 1829; Peleg Clarke, to 1831; Nicholas G. Boss, to 1832, S. Ayrault Robinson, to 1837; William H. Swan, to 1845; Christopher G. C. Perry, to 1854; Thomas B. Carr, to December 1, 1858; Charles W. Turner, to December 11, 1860; George W. Tew, to April 30, 1861; William H. Fludder to August 12, 1861; George W. Tew, to April 29, 1862; William A. Stedman to April 25, 1866; John Hare Powel, to November 15, 1877; Augustus P. Sherman, to 1879; George R. Fearing, to 1882; George H. Vaughn to 1882; Jeremiah W. Horton, to 1891, Addison Thomas, to 1894; Alvin A. Barker, to November, 1898; Henry C. Stevens, Jr., to April, 1899; Herbert Bliss, to April 1900; John D. Richardson, to April, 1904; Charles L. F. Robinson, to April 1909.

MASONIC HALL, PORTSMOUTH.

RETIRES FROM BUSINESS.

A. Russell Manchester Withdraws from Active Connection With the Pinniger & Manchester Company.

A change has recently been made in the personnel of one of the best known business firms in Newport, which has existed since 1871. Mr. A. Russell Manchester has retired from active service with the Pinniger & Manchester Company, after 38 years in the coal business. Mr. Manchester, with David T. Pinniger, under the firm name of Pinniger & Manchester, commenced business in the spring of 1871 on Perry Mill wharf, and that business has been continued in the same locality to the present time, the only change being in the office. This for many years was in a small building on the north side of the wharf, near Thames street, having been moved a few years ago to the old Bank of Rhode Island building, which was

A. RUSSELL MANCHESTER.

moved to the corner of the wharf when the Newport Trust Company building was formed. Another change was the incorporation of the Pinniger & Manchester Company in 1904, since which time Mr. Manchester has been the company's treasurer.

The present officers of the company are David T. Pinniger, president; William H. Clarke, treasurer, and A. R. Manchester, secretary. In this position Mr. Manchester will have no active connection with the daily business of the company, being only secretary for such corporation meetings as may be held. Mr. Pinniger will continue at the head of the business and Mr. Clarke, who has been employed by the firm since a boy as clerk and has been a member of the corporation since its establishment, will be found in his old place. Mr. Manchester will be missed by a large circle of friends and patrons of the company.

ORDERS TO NAVAL OFFICERS.

Commander C. H. Harlow, has been detached from duty at the naval station at Guantanamo, Cuba, and ordered to the naval medical school hospital, Washington, for treatment.

Lieutenant F. V. McNair, has been ordered to the work of the Fore River Ship Building Company at Quincy, Mass., for duty in connection with submarines Nos. 13 to 19.

Ensign E. G. Oberlin has been detached from the Kansas, and ordered home and granted leave for one month.

Chief Gunner F. T. Applegate has been ordered to the Third squadron, Pacific fleet.

Chief Gunner C. Hierdahl is ordered to the navy yard, Puget Sound.

Gunner J. A. Martin is ordered to the navy yard, Washington.

Pharmacist W. Brack is ordered to the navy yard, Norfolk.

Heirs of George Bowen.

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Goods received any day except Thursday, from 9 to 5. We buy household goods and pay cash, or will sell your goods at the room or at your home. Goods at private sale also a dry and safe storage room at reasonable rates.

W. F. ADAMS, Auctioneer.

HENDERSON BEQUEST ACCEPTED

[Continued from Third Page.]

propriated. The former came up first.

Mr. Dyer opposed additional appropriation for this work, saying there is a margin of only $16,000 and this is likely to be needed for other matters. Mr. Lucas agreed with Mr. Dyer, but said a committee of experts should look over the City Hall and see what changes are needed. In his opinion many are required and they would cost money. The Council chamber, for example, is not suited for the meeting of the Council.

The resolution appropriating $2,500 additional was lost and the resolution directing the board to proceed with as much work as can be done for $1,500 was passed.

From the Committee of Ten came a resolution appropriating $100 for the expenses of the committee, if it is found necessary to go away to learn how business is being done elsewhere. Captain Cotton explained that the committee had been sub-divided and is looking into matters. It was thought that it might be necessary to have some sub-committees go away to learn some things, and it did not seem right to ask the members to pay their car fare.

Mr. Dyer thought the committee could obtain all the information it required at home. Mr. Tanner supported the appropriation, Mr. J. B. Sullivan opposed the appropriation, because he did not believe it necessary to go away. If it was required for clerical work in town he was not opposed to it, as he thought the committee should not be hampered in its work for $100. Mr. Pitman thought the appropriation a small one, considering the importance of the work to be done. Mr. Cotton said it seemed inevitable that the committees would be called upon to go away to learn how some things are being done elsewhere.

Mr. Lucas agreed partially with Messrs. Cotton and Sullivan. The world is moving and if it is desired to have the city government up to date it is necessary to see what is being done elsewhere. $100 was too small to make much of a junket for ten men, and there is a great deal of information to be secured. The city has been run in an old-fashioned rut and should be brought up to date.

Mayor Boyle said if the committee wished to go away the resolution under which it was created should be amended to give it that power; under the resolution it is authorized only to work in Newport. The resolution was read and showed that the committee was authorized to work only in Newport, to look into the matter of carrying on city business and make recommendations thereon.

The resolution was then passed, and the appropriation was made, 55 ayes to 42 noes.

The tax-assessors recommended that taxes erroneously assessed against the Nina Lynette Home for the aged, $169.20 for 1907 and $183.30 for 1908, and against Edward N. Austin, $10.40 for 1908, be remitted, and that taxes against the George Kelley heirs, $7.80, and against devisees of David Read, $9.10, be charged to the estates, as they had been for years. The report was received.

Mr. Murphy suggested that it had taken the assessors a long time to find that the taxes against the Nina Lynette Home were illegally assessed, and asked why this had not been reported before. It had been allowed to go three years before being brought up. There was no response to this query and the Council voted to remit the taxes against the Nina Lynette Home and against E. N. Austin.

On the question of charging taxes to estates Dr. Brackett had something to say. It is a continuance of a practice which seemed a bad one. It virtually means the abandonment of the taxes in question by the city. It is evident that there are other taxes charged to these estates. If they extend over six years they cannot be collected, and if the property is sold the city can recover from the new owner only taxes for two years. It is a bad practice, in his opinion, and should not be allowed to go on indefinitely. That is the way the Council felt, for it voted not to charge these taxes to the estates.

From the Board of Aldermen came a resolution appropriating $185 for hiring playgrounds for the children. Mr. Murphy asked what grounds were to be hired and the city clerk said the same as last year. Mr. O'Henley said the lot hired from Mr. Schultz is not available, and Mr. Friend said the conditions would prevail regarding the lot hired from Mrs. Corridon. The resolution was laid on the table, not that the Council is opposed to playgrounds, but it desires to know where the money is going.

Mr. Carr, from the committee on sewering the Gibbs Avenue district, reported, recommending the establishment of a pumping station on the lot to be given the city at the corner of Eustis avenue and Water Works road, and connecting this with the Powel Avenue sewer, at a cost of $8,500. The report was received and the accompanying resolution making an appropriation of $8,500 therefore was laid on the table.

Mr. W. H. Langley said he had requested a report from the street commissioner on the cost of repairs to the pavement on Broadway and Spring street to be made at this meeting. Street Commissioner Sullivan reported that he had a man here from the builders of the pavement, who gave a verbal estimate of $10,000 for the repairs. He would not give it in writing.

Mr. Murphy suggested that the last vote showed no quorum, but the chair ruled that enough did not vote to make the quorum.

Mr. Langley said he thought the Council should take action on this matter. Here is a pavement which cost $44,000. A year ago it could have been repaired for $5,000; this year it will cost $10,000; if something is not done it will all be gone by next winter. In his opinion the Committee of Twenty-Five had been negligent in not making some provision for the care of this pavement.

Mr. J. B. Sullivan seconded Mr. Langley's idea. The pavement is becoming dangerous and something ought to be done.

Mr. Dyer said there is a margin of $15,000 available, and he thought no better use could be made of some of it than to repair this pavement. He was surprised that the Committee of Twenty-five had not taken some action. If the cost is only $8,000 to the city, it seemed cheap to save the entire pavement.

The chairman suggested that a motion to make the appropriation was in order, to bring the matter before the Council, and Mr. Sullivan moved that $8,000 be appropriated for repairs to the pavement, the street commissioner having stated that the other $2,000 would come from the railroads.

Dr. Squire spoke from his own experience on the great need of repairs to the pavement.

Mr. Fearing said Newport's streets are one of her chief assets and the pavement on those streets when put in was one of the best in the country. It has been neglected, however, and is in bad condition. Had it been attended to as soon as it needed attention the cost of repairs would have been light, now it is heavy. It is the same way with other streets. In Europe small holes in the roads are attended to as soon as they develop and the roads are kept in good condition all the time at little cost.

Mr. McLeod said he was on the Committee of Twenty-Five the past two years. The city was held up for $5,000 for repairs last year, and this year it was held up for $10,000 for these repairs. The committee was of the opinion that this was out of proportion to the work to be done and that repairs could be made by the city at much less cost.

Mr. Franklin said that if the city has a patent pavement that is no reason for abandoning it or not having it repaired. Any one can see the holes in the pavement grow from day to day.

Street Commissioner Sullivan said he thought the repairs could be made with tarvia, so that the roadway would be all right. He and others had been keeping certain roads under inspection and there is one at Narragansett Pier which has held well.

Mr. Fearing said that under the resolution it is not necessary to have Warren Brothers do the work, if it could be done by the city.

Mr. Dyer moved to amend by making the appropriation read "or as much as may be necessary." This was done and the Council then passed the resolution.

City Solicitor Levy suggested that when the Council adjourn it do so subject to the call of the chair. He had learned that the legislature had passed an act in regard to tuberculosis homes which might make it necessary for the Council to be called together in a short time to take action on the home.

The Council then adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

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Burlingham's Auction Room,

83 MILL STREET.

SALE THURSDAY, April 29,

10 A. M.

Lot goods from Berkeley Ave, consisting of two large Round Dining Tables, 10 Carved Dining Chairs, five Hair Mattresses, large Mirror (about 6 ft. by 7), pair Elk's Horns, Brass Andirons and Fender, Iron Andirons, some good Sofa Frames, Awning recovered, new lot Silver Plate, two beautiful Corner Brackets, Satinwood Vases etc. Also new Mattings, Pictures, Rugs, Oil Cloth, Enamel Beds and other goods.

Inspection Wednesday.

W. F. ADAMS, Auctioneer.

Furniture at Auction

FRIDAY, APRIL 30,
At 10 o'clock A. M.
At Cottage, 43 Chapel St.,
(Two minutes from cars on Bath road)

I will sell the entire contents of house, consisting of handsome Oak Dining Set, (round, clawfoot table and 6 leather-covered chairs) Quartered Oak Buffet Sideboard, Leather-Covered Couch, Ice Chest, Crawford Range, 7x9 large D. B. Rug, Parlor Set, Parlor Rug, Mahogany Rockers, Bed Lounge, Singer (Drop Head) Machine, Tables, Clocks, Mirrors, Bric-a-Brac, Brass Andirons and Fender, two Brass Beds, three Enamel Beds, Natural Springs, Combination Mattresses, Oak Chiffoniere, Lace Curtains, Kitchen Utensils, Crockery, etc. All in first class order, in use but a short time.

House will be open at 9 o'clock A. M. for inspection.

FRED W. GREENE, Auct'r.

Restaurant Fixtures at Auction,

At Mannel's Restaurant and Pool Room, 28 Touro St. (next to Opera House),
SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 1st,
AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.

Will be sold 1 Range, Gas Stove, large Heating Stove, Dishes and Cooking Utensils, 2 Counters, Showcase, Gas Fixtures, Hot Water Boiler, Piping, 2 Coffee Urns, etc., etc.

FRED W. GREENE, Auct'r.

Cows at Auction.

I will sell at Public Auction at my Place on Wapping Road, Middletown, R.I.,

Tuesday, May 4,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.

(If fair, if not the next fair day.)

4 New Milch Cows with Calves, a lot of Plymouth Rock Hens, 1 set of Double Harness, 1 2-Horse Lumber Wagon in good order, 1 2-Horse Tip Cart, lot of Hay in barn and other articles.

J. OVERTON PECKHAM.

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The Bronze Bell, by Louis Joseph Vance.
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The Girl and the Bill, by Bannister Merwin.
JUNGLE-JANGLE, by Peter Newell.

"A big mighty hunter is hot on the trail;
But he'll shiver an' shake with the blues,
An' tumble a wintersault off from the tail
When his teeth an' me optics he views."

We also have "Cutters for the Webster Pencil Sharpener."

DAILY NEWS BUILDING.

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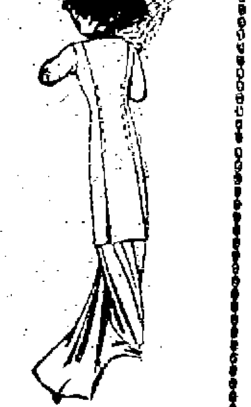

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This Extraordinary Suit Sale is at

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The tailoring is of that superior type so noticeable in a Lappin Store Garment. The lines are excellent, the models are of the newest designs for Spring and Summer, the hipless effect prevails, the colors are Navy, Greys, Greens and Browns. We have but 25 of these, so would advise your early selection if desirous of securing one at $12.98 or $15.00.

This cut represents one of our hand embroider'd Linen Waists at

$2.98 and $3.98.

Also Dutch Waists Special for Tuesday at

98c

Of extra fine tucked lawns, laundered Dutch collars and cuffs, with pockets; three-quarter length sleeves. This is a $1.49 value for, beginning Tuesday, at 98c. Don't wait if you want one of these.

L. W. Coudray.